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...E POST-DISPATCH. ...ovember 19.—Women hugged ...Lucy Parsons, the plucky lit- ...f the condemned Chicago an- ...ust Schlag's Hall, Fifth street, ...their anarchist husbands as ...hand bade her God-speed on ...erate the seven men who are ...of death in Chicago. It was ...rewell reception, as she leaves ...for Baltimore. She has an- ...nition to travel from city to ...the teachings of anarchism ...succeeds in saving their necks ...te. The anarchists showered ...the little woman and the ...she was seated was covered ...lings. One month ago Mrs. ...to their midst and she leaves ...Her lectures netted her $800 ...as collected by subscription. ...y, Mrs. Parsons said, will go ...ants of the needy families of ...anarchists, and the remainder ...defray the expenses of a new ...condemned men. Mrs. Parsons ...peech in which she said that ...visit them again her husband ...be with her. She would tell ...r husband's wrongs to the ...e American people and they ...the verdict of the "aristo- ...and the twelve gentlemen ...g and dancing followed the

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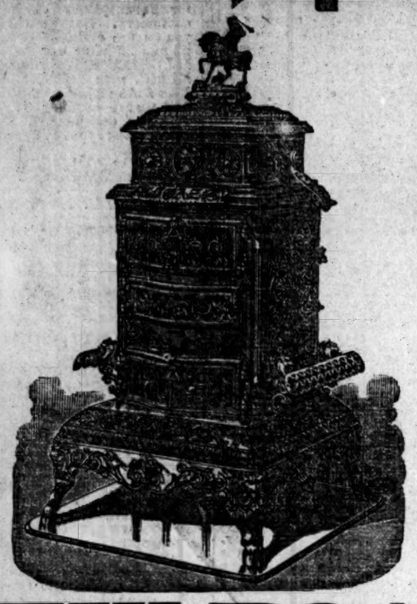

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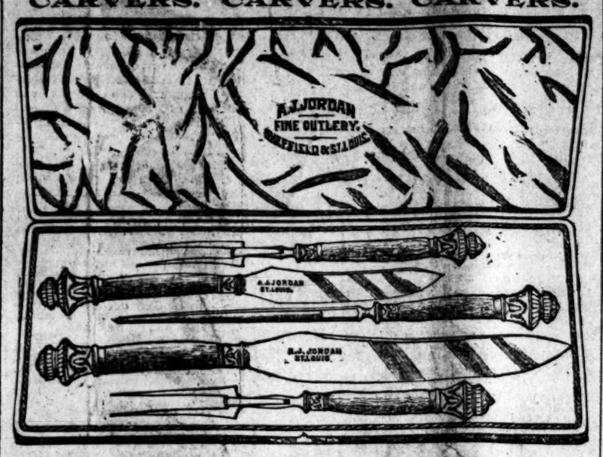

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LATEST EDITION

HICKS-BEACH'S BILL.

THE MEASURE CONSIDERED AT THE CABINET MEETING HELD YESTERDAY.

Hamilton's Supercession—The Socialistic Demonstration—London Badly Scared—Alleged Alliance of England, Austria, Hungary, Italy and Germany Against Russia and France—An Improbable Scheme—Kaulbars' Departure From Bulgaria—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, November 20.—Yesterday's Cabinet Council was the last at which Sir Michael Hicks-Beach will be present for some time, as he leaves immediately for Ireland. The local government bill, which he will introduce when Parliament meets, has now reached an advanced stage. It is the principal subject of discussion at present. The members of the Cabinet are not agreed as to the manner and extent in which its provisions shall apply to Ireland.

TO-MORROW'S DEMONSTRATION.

An immense gathering is expected in Trafalgar Square to-morrow. Most of the clubs in the neighborhood have issued notices forbidding the introduction of strangers during the day. The artillery rumor is at last officially denied, but it has only provoked general laughter and much anger. The feeling is almost universal that it was not so false as the authorities now want to make people believe. As the Standard says: "Either they recklessly allowed the mischievous statement of their alleged intentions to make headway for a day and a half without taking the trouble to set matters right, or they really did contemplate the threatening measures with which they were credited, but have withdrawn and modified them upon finding that they are too melo-dramatic for the occasion. Instead of inspiring awe, they have provoked murmurs from the 'stalls' and jeers from the 'gallery.'" There can be hardly two opinions as to which is the correct account.

THE AMERICAN MAIL CONTRACT.

Several columns of the Times are filled with correspondence and comment on the approaching end of the American mail contract, taking the view that the Postmaster-General has been guilty of extraordinary neglect in letting matters drift to this point. The Times says: "Unless a satisfactory arrangement for the carriage of the American mails is come to in the next few days, the Postmaster-General will probably have to endure a Parliamentary criticism of a kind more damaging than will be either agreeable to himself or satisfactory to the Government of which he is a member." There is, however, ground for believing that he has has been actuated by a desire to improve the service by crushing a powerful monopolist.

THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE.

The Imperial Institute Committee has decided that there shall be no show at South Kensington next year, and that some time before the end of 1887 the Queen or Prince of Wales shall lay the foundation stone of the Jubilee institution, in which they have decided to allow the exhibition of domestic manufactures. The site is not yet fixed. The institute will not be completed for four years.

IRVING'S "FAUST."

During this week a new scene of a very attractive kind has been added by Irving to his "Faust." It is, of course, of a weird, melodramatic character, and resembles the now famous Brocken scene. The addition has been received with great favor by the audiences.

LITERARY CHAT.

Browning has finished a new poem and has only to put the final touches to it. It is again a new departure, quite different from anything he has written before. The poem is 4,000 to 5,000 lines, all in rhyme, and consists of a prologue and epilogue. Each is a poem of some extent, and seven intermediate sets of verses. It can well be out by Christmas.

Walter Scott will soon commence a new series of monthly monographs, entitled "Great Writers," each volume to consist of a criticism and biography of some eminent author, with a full bibliography of the author's work. Eric Robertson will edit the series. William Rossetti, Hall Caine, Richard Garnett, Joseph Knight and Austin Dobson are among the first authors to be treated. Anderson of the British Museum is preparing the bibliographies.

Macmillan will publish immediately "Sir Philip Sidney" by Symmonds; Lord Selborne's defense of the Church of England against disestablishment, with an autograph letter to Gladstone, and also Freeman's second course of lectures at Oxford.

Stepniak is said to be engaged on a novel of Russian life.

Elliott Stock is about to issue a monthly record of the prices realized for rare books at auctions.

The first edition of Max O'Rell's new book, "Drat the Boys," will be issued immediately. The first number of Murray's Magazine, which will appear December 15, will contain unpublished fragments from Byron. Matthew Arnold will probably contribute to it.

"Madame Tabby's Establishment," recently issued by Macmillan, is said to be the work of a daughter of the author of "Tom Brown's School Days."

Jessie Greenwood, whose book "Moon Maiden" is just issued by the same publisher, is a daughter of the editor of the St. James Gazette.

The second volume of Hyppes' "History of Modern Europe" will be published by Cassell next week.

A new "Life of Ivan Tourgueneff," extending into three volumes, is promised early next year by Berlin publishers. The author is said to be Dr. E. Tewenfeldt, editor of the Nord und Sud.

Sir Arthur Sullivan and W. S. Gilbert have nearly completed their new opera for the Savoy Theater. It has an Eastern subject. It only lacks such finishing touches as a rehearsal may suggest. It is underlined for production early in January.

HAMILTON'S SUPERCESSION.

An Alleged Alliance Against Russia and France—Big War Scare.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, November 20.—The supercession of Hamilton is fully confirmed. The subject has provoked a bitter deal between the Liberal and Conservative press.

THE SOCIALIST DEMONSTRATION.

It was stated yesterday morning the announcement of the use of artillery to-d pre- caution against Sunday's meeting is a fiction, nd the authorities have issued no order o he kind. The original statement, however, was made in precisely the same form as official military and police news always takes.

IMPORTANT, IF TRUE.

An extraordinary dispatch appears in the Dublin Nation, the property of Lord Mayor Sullivan, in the form of special correspondence from Vienna. The explanation of its appearance in the Nation, it is said in Dublin, is that the information is derived from an ecclesiastical source. The correspondent alleges that a European coalition against Russia has been concluded and gives details of the joint action fully decided upon. The allies are England, Austria, Hungary, Italy and Germany. If Russia should declare war the plan of action is for Austria to occupy the Black Sea, while Germany makes ready a half-million men to watch the Polish frontier and come to the rescue in case of Austrian defeat. If Turkey joins the coalition, her integrity will be guaranteed and the cost of her armaments will be paid. If Turkey joins Russia or attempts to close the Bosphorus, the Balkan States and Greece will be supported by an Austrian army from Bosnia, in sweeping the Turks out of Europe. If France joins Russia 1,000,000 Germans will cross the frontier, and 200,000 Italians will watch the Alps. The reward of Italy will be the restoration of Nice and Savoy. The correspondent declares that so confident are the members of the coalition that their only fear is that the Czar will retreat instead of advancing. The whole influence of the Catholic church is said to be employed on its side. The correspondent adds that in case of hostilities between Germany and France, the march of German troops will be the German declaration of war, and if France is defeated again, she will be forbidden to fortify her frontiers, or have an army, on the principle of universal military service. This a very interesting story, but it is believed in the best informed circles here that it will turn out to be the work of imagination.

Bulgaria.

KAULBARS' DEPARTURE.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 20.—An official statement has been issued by the Russian Government explaining its action in recalling Gen. Kaulbars from Bulgaria. The document says: In consequence of insults to Russian subjects, and also to persons under the protection of Russia in Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia, Gen. Kaulbars has been compelled to notify M. Nacevics, Bulgarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, that he and all the Russian Consuls would leave the principality on the occasion of the first act of violence committed after said notification. On November 5, following, a fresh outrage was committed against a Russian cavass at Philippopolis, who was maltreated by soldiers and by a crowd of people armed with sticks, and was brought to the Russian Consulate insensibie. Gen. Kaulbars, learning that the attack on this cavass had been made by order of the military authorities, demanded the dismissal of the local Brigadier-General and Prefect, who were responsible, and the punishment of those who participated in the attack. He also demanded that the Russian who had been injured should receive the customary salute and reparation, and notified the Bulgarian Government that unless his demands were complied with he would depart on November 17. M. Nacevics having neither replied to the demands of Gen. Kaulbars nor given the satisfaction required, Gen. Kaulbars and all the Russian Consuls in Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia have been ordered to leave to-day.

HAS NO POLITICAL SIGNIFICANCE.

PARIS, November 20.—Premier De Freycinet has informed the French Cabinet that Gen. Kaulbars has placed the Russian subjects who remain in Bulgaria, under the protection of the French diplomatic agent at Sofia and the French consuls in Bulgaria. M. de Freycinet added that Gen. Kaulbars' action, in so doing, had no political significance.

THE SLIVNITZNA CELEBRATION.

SOFIA, November 20.—The regents sent a telegram to Prince Alexander of Hesse, expressing regret that his son, Prince Alexander, was not among them to celebrate and solemnize the first anniversary of his victory over the Servians at Slivnitzna. He responded, congratulating the Bulgarians on the event, and assured them that he also regretted his son's absence. The regents also telegraphed to Prince Alexander deploring his absence "from the people who loved him and who would never forget the merits and sacrifices of their leader and defender of their country."

NOT A RETREAT.

BRUSSELS, November 20.—The Nord, the Russian organ published here, says: "The departure of Gen. Kaulbars from Bulgaria does not signify Russian retreat from the country, but simply a rupture of Russian relations with Bulgaria. Russia does not relinquish her interests or her special international rights in Bulgaria.

England.

LORD SALISBURY.

LONDON, November 20.—The Pall Mall Gazette withdraws the statement it made yesterday that the Marquis of Salisbury had changed his mind and arranged to remain in the city next Sunday and receive a deputation of unemployed workmen.

CHURCHILL'S SPEECH.

On the text of his speech to the London corporation, showing Radical tendencies on the question of local coal and wine duties, the Standard bitterly attacks Lord Randolph Churchill for doing what he can to discredit the Conservatives, especially in casting imputations on the property-owning classes as distinct from the working classes. It says: "If the unfortunate owners of property are to be bullied by Conservative finance ministers, as well as by Radical ministers, the prospect before them is gloomy indeed." The Standard fears that Lord Randolph has hitherto been judged with an excess of charity. The impression created by his latest effusion, it says, must be undone speedily, and the Conservatives will expect their leader to take the needful steps to disown in the name of the Cabinet the mischievous ideas promulgated by Churchill. The Pall Mall Gazette admires Lord Randolph's pluck in reproving friends as well as foes.

THE AMERICAN MAILS.

The Government has arranged with the Inman Steamship Company to take Tuesdays' American mails; with the North German Lloyd steamship line to take Thursdays', and with the Guion line to take Saturdays'. The German steamers are to wait at Southampton until Thursday night for the arrival of the mails for America. The vessels of the first and third named companies are to stop at Queenstown, and the Guion line are to use the Alaska and Arizona in carrying the mails under the new arrangement.

France.

AN AMERICAN ADVENTURESS.

PARIS, November 20.—An American adventuress, named Kate Bellmond alias Marquise Rose de la Salle, who has taken refuge in England, has been sentenced in default to two years' imprisonment for obtaining money under false pretenses by means of letters purporting to have been signed by Dr. Coffin, late Bishop of Southwark.

Austria.

GOLDMARK'S "MERLIN."

VIENNA, November 20.—Goldmark's opera, "Merlin," was produced here last evening and was well received. The house was crowded and the composer was repeatedly called before the curtain. The music is Wagnerian, with more tendency to contrapuntal effect. The opera hardly ranks as high or will meet with such success as Goldmark's "Queen of Sheba."

Russia.

THE SUGAR PRODUCTION.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 20.—The Czar has decided against compelling a reduction o the sugar production in order to improve grade.

BIG BLAZES.

DESTRUCTION OF A LARGE CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT IN CINCINNATI.

Marcus Fechheimer & Co. and Mack, Stadler & Co. Burned Out—A Close Call for the the Burnett House—Loss Nearly $700,000—Burning of the Hotel Bellevue and Forty Cottages at Cape May—A Business Block Burned at Springfield, Mo.—Fires Elsewhere.

CINCINNATI, November 20.—One of the most destructive fires that has occurred in a long time in Cincinnati started shortly before 3 o'clock this morning in the fourth story of the wholesale clothing house of Mack, Stadler & Co., No. 109 West Third street, immediately opposite the Burnet House. Almost immediately the flames found their way into the establishment of Marcus Fechheimer & Co., also wholesale clothiers, adjoining on the east. These are large six-story buildings in a closely-built section of the city, and with the high wind prevailing threatened from the beginning to make a disastrous conflagration. The Fire Department responded promptly, and its members performed heroic work in their daring battle with the flames, attested by the list of the wounded. One, a pipeman named John Clark, perched on a Hayes truck ladder high up in front of the burning structures, held his place until the falling cornice threatened to kill him. Even then he refused to come down, and his fellows pulled the truck away to save his life. His hands and face were blistered by the heat. The Burnet House guests were awakened, and gathered at the windows facing the fiery furnace, where they watched its progress, not without apprehension, but without panic. The Fire Department guarded as effectually as it could, and with great success, against the spread of the fire to adjoining buildings.

IN THE DEBRIS.

About 4 o'clock, when the fire was well under control, the floor gave way with some members of Fire Company No. 4, who were carried to the cellar. After great difficulty they were all rescued alive. They were Capt. Ed. Halstead, seriously but not fatally hurt; Capt. M. J. Higginson, also seriously injured, and pipemen Kuhn and Bushkamp not dangerously hurt. There was damage done to adjoining building, but it was not heavy. The loss of Mack, Stadler & Co. and Marcus Feehheimer & Co. on goods is total and will amount to between $200,000 and $300,000 each. The building belonged to Henry and Herman Mack, and to the Marcus Fechheimer estate. The loss on them is placed at $50,000 each. Both buildings and stocks were amply insured.

Business Block Burned.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., November 20.—The Onstott block, consisting of five wooden business stores and rooms, located between Water and Mill streets, and fronting on Jefferson street, this city, was entirely destroyed by fire at 5 o'clock this morning. One of the rooms was occupied by the owner, J. H. Onstott, as a business office and warehouse, and three rooms also as a storehouse for machinery and farm implements, while the fifth room was occupied by Wiley Middleton & Co. as a wholesale grocery store. Loss on building, $10,000; implements, $20,000. The insurance on the building is $5,000, and on stock of farm machinery, $10,000. Middleton's stock of groceries was insured for $3,750.

Big Blaze at Cape May Point.

CAPE MAY, N. J., November 20.—Fire was discovered about 1:30 o'clock this morning on the third floor of the Hotel Bellevue at Cape May Point. Assistance was sent from this city, but the entire structure was completely burned to the ground. About thirty cottages near by, four stores and a lumber-yard were also destroyed. Of the cottages about one-half were occupied, the others were occupied only in the summer season. The amount of the loss has not yet been estimated. The fire is supposed to be the act of an incendiary, as the Bellevue has not occupied for several months.

THE "FLYING DUTCHMAN."

Its Successful Production by the American Opera Company.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PHILADELPHIA, November 20.—The American Opera Company gave Wagner's "Flying Dutchman" at the Academy of Music last night, and fully demonstrated the ability of its members to meet the great requirements of a Wagner opera. Emma Juch, in the role of Senta, evoked storms of applause. She has never done anything better in this city than her beautiful rendition of this part. The final scene of the second act was given with intense dramatic fervor and charming richness of voice. William Ludwig, as the Dutchman, could not have been improved. He shared the honors in the grand duo of the second act and was called before the curtain with Miss Juch at its conclusion. Myron W. Whitney was in splendid voice and as Cap Dalauer made one of the hits of the performance.

C. M. Leumane, the new tenor, made a very admirable impression as the steersman, and Mr. Bassett sang the music of Erik with beautiful effect. The chorus and orchestra were well rehearsed, and at their best. The opera was splendidly staged, and the wonderful effect of the electricity in the storm scenes and the manipulation of the flying clouds were so realistic as to call forth tumultuous applause. The performance was in every respect an unqualified success, and general regret is felt that the company is billed for one week only.

For the matinee to-day the first performance of "Aida" is announced, with Mme. Fursch-Madi in the title role for her first appearance in English.

The Dominion.

MURDERERS RESPITED.

OTTAWA, Ont., November 20.—Peter Derose and J. Connelly, sentenced to be hanged in British Columbia on the 24th inst., have been respited to December 22, pending an investigation as to their sanity. Robert Maxwell, who was sentenced to be hanged at the same time, has had his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life. The prisoners were convicted of the murder of William Dillman, formerly of Nova Scotia, but latterly of Minneapolis.

THE NORTHWEST COUNCIL'S SCHEME.

WINNIPEG, Man., November 20.—The Northwest Council, previous to adjournment, appointed three of its members as a delegation to Ottawa in the interest of the scheme for forming Assiniboia, Alberta and Saskatchewan into one province.

Will Turn State's Evidence.

John Shaughenessy, a member of the Fire Department in house No. 23, has received a letter from Kate Dunn, who was held over by the Grand-jury on a charge of child stealing. In the letter the woman says she was compelled by her husband to take the child, and intimates that she will turn State's evidence in the case. The child, whom Mrs. Dunn is accused of stealing, is Joe Dolan, a son of P. J. Dolan of the Fire Department.

Will Be Bettered.

There is some chance at last of the local Signal office getting a better exposure for their instruments. The Merchants Exchange has taken the matter in hand and to-day was chairman of the Meteorological Committee, made a formal request on Chief Signal Officer Hazen for the erection of a new

LAKE DISASTERS.

THE SCHOONER MARIETTA GOES TO PIECES IN THURSDAY NIGHT'S STORM.

Loss of the Entire Crew—The Steamer Manistique Sunk With All Hands—Terrible Passage of the Schooner Annie Dall—Numerous Marine Disasters—An Estimate of the Loss of Vessels and Lives by the Recent Lake Casualties.

FRANKFORT, Mich, November 20.—The schooner Marietta of Racine went to pieces in Thursday's storm two miles south of here. C. W. Annis of Port Huron, a sailor, and the only survivor of the vessel, was washed ashore. He says the vessel was loaded at Oscoda with lumber for George Loud, her owner, and left for Chicago Sunday. The tow consisted of steam barge Manistique and the schooner Marinette and Menekaunee. The storm was at its height at midnight. At daylight the Manistique squared away for Manitou and the tow broke up at 2:30. The crew consisting of eight men and captain were lost. The stewardess Mary and her little daughter, aged 13, the pet of the crew, were both drowned. The crew according to the sailors' statement consisted of the captain, name unknown, Wm. Comfrey, "French John" of Alpena; C. W. Annis of Capetown, Norway; Mary and her daughter, Minnie, from Port Huron and another named John. The Menekaunee had a crew of seven—Capt. Cait, Motes, Dan Wheeler and John Colton, two young men, the cook, John, and Mike Johnson of Port Huron.

ANOTHER VESSEL WRECKED.

A three-masted schooner went to pieces Thursday night near here. One of her small boats washed ashore was named Menekaunee. A dead seaman had in his pocket a letter addressed Wm. Laurey, 131 Madison street, Chicago.

A Terrible Passage.

GRAND HAVEN, Mich., November 20.—The schooner Annie Dall made that harbor yesterday after a terrible passage of three days from Chicago. She left Chicago Tuesday, and after turning around was caught in the southwester and carried north as far as Point Betsy, whence she put about and came south to White Lake. She could not make port, but managed again to turn about in the plunging sea, which momentarily threatened to swallow the vessel and crew. She succeeded however, and again was flying before the wind in a northern course until she fetched up under Point Sauble, when she was again forced to run southward. The suffering of the crew according to the statement of the captain was intense. All that could be partaken of by the crew from the time of encountering the southwester was hot coffee, and even that was spilled from the cups by the fearful plunging of the vessel. During Thursday night the cold grew more intense, and the vessel began to ice up. When she arrived here she was covered about half an inch thick all over. Sleep could not be thought of by any of the crew and all appeared to be thoroughly exhausted from the trying trip among the waves. It is announced by the captain and crew the worst ever experienced by them in their long service on fresh water. The Dall sighted only one schooner, but could not make out her name. She is thought to have washed ashore at Holland yesterday leaves no doubt that the sc3w Helen went down with all on board somewhere near by.

Sunk With All Hands.

CHICAGO, November 20.—It was reported last night that the steamer Manistique, whose consorts, the schooners Marinette and Menekaunee, were wrecked near Frankfort, had made a safe harbor at the Manitous, but a later dispatch from Manistee, Mich., asserts that soon after losing her consorts the Manistique became disabled and drifted helplessly up the lake until she reached Burdham's Pier, twenty miles north of Manistee, when she struck and sank with all hands. The Manistique was commanded by Capt. Ashley and carried a crew of fifteen men.

If this report is true, the number of lives lost by the sinking of the Manistique and her consort is swelled to thirty.

Loss of the Lucerne.

DULUTH, Minn., November 19.—The schooner Lucerne is lost. During the storm she was driven on Point Chequomegon. The vessel was loaded with iron ore, and went down in five fathoms of water. All hands were lost. Not less than ten men were on board.

AN OVERDUE PROPELLER.

The propeller Siberia is five days overdue. The propeller Cuba, in last night, reports the storm the worst known in the history of Lake Superior. It was out in the whole of the blow and snowstorm.

The Helen of Chicago.

MUSKEGON, Mich., November 19.—The hull of a schooner, supposed to be the Helen of Chicago, is floating about half a mile out in Lake Michigan, abreast of the harbor. Wreckage has been coming ashore since yesterday. Among other things is a yawl-boat, with the name "Helen of Chicago" upon it. The crew is supposed to be lost.

Marine Losses.

CHICAGO, November 20.—The following summary of marine losses sustained during the storm of Wednesday and Thursday, and corrected up to midnight, is published this morning. Many of the vessels mentioned will unquestionably be rescued, but the wrecking expenses at this season of the year will be necessarily heavy:

Vessel.	Pecuniary Loss.	Lives Lost.
Dickenson	$ 5,000	3
Emerald	6,000	5
Marinette	25,000	7
Menekaunee	15,000	4
Lucerne	25,000	8
Florida	25,000	....
William Jones	2,000	....
South Haven	2,000	....
Florida	2,000	....
Wallace and consort	300,000	....
T. S. Marsh	10,000	....
Harvey Bissell	5,000	....
City of New York	25,000	....
Cuyahoga	2,500	....
Philadelphia	1,800	....
Nellie Church	1,800	....
Buckhout	2,500	....
McDougal	2,500	....
Lyman Casey	2,500	....
B. M. Baker	2,500	....
Star of the North	2,500	....
Golden Harvest	2,500	....
Helen	2,500	6
Sparta and Sumatra	125,000	....
J. C. Kollage	3,500	....
Mary	3,500	....
Thomas T. Sheldon	10,000	....
Hiawatha	85,000	....
Queen of the Lakes	5,000	....
Canadian	24,500	....
Total	$724,100	37

The loss given for the Wallace and consort and the Sparta and Sumatra includes their grain cargoes.

The Manistique's Lost Consorts.

MILWAUKEE, November 20.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Manistee, Mich., says the steam barge Manistique arrived at Frankfort this morning in search of her consorts, the Marinette and Menekaunee, which were lost off that port on Thursday night. As far as known no steam barge was wrecked in the vicinity of Frankfort. The schooner Libbie Nau of Chicago is ashore on South Manitou Island. A tug has gone to her assistance.

A Fatal Kick.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ST. CHARLES, November 20.—Friday afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock while George Klinghammer and his son, Julius, were gathering corn on his farm, just west of Boschertown, his team of mules became frightened, and the son, in attempting to check them, received a kick from one of the mules on the abdomen, killing him almost instantly.

Killed by a Train.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PEORIA, Ill., November 20.—Charles McManus, a miner, was killed by a passenger train on the Burlington Road, early this morning, a few miles below this city. He was walking on the track at the time, going to work. He leaves a wife and two children.

The Young Dick Disaster.

LONDON, November 20.—The name of the ship which, while conveying a number of Queensland plantation laborers, foundered recently in the Pacific Ocean, 140 lives being lost was the Young Dick.

MUNICIPAL HEADQUARTERS.

Only One More Vote Wanted—Delmar Avenue's Name—City Hall Notes.

Another session of the Municipal Assembly was held last night, but no public action was taken on the Iron Mountain Elevated Railroad bill. "I am surprised," said a City Hall official this morning, "at the lack of interest that is taken in this matter now. There was a wonderful unanimity of public sentiment on this subject when the matter was up last June. It seems that they don't know the danger they are in. A gain of one more vote in the Council will make the Iron Mountain elevated railroad bill a law with all the objections that were urged against it last June." The bill is still in the Stone-Temple-Devoy committee.

"GOOD DAY, SIR."

An applicant for municipal charity stood at the railing in the Mayor's outer office this morning holding debate with Sergt. McGrew. After making some inquiries, McGrew decided that it was not a deserving case, and so informed the applicant, who, however, was not to be put off so unceremoniously. He continued to argue the case, although McGrew wished him several "Good-day, sirs," with a tone of unmistakable finality about them. The applicant didn't desist in his argument for a moment until the exasperated officer asked: "Can't you go to work?"

"I can't find any."

"I'll find some for you. I'll get you good, substantial board and a good, warm bed, but you'll have to work for them. Its a little bit south of here, but I'll have a conveyance take you down."

"Where is this place? If the work is light I'll take it, I think."

"It's down at the Work-house, and if you don't get out of here pretty soon you'll take it, light or heavy, and I don't think about it—I know."

The fellow was silenced for a moment. He stroked his face twice deliberately. Looking up, said "Good-day, sir," and departed.

DELMAR'S FAIR NAME.

The residents and property-holders on Delmar avenue will be pleased to learn of the abandonment of the ordinance changing the name of that thoroughfare to Lucas avenue. Some days ago a gentleman approached Delegate Stone with a request to change the name of Delmar to Lucas avenue. He accordingly introduced a bill and the next day was waited on by a dozen prominent citizens, who asked him why he proposed the change. The ladies became thoroughly exercised and since Tuesday a monster protest has been circulated by the ladies. The avenue enjoyed quite a boom a few years ago when its name, one of the prettiest in the city, was selected. Since then the name has been worth so much per foot to the owners. As soon as Mr. Stone learned of the violent opposition he determined to withdraw the ordinance. The fact appears to be that it was intended to take the name of Delmar and assign it to Lucas avenue, which has already had three baptismal redemptions.

WEEKLY MORTALITY REPORT.

The weekly mortality report of the Board of Health compiled to-day records 197 deaths. During the week ending November 21, 1885, there were 137 deaths, and during the week ending the 13th inst. there were 182 deaths registered. Of the 197 deaths 48 were from zymotic diseases. The decrease in the number of deaths from diphtheria is gratifying. There were only twenty-seven this week, or about one-half the number from the same cause last week. During the week ending to-day 188 births were reported to the department. The average number of deaths per thousand persons was 24.01.

A MUTE'S PETITION.

A deaf mute named Belle Lebigh applied at the Mayor's office to day for permission to sell a hair restorative of her own making without license. She exhibited permits from the Mayors of several towns she had visited. She was informed that she could sell, under certain restrictions.

A Good Thing Come to Stay.

America is a great country for inventions and discoveries. Thousands upon thousands of new things come to light every year; thousands upon thousands of them disappear to be seen and heard of no more. Some of the new discoveries come to stay because they are genuine and meet a long-felt want. Such a thing is ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER, which, after a fair trial of twenty-five years, is conceded to be the best external remedy known by both the medical fraternity and the general public. In a quarter of a century it has never failed in doing all that was claimed for it. ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS have reached the place they now occupy because they have been proved to be good, safe, sure and speedy in doing their work. Ask your druggist for ALLCOCK'S, and be sure to accept no other.

THE WESTERN RIVAL.

A Kansas City Editor's Opinion of that Town's Future.

Dr. Morrison Munford, editor, of Kansas City talked about that expurgated edition of Chicago this morning at the Southern. "When Mr. Gould was in Kansas City he said to me that in fifty years our city would be bigger than either St. Louis or Chicago will be then."

"Do you believe that?"

"Most certainly I do. We will catch up with St. Louis in ten years. The signs are all in our favor. The boom in real estate continues, the sales amounting to a million a week. Then we are getting three new lines of railway, the Kansas City, Wyandotte & Northwestern, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and the St. Louis, Kansas City & Colorado. Besides these the St. Louis and San Francisco is talking of building a branch to Kansas City, and the Missouri Pacific is building a branch from Paola."

"Why should Kansas City continue to grow and surpass St. Louis?"

"Because it has all the West tributary to it."

"It cuts off western trade that formerly came to St. Louis?"

"Yes, in time."

"Why couldn't some other city lying further to the west cut off this trade from Kansas City?"

"None of them can do it. Denver and Pueblo had their little booms and then relapsed. Wichita has made quite a spurt of late, but it cannot become a rival of Kansas City. The fight was once to establish what should be the metropolis of the Missouri Valley, and that having been settled on Kansas City, trade and railway lines focus at that point."

"Gould in a recent interview said something very favorable for Wichita."

"Yes, that was on account of his friendship for Marsh Murdock of the Eagle. That was what Senator Plumb told me. Murdock helped Gould to get terminal and other facilities and he wants to help Wichita in consequence. But even with the little help he will give Wichita will never be a considerable rival of Kansas City. It will remain like those other Kansas cities, tributary to us."

A Beautiful Souvenir

And handsome bouquet for each of our lady visitors at our grand opening, November 22 and 23. Don't fail to be on hand.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
307 North Fourth street.

THE DEAD EX-PRESIDENT.

The Arrangements for the Funeral on Monday—The Choral Services.

NEW YORK, November 20.—After the choral funeral services in the Church of the Heavenly Rest, on Monday, the family of ex-President Arthur, the pall-bearers, and the immediate friends will be conveyed by special train provided by Chauncey M. Depew to Albany shortly in advance of the 10:30 train, which will bear the body. At Albany Bishop Doane will perform the burial service.

THE PALL-BEARERS.

Messrs. Gresham, Lincoln, Hatton and Chandler, members of Mr. Arthur's Cabinet, were among the callers at the deceased ex-President's residence this afternoon, and accepted the invitation to act as pall-bearers. Calls were also received from Mrs. Emma James of Washington, ex-Surveyor James L. Benedict, and Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Rives. A dispatch was received from Judge Samuel Blatchford stating that Chief-Justice Waite, Justice Harlan, Justice Gray and himself would attend the funeral.

To stop that cough, Red Cross Cough Drops, 5 per box. Your Druggists sells them.

"BOODLER" M'QUADE.

EX-ALDERMAN DUFFY RESUMES HIS REVELATIONS ABOUT THE BRIBERY.

The Transactions of the "Boodler" Aldermen Fully Exposed—Attorneys for the Defense Make the Squealing "Boodler" Squirm—The Indicted ex-Aldermen Out on Bond Ordered in Court.

NEW YORK, November 20.—Another large crowd of witnesses filled the General Sessions Court-room this morning to hear the evidence in the trial for Alderman McQuade for accepting a bribe to vote for the Broadway railway franchise. Ex Alderman Duffy took the stand after the court was opened and Lawyer Newcombe continued his cross-examination. The lawyer asked the witness a score or more of questions regarding his life at home, in business and as a public man. Mr. Duffy had been a builder for twenty years; yes, he had been unfortunate; he guessed about twice—he was not sure; he thought twice; the last time he failed was in 1879. He also failed eight years before that. He owed some debts in 1884, but did not think he had applied any of the $10,000 "boodle" money to pay those debts; he acknowledged violating his oath of office when he took the boodle. Mr. Newcombe had been very gentle with Duffy up to this point to gain his confidence. At this point he asked the witness to rehearse his narrative of the several meetings of the "combine." The witness began again his story.

A LEGAL TILT.

Each meeting of the "boodlers" was taken up, and Duffy, beginning to fear a trap, cautiously finished his story. At each pause the lawyer would clinch the testimony by asking "and is that all you recollect of what occurred at that meeting?" Mr. Nicoll became restive and he and General Tracy popped up together, Mr. Nicoll to object to the lawyer trapping the witness and Gen. Tracey to defend his colleague, Mr. Newcombe. All three lawyers talked at once until the Recorder shut them up by permitting the cross-examination to go on. Mr. Newcombe said he wanted to test Duffy's memory. The witness was rehearsing the fourth meeting when Mr. Nicoll interrupted again. Messrs. Newcombe and Tracey both began speeches together. The Recorder suggested to Gen. Tracey that Mr. Newcombe was perfectly competent; Gen. Tracey had better sit down.

The latter reported: "I know about these interruptions, and for ——."

"So do I," ejaculated Mr. Nicoll. "Their purpose is to show Gen. Tracey up."

Mr. Nicoll was warned not to interrupt again, and the patient Newcombe went on to mix up the witness further. Duffy's story, however, did not vary substantially from yesterday, except that he rather committed himself by saying that he was telling all he could recollect. Duffy could not remember who were the Aldermen present at the preliminary meeting of eight or nine members at Kelly's City Hall in 1884 or 1885. He could swear that Jachne, Fullgraff, McQuade, De Lacey and himself were present. The witness could not remember the measures adopted by the Board of Aldermen on the same day previous to the caucus. Witness could not fix the dates of the meetings of the "boodlers," only saying that they took place in June, July, August or possibly September.

CROWDING THE BOODLERS.

"Boodle" Aldermen Cleary, O'Neill and Reilly, who are implicated in the confessions made by Fullgraff and Duffy, were in the General Sessions Court to-day. Though they were intent listeners to the cross-examination of Duffy, their presence was more through compulsion than choice, for their bondsmen had been summoned to produce them in court to-day. They will be arraigned at 1 o'clock and early days for their respective trials fixed. Mr. Martine will move that they be absolutely committed to prison.

AN AWFUL PICTURE.

Duffy stood by his assertion that Reporter Kernan had lied when he said the doors were closed at the secret session of the caucus. Mr. Newcombe asked if the witness had read the story of Jachne's conviction, his journey to Sing Sing, the description of the lock-step with Jachne's hand on his back, and been bailed; could not remember if an officer went home with him the first time he was arrested, or what the amount of his bail had been on that occasion. He did not know and had not asked the cause of his arrest, and explained that singular assertion by saying that "everything" (question himself) "was so mixed and muddled up" that he could not tell.

THE PREPARED STATEMENTS.

Witness said Mr. Nicoll wrote out a statement of what he (Duffy) would testify to against McQuade, and that he (Duffy) had seen a similar statement prepared for Fullgraff. Witness said he saw that Mr. Nicoll had drawn up a second statement including Fullgraff's testimony. Witness signed the first statement, but not the second. After his second arrest witness met Mr. Nicoll three times at police headquarters, and twice at Mr. Nicoll's house; these were the only ever made to witness; Nicoll promised witness exemption from prosecution on condition of turning State's evidence. Witness had not done anything else very bad during 1884. He was reminded of the Thirty-fourth street job, for which he was employed to distribute money among the Aldermen. He admitted the charge, and said he had paid the money to Fullgraff, although there was no agreement to do so. He remembered having succeeded in mixing up the little "boodler" worse than on the occasion of his arrest, desisted, and Mr. Nicoll resumed the redirect examination to restore the credit of his witness.

THE ASTUTE INSPECTOR.

Duffy was made to relate the story of his arrest again; his conversation with Police Inspector Byrnes, and how the astute Inspector led him to confess his connection with the Broadway steal; how the Inspector had showed him a bit of paper on which he had noted down some of the points and information which he had about the "boodlers;" how Byrnes had intimated that others of the Aldermen were going to "squeal," and showing the witness his own position in the matter. Witness detailed his conversation with Mr. Nicoll. In which he told all he knew about the Forty-second street, Thirty-fourth street, Chambers street and other roads.

"Now, Mr. Duffy," continued Mr. Nicoll, "I want you to tell the jury what induced you to become State's evidence."

"I have a wife and two children," replied the witness, "and I felt that this was a load on my shoulders and on their heads. I never was in any such thing before and I was drawn into it this time. I came to the conclusion that the best thing I could do was to tell the truth, and I'm here to-day to tell the truth."

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The Bridal Bulletin.

Name and age.	Residence.
Vigilo Genetti, 34	Collinsville
Domanica Dolzadelli, 32	613 N. Levee
Wm. Zimmermann	2350 Wright st
Minnie Krueger	2337 N. Market st
Benjamin M. Guenther, 29	1511 Howard st
Louise Basse, 25	2137 Lasalle st
Anton Dieferbron, 25	2021 Rutger st
Helena Riot, 21	2021 Rutger st
Adolph Bolling, 23	1902 State st
Mary Geiser, 23	2115 S. Sixth st.
Frederick Dunmeyer, 34	1017 North Tenth st
Sophie Steliah, 21	2339 Wright st
Frederick Kensing, 33	Baden
Sophie Richardson, 19	Madison County
Thos. Murphy, 43	City
Elizabeth Costello, 47	City

PURE 18-KT. gold wedding rings at Wedding invitations, the finest at *Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Cor. 4th & Locust.*

The Gunn Libel Suit.

The jury in the libel suit of Zina Gunn against the publishers of the Republican growing out of a publication of a statement to the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney relative to alleged frauds in coal-weighing certificates, returned a verdict this afternoon in Judge Valliant's court in favor of the publishers, the defendants. Ex-Judge Chester H. Krum made an able speech for the defense.

Art, Music and Flowers

At the grand evening opening of the E. Jaccard Jewelry Co., 307 North Fourth street, November 22 and 23, 8 to 10:30 p. m.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

Probable Change in Stock Call Rules—A Big Trade—Mining Gossip.

The street was lively to-day and values in mining stocks were pretty well maintained.

* * *

A good deal of Charter Oak has been offering recently, but there has been no trading in it.

* * *

Adams was weak to-day. There has been no demand for the stock at the high figures at which it has been held recently, and it has gone off in consequence.

* * *

Iron, Gold and Silver was active again to-day at 50 and 55 cents bid, with offers at 60 cents. No quantity of the stock is on the market. Insiders are holding off for $1.

* * *

It was rumored on the floor of the Exchange this morning that a change was to take place soon in the management of the Anchor Line, and Henry Haarstick's name was mentioned in connection with the management. When spoken to, Mr. Haarstick laughed and said he had heard nothing of the matter.

* * *

It was stated in mining circles to-day that John Jackson intended resigning the Presidency of the Peacock Mining Company. Mr. Jackson denied this rumor. A gentleman who has talked with Superintendent Miller quotes him as saying that there would probably be a reorganization of the Peacock Company January 1.

* * *

The Quincy Mining Co. to-day began to charge 25 cents on every transfer of stock. This was the source of much discontent and resulted in the loss of several trades to brokers who refused to pay. This is the first company to make a charge for transfer, and the innovation is calculated to be anything but popular. It will hurt Quincy as a trading stock. With the shares selling at 17 cents it is absurd to charge 25 cents for transferring stock.

* * *

Quincy was active to-day within yesterday's range of prices—15 to 20 cents. While it was selling at 20 cents in one part of the Exchange it was being offered at 17 cents in another part; 1,500 shares sold at 17½ cents, which is a fair price for the stock. There is likely to be good trading in it next week, but there are quantities of people wanting to sell the stock at 20 cents, and it may not go above that figure for some time.

* * *

Col. John O'Day and H. L. Morrill of the St. Louis & San Francisco Road were on 'Change to-day in consultation with the merchants interested in the Southern Kansas business. Col. O'Day made a speech yesterday before the arbitrators of the Southwestern Association, in which he asked that rates from St. Louis to Southern Kansas points be hereafter figured on the basis of rates Chicago to Southern Kansas and protested against the change asked by the Santa Fe. Col. O'Day had a long talk this morning with Mayor Francis but when approached he refused to express an opinion as to the probability of action by the arbitrators. It is said a compromising decision is expected.

* * *

President Huse received a letter this morning from the Superintendent of the Sheridan mine dated Sunday last saying that he had made no clean-up, but that in samples there was not the bullion to run $5.7 fine of which 92.32 was silver and 3.22 gold. He figured out about $50,000 to the ton of bullion on the basis of that assay. There had been some little trouble with the machinery. Geo. E. Bent, formerly Superintendent of the Sheridan, and John B. Card of Silver City were on 'Change this morning. They left the Sheridan camp Monday morning and report everything working well.

* * *

Ideal was active again to-day at about yesterday's prices—$1.50 to $1.60. Early in the morning it was announced that 4,000 shares of the floating stock had been taken up by the "Big Four" of the Sheridan-Huse, Mullally, Jacobs and Cleary. The sale was made by Goldman and the price paid for the stock was $1.55. The news of this deal had the tendency to strengthen the stock for a time. There was not much outside buying, however, and soon fell away to its old figures. It sold at $1.52½ and $1.57½ and closed at $1.50 to $1.55. The street is on tip-toe to see what the Fraley crowd will do with the stock on call Monday.

* * *

The urgent necessity for a change in the rules governing the listing of mining stocks, shown in the POST-DISPATCH of Thursday, led to the meeting of the Stock Call Committee of the Exchange at 12:30 to-day. The committee remained in session half an hour going over the rules of other Exchanges and discussing them and finally adjourned without action to meet again on Monday. J. Will Boyd said after the meeting that the committee fully appreciated the necessity of strictly scrutinizing all stocks presented to them, but that the Exchange could not hold itself responsible for stocks that were listed any more than it could be held responsible for dealers in options. The committee passed upon the sworn statement of the company presented for consideration, and any member of the Exchange could pass judgment upon the same statement. All papers on file were open for inspection. Louis Fusz said this morning: "We should do all we can to keep wildcat companies off the Exchange. We are now having succeeded in mixing up the little "boodler" worse than on the occasion of his arrest, desisted, and Mr. Nicoll resumed the redirect examination to restore the credit of his witness.

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LATE SUITS FILED.

Entries This Afternoon for the December Term of the Circuit Court.

The following new suits were filed late this afternoon in the Circuit Clerk's office for the approaching term:

Wm. H. Scudder, receiver of Hull, Brown & Hunt, vs. A. B. Hunt; suit to recover $2,676.22 of the assets of the firm.

Wesleyan Cemetery Association vs. R. N. Alexander, Basil W. Alexander and J. L. Ferguson; suit on a note to recover $50,000.

David A. Bresiln vs. Charter Oak Life Insurance Company; suit in attachment for $575.

Michel Plant and Seed Company vs. City of St. Louis; suit to recover $365.50 on account of balance of a bill for 6,300 feet of wreaths furnished the Commissioner of Public Buildings.

Patrick Clifford vs. St. Louis Malleable Iron Company; suit for $2,500 damages for personal injuries sustained in a freight elevator.

Henry V. Lucas vs. Julius Zesch; suit to recover $237.97 on special tax bill.

Frederick Glasser, jr., vs. Charles F. Walther; suit for $20,000 damages for personal injuries by falling from a porch.

Chas. F. Capelli vs. G. F. Coons; suit in ejectment.

Lester M. Crawford vs. Chas. R. Pope; suit for $1,000 damages on a contract for services in managing details professional of Pope's starring tour.

Samuel H. McIlvane vs. Annie McIlvane; suit for divorce on the ground of desertion.

Woolen Mills Burned.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., November 20.—The Capital Woolen Mills were totally destroyed by fire at a late hour last night. Loss, $75,000; partially insured.

NEEDS IMPROVING.

THE CONDITION OF METHODIST CHILDREN DISCUSSED.

To-Day's Celebration of the M. E. Anniversary—Few Rent Keeping Children Out of Church—Too Much Teaching and Too Little Devotion—To-Morrow's Programmes.

The initial service in the celebration of the anniversary of the Sunday School Union and Tract Society of the United States was held in Union Church last evening in accordance with the programme published in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH. The subject was "The Relation of Sunday-Schools and Religious Literature to our American Homes." Addresses were made by Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut of New Jersey, Rev. Dr. J. W. Joyce of Cincinnati and Rev. Dr. J. M. Kurz of New York. At the same hour a meeting was held at Salem German M. E. Church, Fifteenth and Wash streets, at which Rev. Dr. J. M. Freeman spoke in English and Rev. H. Liebhart in German.

TO-DAY'S SESSIONS.

To-day's celebration of the anniversary was begun at 10:30 at Union Church with a conference on Sunday-school work. Not more than thirty persons were present and one-half of those were the visiting ministers. After devotional exercises, conducted by Rev. Dr. Hammond of First Methodist Church, South, Rev. Dr. A. H. Gillet, agent of the Sunday School Union in the South and Southwest, was called to the chair by Dr. Freeman, who, with Bishop Bowman, occupied the platform. Dr. Gillet gave some statistics which placed the number of teachers and officers of Sunday-schools as 246,000, and the number of conversions as 96,000 last year. With 246,000 workers he questioned if the number of conversions was not too small, and so announced the theme of the meeting as "Sunday-schools as Evangelizing Agencies of the Church."

DR. FREEMAN

opened the discussion with a suggestion that the subject be broadened so as to include not only the conversion of the unconverted by the Sunday schools, but also the salvation of those already converted. In every lesson he thought there is the gospel, and the lesson would not be taught right unless it was brought out and applied to the heart of the scholars.

DR. HURLBUT

followed with a plan for the children in the matter of revivals. There are plenty for the older folks, but none for the children. A very small proportion of children go to prayer meeting, and he wanted something to bring the scholar to the point of personal consecration. A superintendent, well-known and efficient, had told him recently of doing away with the holding of the two sessions of the Sunday-school in New York in the last generation. But this, the speaker thought, was as liable to abuse, and children have to be handled more carefully than adults. The other scheme was to have a prayer meeting during the Sunday-school session, by shortening up everything and getting at the session at once, and with a full house for the meeting. Chairman Gillet suggested that a Superintendent could turn the lesson toward the evangelistic side, omitting the reports, etc., and using a hymn and an appeal from the pastor, to arouse the scholars.

DR. LIEBHART

contrasted the old and new methods. The former were all devotion, the latter teaching—teach anything, teach everything, geography, history, everything. Speaking for the Germans he said it was hard to make them successfully use the methods of the present. To one side it is not easy to say institutes, diplomas, and all that, and to the other side spirituality. He told one of his German Sunday-schools that it didn't mean anything if they didn't know the height of every mountain in Palestine or where every Egyptian king was buried as long as they had the spirit of Christ.

REV. T. H. HAGERTY

deplored the change from the old way of taking children to church, and lamented the tendency to make a department of the matter of religion and to make the Sunday-school the only place of worship.

REV. DR. J. C. W. COXE

of Iowa regretted that there was so many misapprehensions as to the scope of the Sunday-school. Some consider it an independent organization and others an annex to the church. There should be no department of the church, and he wished the churches would realize the divine character of the Sunday-school. But if it is necessary to choose between the school and preaching service, for God's sake take the children to the preaching. As to a Sunday-school prayer-meeting, he didn't think it would answer well. The fact is, he said, something more is needed. If all the teachers were impressed with their personal responsibility in the matter and felt commissioned to go after their scholars seven days in the week, the time for the Sunday-school prayer meeting would not be needed. He had a growing conviction that the evening church service might be modified to advance the children's interests under revival influences. The evening service especially in the cities is sparsely attended, and he wanted to see less preaching and more prayer and praise in it. That done the children would attend.

REV. DR. J. M. KING

of New York spoke against using novelties in the Sunday-school, because it is very easy for the child to get the idea that the Sunday-school is not as sacred as the church. The solution of the problem in discussion was the character of the teacher. He would rather see classes doubled up with one consecrated teacher than many classes under frivolous teachers. Once he had to tell one of fourteen teachers to get out of the school or get the religion and they got out. He didn't believe in pastors showing coldness in the matter of dismissing a cold unconsecrated teacher, no matter how rich or influential he or she might be. Regarding the multiplicity of appliances in the Sunday-school he said he was sorry to think the Bible is being displaced by lesson leaves. The latter are for home use entirely and his teachers had recently voted them out of the Sunday-school. Again, one reason why children are not seen in church as much as they ought to be, especially in city churches, is because too often the pew rent is too high for the father to buy space for his children. "Great God!" said the speaker, "and this in churches that ought to be exemplars of Methodism."

BISHOP BOWMAN

gave an account of his experiences and attended to the growing neglect of teachers and scholars in the matter of memorizing the scripture. Many teachers, even, cannot recite the golden text on their lesson leaves. The fault lies with the pastor, who ought to see that the teacher is prepared, and further he wouldn't let any superintendent stand between the pastor and the school. Again, he said that nine-tenths of the Methodist parents paid no attention to the promises made at the baptism of their children to teach them the apostles' catechism. The Bishop closed by saying: "We are raising a race of non-church-going, non-scriptural people."

The addresses were brought to an end with some remarks by F. G. Niedringhaus.

TRACT TALK.

At 2:30 the ministers reassembled in the lecture-room and, Bishop Bowman presiding, discussed the question of tracts, the best way of distributing them, some difficulties in the way of distribution, etc.

TRIPLE SERVICES SUNDAY.

To-night there will be no service but to-morrow the day will be taken up with the closing meetings of the celebration, the programme being as follows:

10:30 a. m.—Sermons will be preached as follows: Union Church, Rev. I. W. Joyce, D. D.; Trinity, Bishop Bowman; Water Tower, Rev. J. O. W. Coxe, D. D.; Central, Rev. A. H. Gillet, D. D.; Goode Avenue, Rev. J. L. Hurlbut, D. D.; Salem, Rev. J. M. King, D. D.; Eden, Rev. H. Liebhart, D. D.; Wesley Chapel, Rev. J. W. Freeman, D. D.

3 p. m.—The anniversary of the Tract Society will be held in the Union Church, Bishop Bowman presiding. Addresses will be delivered by Bishop Bowman, Dr. Freeman, Dr. Coxe and Dr. King.

7:30 p. m.—The anniversary of the Sunday-school Union will be held, with addresses, as follows: Union Church, Bishop Bowman, Dr. Gillet and Dr. Hurlbut; Trinity, Dr. Freeman and Dr. Joyce; Goode Avenue, Dr. King; Salem (Wash street), Dr. Liebhart; Elliot Avenue, Dr. Coxe.

The Transcontinental Association.

NEW YORK, November 20.—A meeting of the Transcontinental Association has been called to meet in Chicago next week to take action on the pool-

A CARD.

Our store is so beautiful, our goods all so fresh and handsome, that for a day opening we can make very little improvement. In fact, we are open every day in the week for the reception of our friends and customers. But we will astonish you on the evenings of November 22 and 23 with our BEAUTIFUL ILLUMINATION, with CHARMING MUSIC, with FRAGRANT FLOWERS and an ELEGANT SOUVENIR, and we are confident if you favor us with a call you will not regret the evening spent at the

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.'S
307 N. Fourth St.

☞ *We are not on the corner.*

INDICTED.

THE GRAND-JURY'S REPORT IN THE ELECTION FRAUD CASES.

John Mitchell Held for Fraudulent Voting—More Indictments to Follow Next Week—Warrants Out for the Arrest of Prominent Politicians—Redistricting the City—Breezy Political Gossip.

In a batch of indictments returned in the United States District Court at noon to-day by the Grand-jury, was one against John Mitchell on a charge of fraudulent voting. It was expected that the Grand-jury would have inquired more fully into the reported election frauds, and that in consequence a much larger number of indictments would have been returned as a result of such investigation. The failure of the grand inquisition to relieve the fearful expectancy of guilty politicians by taking early and decisive action on their cases is due to the fact that, owing to the desire of several members of the jury to return to their homes, it became necessary to appoint new jurors in their places and reorganize the body. The consideration of the election frauds cases accordingly laid over until next Monday, when work upon them will begin in earnest. Mitchell's case was an exceptional one, for the reason that he had been arrested upon complaint of a Deputy United States Supervisor, had waived examination before United States Commissioner Cullen, and the evidence in the case was ready and at hand for the attention of the Grand-jury. W. H. Smith, Supervisor at Election Precinct No. 95 in the Tenth Ward was the complainant in the case.

When the new members of the Grand-jury had been sworn,

JUDGE TREAT,

in his instructions, stated that he presumed that the Grand-jury would be called upon to investigate alleged frauds in the last election for United States Congressmen. "This is entirely a presumption on my part, however," said the Judge, "but if the matter is one of great importance and should be looked into with the greatest possible care." He dwelt upon and explained the complicated machinery surrounding the ballot-box and cautioned the jurymen to remember that the object of all of the safeguards of the election law were for the protection of the voter rather than in favor of the candidate. He said that the United States law provided for the reception and counting of the votes of citizens who, while they may not have complied in every respect with the registration regulations were nevertheless entitled to a ballot. The most important statement made by Judge Treat referred to "persons voting on certificates." "I have looked into the law carefully," said he, "and I fail to find any provision for accepting and counting a vote on the authority of a certificate." The law expressly states how a citizen, who desires to vote, but who has not been registered, is to be challenged, but I known nothing of certificates. In conclusion you are in every instance to protect the sanctity of the ballot and look to the interests of the voter. You may find cases in which ignorant persons have been imposed upon and led to do wrong. In such cases the persons are to be punished are the parties who worked upon and took advantage of the ignorant voter."

Out of respect to the memory of ex-President Arthur, the Grand-jury will not meet again until 1 o'clock next Monday afternoon.

It is expected that Recorder of Voters Robilliard will return to the city next Monday evening when the poll books will be handed over to the Grand-j

CARD.

is so beautiful, our
fresh and handsome,
opening we can make
provement. In fact,
very day in the week
don of our friends and
But we will astonish
venings of November
ith our BEAUTIFUL
ON, with CHARMING
FRAGRANT FLOW-
LEGANT SOUVENIR,
confident if you favor
you will not regret
pent at the

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WASHINGTON.

THE PRESIDENT'S ORDER SHUTTING OUT THE "COMMON HERD."

The White House Grounds Closed to the General Public in the Evening—Paymaster-General Rochester's Report of Army Disbursements — Supervising Architect Bell's Report—Appointments by the President.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 20.—President Cleveland has issued an order closing the grounds south of the White House to the public, during certain hours. Hereafter they will not be open to the public after 5 p. m. This morning President and Mrs. Cleveland took a walk in the grounds for over an hour. The gates were closely guarded while the couple were taking their exercise. At the White House it is said that this order was not issued because of any apprehension of danger to the person of the President, but because he desires to have an opportunity of taking regular exercise without annoyance of public intrusion. The closing of the grounds has excited some comment, as this is the first time it has been done.

Supervising Architect Bell's Report.

WASHINGTON D. C., November 20.—Mr. M. E. Bell, Supervising Architect of the Treasury, in his annual report gives a detailed statement of the work performed on all public buildings under the Treasury Department during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1886, together with a statement of their present condition and an estimate of expenses necessary for the completion of buildings now in course of construction. Active operations were prosecuted during the year, eighty-one buildings in various parts of the country varying in cost of construction from $50,000 to $2,500,000. The total expenditure during the year upon new buildings aggregated $2,082,447. The expense of repairs and preservation of public buildings, $147,546. The architect recommends that all the employes in his office, except specialists, be brought under civil service rules.

Paymaster-General Rochester's Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 2.—In his annual report to the Secretary of War Paymaster-General Wm. B. Rochester says that a total of $18,444,733 was disbursed to the army during the fiscal year without delinquency in the prompt payment of the troops, or loss to the Government. Of this amount $5,278,449 was disbursed in the field, requiring officers to travel 234,040 miles.

Appointed by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 20.—The President to-day appointed John M. Galloway to be an appraiser of the right of way of the Colorado & Santa Fe Railroad Company through the Indian Territory, vice D. W. Bushyhead, declined.

California's District Attorney.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nozember 20.—The President to-day appointed John T. Carey of California to be United States Attorney for the District of California.

Spiering's Orchestra

of twenty pieces will furnish music for our grand opening, Monday and Tuesday evenings. Reserved 22 and 23, 8 to 10:30 p. m.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
307 N. Fourth st.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Commissions Issued to Newly Elected Officers—Settling State Accounts.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., November 20.—The New York Grocery Company, Kansas City, filed articles to-day. Capital, $15,000. The Wilson & Toms Investment Company, St. Louis, filed a statement of increase of capital from $150,000 to $250,000.

Commissions have been issued to all county officers, except for the counties of Atchison, Miller and St. Genevieve. The election certificates have not been received from the County Clerks of said counties. All the Circuit Judges will be commissioned next week.

Col. Granville Adkins of St. Joe, is in the city. The Colonel will be a candidate for Sergeant-at-Arms at the House of Representatives.

The Governor has just named the following Legislative committee to make a settlement with the Auditor and Treasurer: State Senator William Hunter of Scott County, and Representatives Daniel H. McIntyre of Cole and W. H. Miller of Jackson, two Democrats, and one Republican. December 10 is the day fixed for the meeting of the committee in this city.

John Meagher, editor of the Nevada Democrat, is visiting his family in this city.

In the United States Circuit Court to-day the case of Bruce vs. Morgan County, was decided by Judge Krekel in favor of the county.

Cabinets,

Mantels, music, parlor and all styles of brica-brac cabinets can be found in largest variety at the low-priced furniture house of

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.,
402-404 North Fourth street.

FEDERAL INDICTMENTS.

A Report from the U. S. Grand-Jury To-Day—Offenders and Offenses.

The Grand-jury of the United States District Court returned into court at noon today a number of indictments. Several jurors were excused from further service for valid reasons, and others were added to the panel to fill the vacancies. The Court, after instructing the new members with reference to the election fraud matters to be investigated, made a few remarks upon the death of ex-President Arthur and directed an adjournment of the Federal Courts until 1 o'clock on Monday as a mark of respect to his memory on the day of the funeral.

An indictment was returned against Athol W. Gale for taking a letter out of the United States mail intended for a namesake in the employ of the Carondelet Gas Company and appropriating the contents.

An indictment was returned against Anderson Fink of Union County on two charges of defrauding pension claimants by demanding excessive fees.

Jacob Mosburger was indicted for secreting and opening a letter addressed to Mrs. Fitzner and diverting the contents.

Ed C. Glaze was indicted for cutting open one of the United States mail sacks and stealing mail therefrom.

Theophilus Ritter was indicted for passing counterfeit dollars. Silas G. Parker and Wm. S. Warren were indicted for counterfeiting nickels. Wm. O'Donnell was indicted for passing counterfeit dollars.

Provident Savings Bank.

Receiver's sale of engravings, etchings, etc., at Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

"Ike" Griffin's Death.

Isaac Griffin, the colored office boy of the Exposition, died this morning of inflammatory rheumatism. "Ike," as he was known to the officials, exhibitors and frequenters of the Exposition, was always obliging and reliable, and during his illness, extending over several weeks, he was cared for by Manager Johnston and others who took an interest in his welfare. He was married about a year ago and leaves a wife and infant child.

WHY don't you try the Red Cross Cough Drops, only 5 cents per box.

Stolen Away.

On the evening of the 15th inst. an open-face watch, valued at $15, was stolen from Edward Booser, now a prisoner in jail.

At 9:30 last evening a sneak thief entered the residence of Fred Loehr, the saloon-keeper, No. 1605 Washington avenue, and stole an overcoat belonging to Mr. Loehr, another belonging to his 14-year-old son and a third belonging to S. J. McKinley, a boarder, from the hat-rack.

Thieves stole three coats from the residence of Michael Solarizz, corner Chouteau avenue and Manchester Road.

A lady's gold chain with coral brooch in the center, valued at $35, was stolen from the residence of A. Steinmeyer, No. 3305 South Jefferson avenue.

DON'T forget to put this down: Strauss' photos lead the town.

BELLEVILLE.

Serious Affray Between Foundry Employes—News and Notes.

Adolph Tchetler and Louis Pauley, two employes of the City foundry, became involved in a quarrel last evening shortly before quitting work, and Tchetler picked up an eight-foot iron bar and dealt Pauley a blow on the head with it, inflicting a wound five inches in length and laying bare the skull bone. The physician who attended Pauley reports his injury as very serious. Tchetler was arrested and will be held to await the result of Pauley's injury.

Belleville Chapter, R. A. M., will hold a special convocation this evening.

The Molders' Union ball will take place at the City Park Hall this evening.

Mr. Ferdinand Braun has sold his brick-yard to Messrs. Hugo Westerman and Herman Moeller.

Rev. C. T. Philips, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, who announced his intention of resigning several weeks ago, has been requested by his parishioners to reconsider his intention.

The Liederkranz Society is preparing for a concert on the evening of Thanksgiving Day.

The Belleville teachers held a regular monthly meeting to-day, at the Franklin School.

Marriage licenses were issued to-day to the following parties: Joseph Freibel and Betsy Wallace of Belleville and Anselm Schilling and Josephine Band of Freedom, Ill.

It is reported that Mr. M. T. Stookey, ex-County Treasurer, is to be the successor of Mr. Alex Abend and John C. Rahming in the management of the Water-Works. Mr. Abend has accomplished a great deal since he has had charge of the works, and the wisdom of his removal is not apparent.

If baby's got a pretty shiz,
Take to Strauss. That's his biz.

INFANTICIDE.

Kate Sullivan Held for Killing Her Twin Babies—A Terrible Crime.

NEW YORK, November 20.—Kate Sullivan, whose twin babies were found dead in a sink at No. 98 Manhattan street, was taken to the Harlem Court this morning. She admitted that the infants were born alive, but said they lived only ten minutes. A letter, however, from the Coroner, who made the autopsy, states the infants were thrown into the closet before life was extinct. The accused was committed to await the action of the Grand-jury.

Carondelet Jottings.

The German Dramatic Society will open the winter season with a select programme tomorrow evening at St. Boniface Hall.

The Germania Turnverein Society will open their new music hall this evening by giving a grand ball and supper in their new building on Robert and Michigan avenues.

Postmaster Spindler is lying very ill at his residence on Ivory avenue. Mr. Eugene Le Marchal is assuming the difficult tasks of the office until Mr. Spindler is able to get out.

The work in the blooming mill in the Western Steel Works came to a sudden standstill last night by one of the rollers suddenly breaking. This will cause a delay in work for several days.

The members of the Carondelet Presbyterian Church held their annual meeting this evening at the residence of Mrs. L. T. Wells on Michigan avenue and Krauss street. The affair was well attended and quite a little sum realized.

For photographs, go Strauss' way.
If not to-day, than s'mother day.

Resigned His Position.

Mr. L. B. Pierce, Secretary of the St. Louis Exposition and Music Hall Association, has tendered his resignation to take effect as soon as a successor can be appointed. Mr. Pierce resigns in order to go into a manufacturing enterprise on his own account. He has been connected with the Exposition since the beginning of the association and his resignation is regretted by the Directors. A successor will be appointed at the December meeting of the Board.

WORDS like these your ears will greet:
Strauss' photos can't be beat.

Small Preferences.

NEW YORK, November 20.—Theodore Frankel, Gustav Pohlhaus and George W. Bailey, composing the firm of Frankel, Bailey & Co., glassware, of No. 42 Barclay street, assigned to-day to Julius Meyer, with preferences amounting to $2,000.

Will Go to the "Pen."

The Sheriff will take the following prisoners to Jefferson City to-morrow morning: Howard Rogers, William Culp, William Schultz and Richard Norton, two years each for grand larceny, and Jacob Eggert three years and Mat Golden two years for grand larceny.

The Weather.

The Signal Service announces light rains as probable for this locality to-morrow. There was no rain reported anywhere this morning and no low barometer area is nearer than the far northwest, but, still, they say the rain will come. The temperature was as high as 47 deg. here this morning, a rise of 10 degrees.

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EQUITABLE BUILDING,
Sixth and Locust.
Parties wishing to deposit valuables of any description can obtain on reasonable terms
BURGLAR AND FIRE-PROOF STORAGE.
The largest and best equipped Vaults in the United States.
Call and Examine. Boxes to rent from $10 up.
THE MISSOURI SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

James J. Hoyt,
President.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, November 20, 11 a. m.—The stock market opened strong this morning, advances over the closing figures of last evening ranging from ¼ to ⅜, although Kansas & Texas was down ⅜, and some others lesser amounts. Business was active, especially for Richmond & West Point, which was very excited, and first sales were made at figures varying 6 per cent. the lowest being 4 per cent above last night's prices. It quickly settled back to a little under 70, in which neighborhood it remained. The remainder of the list was heavy to weak, especially for the coal stocks, and Jersey Central lost 1⅛, and Lackawanna and New England ¾ each. A firmer tone was shown late in the hour, but early losses in many cases regained. The market is active and firm at this hour.

NEW YORK, November 20, noon.—Money is quiet at 5 per cent; bar silver steady at 101⅞. The stock market after 11 o'clock was moderately active and again showed heaviness, small fractions being lost all over the list. Many of the specialties, however, continued to advance, Chicago, St. Louis & Pittsburg and Virginia Midland being most prominent. The market was firm again toward noon, and prices were brought up to about first prices, the trading becoming comparatively quiet. At noon the market is quiet and firm. Government securities: U. S. 3s, 100⅝; 4s coupons, 127½; do 4½s coupons, 110⅝; Pacific 6s of '95, 126¾.

NEW YORK, November 20, 3 p. m.—Soon after noon the market became active and continued so until a few minutes past 2 o'clock when a heavy tone set in and the market closed active and weak.

BOSTON, November 20.—Mexican bonds: 4s, 51¾@52; 7s, 55@55½; scrip, 81@82; common, 12¾@12⅝.

2 p. m.—Consols closed at 102 1-16 for both money and the account.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, 121 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	66⅛	67	66	66
Canadian Pacific	70			70
Central New Jersey	53	53	49¾	49¾
Central Pacific	37⅜			37⅜
C., St. P., M. & O.	54⅝	55	54⅛	54⅛
do pfd	115½	115¾	115¾	115¾
C., R. & P.	107½			107½
C., B. & Q.	140¾	141	140¾	140⅝
C., M. & St. P.	95⅝	95⅝	94⅜	94⅜
C. & N. W. com.	120¾	120¾	120¼	120⅜
Del., Lack. & West.	141	141⅝	140¾	141
Del. & Hudson	107	107⅜	106⅜	106⅜
Denver & Rio Grande	35⅜	35⅝	35¼	35¼
East Tenn. com.	32⅜	32⅜	32	32
East Tenn. pfd.	76⅜	76½	75¾	76⅛
Erie com	26⅜	27⅜	26⅜	27⅜
Erie pfd	75¼	79½	78	75¾
Erie 2d mtg. bond	102¾	103¼	102¾	103¼
Houston & Texas	38	38¼	37¾	38
Illinois Central				
Ind., B. & West	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
Lake Shore	97⅜	97⅜	97	97⅛
Louisville & Nashville	63	63	62¼	62¾
Michigan Central	96⅜		96¼	96⅜
Missouri Pacific	110⅜	110⅜	110	110⅛
M., K. & T.	36⅜	37⅛	36⅜	36⅞
Manhattan Elevated	163	166¾	163	166¾
N. Y. & New England	63¾	63⅝	62⅜	63
New York central	113¾	114⅛	113¾	114
N. Pacific com	28	28	28	28⅛
do pfd	64⅛	64⅜	64⅛	64⅜
Ohio Southern	20½			20½
Oregon Trans	97	97	96⅜	96⅜
O. N. & Trans. Co	107			107
Ohio & M. com	34	34⅛	33⅜	33⅝
Pacific Mail	51¾	54⅛	53⅜	53⅝
Phila. & Reading	40⅜	41¼	40¼	41¼
Pullman Palace Car	143¾	144	143¾	144
St. Paul & Duluth com	63	63⅜	62¾	63⅛
do pfd				
St. L. & S. F. com	35⅜	35⅞	35¼	35¼
St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd.	117			117
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd.	71½	72	71½	71¾
St. P. M. & Man	117	118	117	118
Sutro Tunnel	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜
Texas & Pacific Income				
Union Pacific	61¾	61¾	61	61⅛
Wab., St. L. & P.	25⅜	25⅜	24¾	24¾
do pfd	3¾	37⅜	37⅛	37⅛
Western U. T. Co.	79	79⅛	78⅜	78⅜
West Shore Bonds	103¼	103¼	103¼	103⅜

ENGLISH CONSOLS—Cash—Opening, 101 15-16; closing, 101 15-16.

ENGLISH CONSOLS—Account—Opening, 102 1-16; closing, 102 1-16.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

	WHEN DUE.	INTEREST PAYABLE.	BID.	ASK.
3 per cent bonds		M. A. N. & F.	100⅜	100⅝
4½ per cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	111⅜	112
4 per cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	128	128½

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1902	May and Nov.	101½	103
City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1903	Jan. and July	102½	103½
City 5s sterling, 10-20s	1900	June and Dec	103⅝	104⅛
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	109	110
City 6s currency	1886-91	Various	101⅜	103
City 6s gold	1892-93	Various	110⅜	111
City 6s sterling	1888	June and Dec	117	118
City 6s water	1887	June and Dec	101⅜	102
City 6s water	1890	June and Dec	10[illegible]	104½
City 6s water	1892	Apr. and Oct.	110¾	111
City 6s bridge approach	1892	June and Dec	110⅜	111½
County 6s gold	1895-96	Jan. and July	114½	116
County Park	1905	Apr. and Oct.	123	125

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. and Aug	104½	105
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May and Nov.	134¾	135½
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July	111	113
Mo. Pac. 3d	1905	May and Nov.	122⅜	125
Mo. Pac. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	120	125
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug	108	113½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	106	111½
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov.	104	104½
K. P. Consols	1910	May and Nov.	98½	99
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug	112½	113

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearings	$2,810,637
Balances	368,834

Mining Stocks.

Name.	Bid.	Asked.
Granite	$47 00	$48 00
Little Chief	9 00	9 50
Adams	6 25	6 50
Sheridan	7 25	7 50
Peacock	2 00	2 25
Yavapai	1 15	1 25
Mexican Improvement	1 55	1 60
Ideal	1 50	1 55
Laclede	65	70
Quincy	15	20
Granite		1 00
Hope	45 00	
Sonora	22½	25

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, November 20.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, increase, $2,038,650; loans, decrease, $113,300; specie, increase, $2,504,500; legal tenders, increase, $116,000; deposits, increase, $3,127,400; circulation, decrease, $36,700. The banks now hold $9,930,000 in excess of the 25 per cent rule.

COMMERCE.

EASTERN PARTIES BUYING.

Wheat Recovers From a Weak Opening—Corn and Provisions Stagnant.

By Telegraph from Jones, McCormick & Kennett, Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, November 20, 1 p. m.—Wheat opened this morning with a disposition on the part of scalpers to sell, and as soon as the orders to buy were exhausted they hammered the market down to 74¾c. While this was going on, a few houses doing a New York business bought wheat quietly, but in no large amounts as the market declined. Limited sales, later on, Ore—Crittenden, Milmine, Bodman & Norton, and Worthington, all had orders to buy, and the scalpers in attempting to recover their wheat advanced the market to 75⅛@¼c, at which point much wheat was offered for sale. During the day, in fact for the past week, a great deal of wheat has been picked up, and judging from the houses buying, it is for Eastern parties. The favorite option with them is December, although May has had its share of orders. The result will be, when the former option is changed to May, to widen out the present differences of 7 cents, which is 3c more than it was two weeks ago. At the close to-day the market shows much strength and is in a position to go in whichever direction the pressure comes from.

Corn opened rather excited, but as soon as the orders were filled settled down to a quiet and steady market.

The provision market has been stagnant. Receipts of hogs were 50,000 head and excessive for a Saturday. Estimated receipts for next week are 275,000 head.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

St. Louis:	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Nov.	76⅛	77⅛	76⅜	76⅞ b
Dec.	76¾	77⅝	76½	77⅜
Jan.	76¾	78⅛	76¾	77⅜
May	84⅝	85¼	84⅜	85⅛
CORN.				
Nov.	33⅜			34 b
Dec.	34⅜			34⅜ b
Jan.	34⅜	35	35	35
Feb	36			35⅝ b
May	38½	38⅝@38¾	38⅜	38½
OATS.				
Dec.	26⅜			26⅛ b
May	30¾			30¾ b
CHICAGO:				
WHEAT.				
Dec.	74⅜	75⅛@¼	74⅜	75⅛
Jan.	75⅜	75⅝@⅞	75⅜	75⅝ b
May	81⅛	82⅛	81⅝@¾	82⅛ b
CORN.				
Dec.	36⅛	36⅜	36⅛	36⅛@⅜
Jan.	36⅞	37	36¾@⅞	36⅞
May	41⅜	41⅝	41⅛	41⅛ b
OATS.				
Dec.	26⅛	26⅜	26⅛@⅜	26⅜
Jan.	26⅜	26½	26⅜	26½
May	30¼@⅜	30½	30⅛	30¾@⅞
PORK.				
Dec.	9.52	9.50	9.50	9.50
Jan.	10.10	10.07	10.07	10.10 a
Feb.	10.32	10.30	10.17	10.17 b

Local Stocks.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

	Bid.	Asked.
Bank of Commerce	200	
Boatmen's Bank	100	
Bank of St. Louis	200	
Commercial Bank	200	
Continental Bank	100	
Exchange Bank	100	
Fourth National Bank	100	
Franklin Bank	100	
Laclede Bank	100	
Mechanics' Bank	100	
Merchants' Bank	100	
Mississippi Valley Bank	100	
National Bank of the State	100	
Northwestern National Bank	100	
Safe Deposit Co.	100	
St. Louis National Bank	100	
Third National Bank	100	
Union Bank	100	
United States Bank	100	
Boatmen's Insurance Co.	25	
Continental Insurance Co.	100	
Fire Association	100	
Home Insurance Co.	100	
Mercantile Insurance Co.	100	
Missouri Insurance Co.	100	
Phoenix Insurance Co.	100	
Republic Insurance Co.	100	
St. Louis Insurance Co.	100	
Union Insurance Co.	100	
Adams Express Co.	100	
American Express Co.	100	
Missouri Pacific Railway Co.	100	
Pullman Palace Car Co.	100	
St. Louis Cable & Western R'y Co.	100	
St. Louis & Suburban R'y Co.	100	
Union Depot & R. R. Co.	100	
Wagner Palace Car Co.	100	
Western Union Telegraph Co.	100	

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

PORTS.	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	RECEIPTS. Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	SHIPMENTS. Corn.
St. Louis	16,732	89,090	3,000	28,534
Chicago	88,802	94,711	18,162	343,567
Milwaukee	14,444	1,440	34,971	
Baltimore	23,379	11,092		
Toledo	24,651	13,784	7,800	67,700
New York	207,400	202,400	41,205	25,071
Detroit	42,660	5,614	21,333	21,025
Minneapolis	63,800		40,700	
Duluth	152,500		110,000	
Kansas City	9,500	6,000	23,500	4,000
Philadel'hia	21,833	5,924	28,043	9,976

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
To-day	4,604,056	981,249	552,665	37,621	135,849
Yes'dy	3,621,842	1,001,611	546,969	37,210	139,417
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2	No. 2.
To-day	3,923,964	673,233	459,923	30,895	
Yes'dy	3,939,014	691,980	454,617	30,487	

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

Exports from this country from July 1 to October 31 were 3,690,873 bbls of flour and 35,402,804 bu wheat, equal to 52,009,482 bu, against 25,849,550 bu for same time last year. Speculators can't go behind these returns, as they are the official figures of the Government. At the present rate of exports—over 150,000,000 bu for the year—the exportable surplus will all be used up, while if there is an increase to the demand, as the bulls predict, there will be a demand for more wheat than the country can spare.—The Northwestern millers are making a desperate effort to beat the wheat market, but they seem to be rather overdoing it. There are too many stories coming from Minneapolis and Duluth regarding the immense spring wheat crop. The latest estimate is for 100,000,000 bu, which is so ridiculous that it simply provokes sympathy for the misguided men who, in trying to work the market their way, circulate such nonsensical statements.—The Chicago Tribune publishes the following: "Sachse & Howard of London, England, write their Chicago correspondent that the stocks of wheat and flour at the five principal points in the United Kingdom aggregated about 1,990,000 qrs less at the beginning of this month than they did a year previously. This fact may be regarded as furnishing an offset to the increase in the quantity on ocean passage. Also the latter quantity is supposed to include about 8,000,000 bu from the Pacific coast, which for the past two days represents shipments of 50,000 bu per day, while the shipments from the Atlantic coast are some 280,000 bu per day."——"I am a bear on May corn," said a broker. "The crop this year is estimated at 1,668,000,000 bu. This, with the surplus carried over last season would make a supply of about 2,000,000,000 bu. At this time last year the visible supply was a little over 3,000,000 bu, and yet then May was selling at a discount, whereas now the visible supply is 12,000,000 bu and May is selling at 5 cents premium. I believe the weight will ultimately all press down upon May and that it is there for a sale."——Worthington of Chicago wires Moses Praley: "Will street is a large owner of wheat, bought mainly by men who have made fortunes in the last six months on the bull side of railroad stocks, cotton, coffee, metals and mining stocks. These men are now bold and confident. Recent successes will encourage them to double up their holdings when market begins to show any action. H. Clews wired me that he is turning all his customers into wheat."—The Milling World says that a cargo of wheat was recently shipped from India to Australia and part of it ground into flour, which improved so much that Australian customers would not consent to consume it. Consequently the balance of the cargo will be ground into feed for the Australian hogs and cattle, and Australia will make no more demands upon India for wheat.—C. W. Brega of Chicago wired W. T. Anderson & Co.: "Cables strong, but they don't take the wheat. New York and this market heavily long. Northwest mills mostly shut down and understood they will make desperate attempt to break this market next week. If we don't move some wheat out will probably be able to do it."—The McCormick Harvester Company say they see nothing yet to alter their estimate of 60,000,000 wheat for Minnesota and Dakota. We now have this authority and the Government, as quoted by Mr. Pillsbury and the other speculators.——Receipts of wheat eleven primary points for week were 4,732,770 bu., and shipments 2,838,031 bu., against receipts of 5,606,159 bu. and shipments of 2,941,395 bu. the preceding week.——Exports from Atlantic ports for five days were 96,000 bbls flour and 600,000 bu wheat.—There is also 250,000 bu corn loading and to be loaded with barges for export to Europe. The barge company is sending out about half of this and Cobb & Johnson, and H. H. Albers, who has been East for some time, was back on the floor today. He says that the trade in New York is bullish and every man has a five or so bought, but there is no concerted action among them and that they organize to bull the market he laughs at.——Duluth estimates the increase in her stock of wheat at 400,000 bu.——Late cables were said to be very strong.——Export purchases of wheat at New York to-day were 22 loads.——John Thyson leaves this evening for Leadville.

Wheat showed decided strength most of the day, the firmness that closed yesterday's market being supplemented by the very strong tone of cables. Beerbohm was even a little bolder and private cables were strong, with an upward tendency, but W. L. Green remarked: "So are ocean freights, and they are trying to-day to cancel the engagements made yesterday." There seemed to be no doubt about the foreign situation favoring the bull side, at any rate for a moderate advance, but the large supplies in this country are a stumbling block to it is difficult to get over and will be until they begin to decrease. The expectation of an increased movement from the Northwest in the interest of the millers who are short tended to exert a beneficial effect. A slight falling off followed the early strength, but was only of short duration. Estimates on the next visible were only for a small increase, and reports on exports so far this week from the Atlantic seaboard showed that a good amount had been sent away—for five days this week equal to over 1,000,000 bu wheat in wheat and flour. Late came advices of export purchases in New York and strong cables and the market closed firm at ⅜@½c above yesterday. Spot grades were scarce and firm. Round lots of No. 2 red could not be bought as low as cash lots sold at. Sample lots were stiff at 77½c paid for the best. No. 2 red, 76c, regular, 76¼c this side; No. 3 red, 73¼c bid for E.; 73¾c for St. L., C. and M., 74¼c asked for U.; No. 4, 69c asked for regular, 70c bid for St. L., M. and Collier; No. 2 Mediterranean, 74c bid; No. 3 do, 72c bid; rejected, 59c asked, 58c bid.

Corn—Futures were not attractive enough to permit of free trading and there was not much indulged in. Prices showed no material change, though the general tone of the market was firm. Spot grades were better and the little offered met with ready sale, speculators taking the No. 2 and order and local buyers the balance. No. 2, 34½c E. side and C., 34¼c in M. and bid for St. L.; No. 3, 32c in A., 31¾@32¼c in U., 32½c bid this side, 33½c for C.; No. 4, 32c bid for St. L., 31¾c asked for A.; No. 2 white, 35½c in M.; No. 3 do, 34c bid this side; no grade, 30½c bid this side.

Oats—Futures still neglected, as there was no trading, but feeling from sellers holding for steady rates. Spot grades were dull and outside of order purchases of No. 2, nothing was done. No. 2, 26½c asked for M., 26c bid for regular, 26½c for St. L. and U.; No. 3, 25¾@26c in M., 26c in U.

Rye firm. Grade No. 2 was saleable at 51c and 51¾c was asked; for No. 3 50c was bid. Late a 5,000 lot spot No. 2 sold at 51c. January was offered at 52½c, bid 51¼c; May at 58c, bid 57¼c.

Barley quiet and steady. Quotations are as follows: Common and rejected, 30@35c; No. 3, 40@45c; prime, 50@55c; choice, 60@62c; fancy, 65@67c.

Flour—The advance in wheat had this effect, that it brought in buyers and they paid the prices that sellers demanded, and which yesterday they found it difficult to obtain. We quote: Patents, $3.95@4.35; straights, $3.50@3.70; clears, $3.10@3.50; mediums, $2.90@3.05; low grades, $1.90@2.30. Quotations of the St. Louis Flour Dealers' Association were: XX, $2.10@2.20.; XXX, $2.30@40; family, $2.55@2.70; choice, $3.05@3.15; fancy, $3.40@3.50; extra do, $3.55@3.80; patents at $3.95@4.35. These prices are for lots on arrival at the depot or levee; order lots higher.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3.10@3.20 per bbl.

Cornmeal—Dull at $2.00@2.05 for city on orders del.; pearl meal, $2.50; grits and hominy, $2.60@2.70.

Bran wanted and 57c bid for sacked, at the mill, but none offering.

Hay very dull, with sellers willing to accept declines, but offers to sell at 50c per ton lower failed to induce buyers to take hold and most receivers were left with stock on hand at close of the market. Sales ranged as follows: This side—Prairie, $7@9 for lowa and $8@10 for Kansas; slough grass, $6@6.50; mixed timothy, $7.50@10; prime fancy to timothy, $9.50@13. East track stock sells about $1@2 per ton below the above rates. Provisions dull and unchanged. There was the usual Saturday lack of demand and trading was light and confined entirely to filling the few orders here. Standard mess pork sold at $9.85. Prime steam lard 6c bought under 5.80 and the best bid was 5.80. Boxed 20@25-day dry salt sold at 4¼c for shoulders, 5½c for longs, 5.55c for c'ribs, and 5¾c for shorts. Packed bacon longs sold at 6¾c, c'ribs at 6¾c, and shorts at 7.20@7¼c. Country lard, 5@5¼c per lb. for small lots in irregular pkgs. C. s. c. hams, 9½@11½c. Breakfast bacon, 8½@9¼c. Beef—Family $6.50@8 per bbl; on orders higher, $4.25@4.75 per ½-bbl; dried, 11@12c; selected, 14c per lb; smoked tongues, $4.25@5 per doz. Tallow—Prime summer rendered, 3¾c in oil bbls; No. 2, 3¼@3½c; in irregular packages, 4c less. Grease—Brown and yellow, 2½@3¼c; white, 3½@4c; straight lots held higher. Salt—Domestic, 90c @ bbl on east and 85c this side. Ground alum, $1.10 @ sack—small way higher.

Highwines steady at $1.13 in St. Louis and Cincinnati, $1.14 in Peoria, $1.18 in Chicago.

Lead had buyers at $4 and 5 cars soft Missouri delivered and 50 tons do East St. Louis sold at that, but neither refined or chemical hard could be bought below $4.10, and for the latter East side $4.05 was bid.

Cotton.

While there was no large advance in price to-day, the bulls undoubtedly have the best of it. Liverpool went up a point for futures, and New York closed at the highest rates of the day and 203 points above yesterday. Spots were firm in the latter market and a moderate business in Liverpool. The local market was firm and sales of 671,725 bales made.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary and ordinary nominal; good ordinary, 7⅜c; low middling, 8 5-16c; middling, 8⅜c; good middling, 8 15-16c; middling fair, 9⅜c.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day, 4,533 bales, against 3,916 bales last year; since September 1, 1886, 156,059 bales, against 200,511 same time last year; shipments to-day, 3,320 bales, against 3,097 bales last year; since Sept. 1, 1886, 119,145 bales, against 142,218 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day, 46,930 bales, against 59,002 bales.

CLOSING PRICES, 3 P. M.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 5 3-16d; Orleans, 5⅜d. Sales, 8,000 bales. Futures closed quiet and steady. November and December, 5 3-64d; December and January, 5 2-64d; January and February, 5 2-64d; February and March, 5 3-64d; March and April, 5 5-64d; April and May, 5 7-64d; May and June, 5 9-64d; June and July, 5 12-64d.

NEW YORK—

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

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TEN PAGES.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1886.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Over the Garden Wall."
OLYMPIC—Thalia Opera Company.
POPE'S—Mrs. D. P. Bowers.
PEOPLE'S—Lizzie Evans.
STANDARD—Baird's Minstrels.
PALACE MUSEUM—Daily from 1 p. m. to 10 p. m.
MATINEES TO-MORROW.
PEOPLE'S—Lizzie Evans.
STANDARD—Baird's Minstrels.

THE British find it rather difficult to hammer the home-rule idea out of the obstinate Burmese.

WE hope that the Illinois Kuklux will never be used in putting down strikes in Chicago or elsewhere.

THE men who expect Senator EDMUNDS to whoop up the Blaine boom in 1888 have made only a superficial study of the situation.

WE have seen no correspondence between Mr. M. E. BENTON and DAN LAMONT in reference to Mr. BENTON'S suspension and reinstatement.

THE Democratic members of the Nebraska Legislature would be putting their votes where they would do the most good by casting them for VAN WYCK.

GEN. SHERIDAN'S report shows that there are in the army eleven men to each officer. Eleven men are enough to manage one officer, unless he is incurably addicted to poker and whisky.

WE recently stated that Mr. JOHN LITTLE was defeated in Ohio by three votes; while the official count shows that he was defeated by two votes. We wish Mr. LITTLE to have the full benefit of this unconditional correction.

THE trial of the ex-Aldermen of New York City discloses a remarkable case of bribery and conspiracy. It would be no easy matter to guess the number of similar conspiracies that have never been exposed.

TOM OCHILTREE wishes that his chances for heaven were as good as BLAINE'S chances for the Presidency. TOM should console himself; the chances in the two cases are exactly equal, according to the nicest mathematical calculation.

THERE seems to be no solid foundation for the report that Mr. BUCKALEW of Pennsylvania is to succeed Attorney-General GARLAND. The report probably sprang from a universal belief in the fitness and wisdom that would work such a change.

CHIEF BUSHYHEAD of the Cherokee Nation forges to the front as the great American Home Ruler. His remarks on the encroachments of the white men show that he has the courage of his convictions, even if he fails to establish a reputation for discretion.

THE New York Sun suggests that HENRY GEORGE'S economic scheme would result in the suppression of all public revenue and force the Government to pay all the taxes out of the Federal Treasury. Perhaps Mr. GEORGE is working for a millenial crisis of this kind.

THE immediate services of Senator LOGAN are needed for the suppression of the Kuklux in Hardin County, Illinois. It is strange that the peerless Kuklux squelcher should permit such outlawry in his own State; but it is not astonishing to find anarchy and Kukluxism flourishing close together.

GEN. KAULBARS has packed up his carpet-bag and left Bulgaria. The hole produced by his departure is not big enough to create a convulsion. Now that outsiders have failed in their officious attempts to manage Bulgaria, the people of that country should be allowed to try the experiment of governing themselves.

MISSOURI has recovered its grand old "yellow-dog" majority of 50,000, but even this would undergo a sudden evaporation if the conditions were exactly favorable. We have reached a wholesome period of changing and capricious majorities. The people are learning that a good candidate can poll more votes than a bad one, while they are not permitted to imagine that a voter can stay away from the polls and have his vote counted also.

THE New Hampshire preachers are boycotting Gov. CURRIER'S Thanksgiving proclamation because it is not religious enough in tone, and contains no reference to the churches; and some of them will read the President's proclamation from their pulpits to-morrow instead of the Governor's. It might be prudent, also, to send one of PINKERTON'S detectives to the Governor's house on Thanksgiving Day to see whether he dispenses with the time-honored turkey.

CONVICT LABOR.

The adoption of constitutional amendments prohibiting the letting of convict labor to contractors in New York and Illinois was a consequence of a labor agitation which will be sure to make the convict labor question a very prominent one in all the Legislatures convening this winter. The Prison Congress, now in session at Atlanta, Ga., is having a warm contest over it. Senator JOSEPH BROWN of that State has invested largely in convict labor kept in camps and worked outside of prison walls, and where JOSEPH'S pocket is assailed or the Christian grace of his money-making projects is questioned he always keeps up his side of the fight with at least "forty-parson power." They cannot convince him that his convict camps, with their armed guards, their deadly discipline and their trained bloodhounds are not agencies of conversion divinely appointed to bring criminals to the mourner's bench, and ultimately into the shining ranks of the saved.

We have no convict camp question in this State, and the only thing likely to raise such a question is an occasional voice in the rural districts demanding that convicts shall be sent into the counties to work the roads. But the question of letting convict labor to contractors within the walls, to produce articles for sale below the prices at which honest handicraftsmen outside can afford to sell similar articles will probably be the subject of some debate at Jefferson City. One thing, however, is certain—we must either make up our minds to get along without a penitentiary or the convicts therein must be kept employed, must be trained to habits of useful labor to make them better and more useful citizens when their time is up.

That this should be done with the least possible detriment to honest labor outside, nobody denies. The problem is to regulate convict labor so as to produce the best reformatory results, as nearly as possible on a self-supporting basis, and with the least possible friction between free and convict labor. It is claimed that all this is effected in New York where the contract system was abolished. Some claim that it has been as well accomplished in Massachusetts under a well regulated contract system as where the convicts are worked on State account.

How it is in this State under our present prison management will not be fully ascertained until the prison officers and inspectors make their regular report. Of course, some competition between the products of free labor and those of convict labor is unavoidable if we are not to keep the convicts in idleness. So long as we work them under any system, the best we can do is to keep that competition on a basis as fair and as harmless as may be to honest labor.

NEW STYLE GOVERNMENT.

The long reign of Col. JOHN O'DAY over the Democratic organization in this State will not have been in vain if Democratic Missouri should set her sister States an example of farming out what remains of Democracy and State sovereignty to the corporations that are controlled by the Wall street barons.

It is seriously proposed to transfer the police arm of the State to the body of these corporations—to supplement their mighty influence over legislation with actual authority to maintain their own armed bodies of constabulary and take charge of the enforcement of the laws in the name of the State.

They now maintain a standing army of regular soldiers, known as PINKERTON'S men, always ready to be moved on fast special trains to any point in any State. Some new provision for the conversion of these men at a moment's notice into State Militia or police constables, with roving commissions to take and hold prisoners or fire into scoffing crowds anywhere, in the name of the State, is all that is needed to relieve State and county officers of the irksome task of enforcing the laws for the protection of railroad property and commerce.

Moreover, the railroads of the United States now have 800,000 employes on pay-rolls amounting to $400,000,000 a year. These are already voters, but by converting them into a body of special magistrates and constables, a few railroad magnates commanding this mighty standing army of official servants could soon render the election of public officers an obsolete formality and relieve the people of all the cares and costs of self-government.

A foretaste of how they would govern us and of how much respect they would show for old-fashioned law, has been graciously afforded to us since the corporations have succeeded in getting one of their zealous employes installed in the office of Assistant Prosecuting Attorney.

"THERE are defects in the present tariff system," says the Globe-Democrat, "it is well understood, but such as they are, "the people have become accustomed to "them and would rather put up with them "a few years longer than to have them "made a pretext for long and bitter debates which cannot fail to unsettle values of all kinds and embarrass the operations of commerce in every direction." The injustice of the tariff is here admitted, and it is conceded by implication that it must be corrected at some future time; then, what is the advantage of deferring the correction? Assuming that the tariff agitation will "unsettle values" whenever it begins, there will be no more economy in unsettling them ten years hence, than in unsettling them immediately. On the contrary, every reasonable argument favors a continuation of tariff agitation so as to have the question permanently settled at the earliest possible moment; and this is what the tariff reformers are striving to accomplish. The people demand certainty in this matter and certainty cannot be achieved except through agitation and readjustment. It is certainly a remarkable contention to say that a colossal wrong and injustice should continue simply because the people have become accustomed to it.

THEOLOGY doesn't blend harmoniously with an anniversary poem. Dr. HOLMES will indorse this.

SENATOR EDMUNDS says in substance that he might vote for an anchor-caster, but he is not willing to tell any lies about the anchor.

"I ALWAYS did consider EDMUNDS an honest, level-headed man."—JOHN A. L.

THE Bulgarians may yet find it necessary to offer a chromo with their throne.

LORD LONSDALE and VIOLET CAMERON were surprised and distressed at the seeming scarcity of Anglomaniacs in this country.

SENATOR EDMUNDS has taught his political confreres how to write a letter which does not require to be burned.

STEVE ELKINS recently gave a Blaine dinner and failed to invite BURCHARD. This looks like a strategic attempt to drive BURCHARD into the Democratic camp.

IT is estimated that a sealskin sacque for the Bartholdi statue would cost $275,483. If this is true, many a rich lady would like to be the statue just for a season.

ENGLISH ladies are taking an active interest in politics. They do no voting, but they know how to rush the spectacular end of the business.

MR. JAMES GORDON BENNETT shows considerable literary talent in the brilliant copyrights of his cablegrams.

MR. STONE, the suspended Pennsylvanian, has joined in the wild pig-iron clamor for more protection.

THERE is a brilliant exhibition of politeness when a Kansas candidate lifts his hat to a Kansas druggist.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Lettres de Cachet.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I notice in your issue of yesterday a correspondent called attention to the provisions of our State Constitution and laws for the protection of the liberty and person of our citizens, and your timely editorial comments thereon. This communication was called out by the extraordinary proceedings taken in the express robbery case, wherein a party merely suspected of that crime was hustled to jail on a bench warrant, and finally indicted, on what is admitted to be evidence not sufficient, as the saying is, "to convict a sheep killing dog." I am not surprised that citizens wonder how this was done, and that you editorially call the Legislature to pass laws the better to protect the citizen's liberty, especially when a powerful corporation is the party alleged to have been the victim of a crime. The fact appears to have been overlooked that the Legislature has provided in this city the Court of Criminal Correction, whose duty it is upon complaint made to magistrate into all alleged offences, and if there is probable cause to believe a crime has been committed, and the accused is guilty thereof, to bind him over or commit him to jail to await the action of the Grand-jury in his case. I believe I correctly state the facts when I say that during the time the late Lewis B. Beach held the office of Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, he invariably referred parties seeking a "true bill" to the Grand-jury, reserving to the Court of Criminal Correction for a preliminary examination where the accused would have an opportunity to face his accusers before going through the humiliation of being indicted. I also believe that Judge Noonan, when he held that office, pursued a like course. The wisdom, justice and fairness of such a course, could not be better illustrated than by the course pursued in the Adams Express robbery case. Why a different course was taken in this late case may be explained when we read that Assistant Circuit Marshall F. McDonald, the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of the State of Missouri, and as such the adviser of the Grand-jury, is also the attorney of the express company. It has never heretofore been thought that it was consistent with the duty of an officer of the State, who is as much bounden by his oath to see that a person accused of crime is not wrongfully prosecuted, as he is to prosecute the guilty, to accept employment of a person or corporation who appears as the prosecutor in a case when such person or corporation is the injured party. And in view of the facts of this case to your editorial suggestion might be added one to the effect that no Prosecuting Attorney of the State should accept employment or compensation, directly or indirectly, from any person or corporation alleged to have been a sufferer by the commission of an offense. The State of Missouri should certainly be able to pay its officers for the discharge of their official duties, and no private person should be permitted to slip in and tempt him to go beyond his duty as prescribed by his official oath.

St. Louis, November 21, 1886.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

J. O. K.—Jennie Lind is still one of the living.

H.—Ed would not be a brother-in-law to Kate.

TOM AND JERRY.—The first syllable in "orlerion" is pronounced "ory."

SUBSCRIBER.—Fiora Temple's best time was 2:19¾. It stood for twenty years.

J. Y. T.—No; the State law does not compel the publication of marriage licenses.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.—St. Louis has six State Senatorial and four State Representative districts.

READER.—Since 1880. M. J. Brennan, Assistant Chief of the Fire Department, is well posted on Iron Hall matters.

SUBSCRIBER.—Lola Montez never visited St. Louis within the recollection of any of the authorities on theatrical matters.

PATRON.—Judge Thayer completed his 45th year last October, and he will have served ten years on the bench next January.

G. B.—The riot you refer to occurred at Lucas Market in October, 1880, during the Presidential campaign which preceded the election of Garfield and Arthur.

OLD READERS.—1. J. K. Emmet is not a Catholic, but his family are Catholics. 2. Joe Murphy is married but has no children. 3. Scanlan will be here in Christmas week.

Reckless Extravagance.

From the Cambridge Chronicle.

The Winnipeg man who sold his wife and three children to a neighbor for $70 did very wrong. He should have held on for $75 anyhow.

She Leaves It at Home in November.

From the New Haven News.

It is strange, but true, that a woman with a new bonnet always carries her parasol closed.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 558.

PROGRESS AND POVERTY.

HENRY GEORGE'S VIEWS SET FORTH IN HIS OWN WORDS.

Land-Owning Felonious, but Not to Be Abolished, Only Taxed to Death.

"A Subscriber," in a note saying that the POST-DISPATCH has been accused of doing injustice to Mr. Henry George's land theories and to his land nationalization scheme, requests us to quote the words in which Mr. George himself has claimed that all land is the common property of mankind and justified the confiscation of landed estates without compensation. The following quotations are a few of the hundreds of similar purport that might be taken from the "Lovell's Library" edition of "Progress and Poverty:"

This, then, is the remedy for the unjust and unequal division of wealth apparent in modern civilization, and for all the evils that flow from it: We must make land common property. p. 237.

To affirm the rightfulness of property in land is to affirm a claim that has no warrant in nature. p. 242.

The equal right of all men to the use of land is as clear as their equal right to breathe the air. * * * * There is on earth, no power which can rightfully make a grant of exclusive ownership in land. p. 243.

The Almighty, Who created the earth for man and man for the earth, has entailed it upon all the generations of the children of men by a decree written upon the constitutions of all things—a degree which no human action can bar and no prescription determine. * * * Though his titles have been acquiesced in by generation after generation to the landed estates of the Duke of Westminster, the poorest child that is born in London to-day has as much right as his eldest son. Though the sovereign people or the State of New York consent to the landed possessions of the Astors, the puniest infant that comes wailing into the world in the squalidest room of the most miserable tenement-house becomes at that moment seized of an equal right with the millionaires. And it is robbed if the right is denied. p. 244.

The recognition of individual proprietorship of land is the denial of the natural rights of other individuals. * * * Why should they who suffer from this injustice hesitate for one moment to sweep it away? p. 245.

The truth is—and from this truth there can be no escape—that there is and can be no just title to an exclusive possession of the soil, and that private property in land is a bold, bare, enormous wrong, like that of chattel slavery. pp. 275-276.

And by the time the people of any such country as England or the United States are sufficiently aroused to the injustice and disadvantages of individual ownership of land to induce them to attempt its nationalization, they will be sufficiently aroused to nationalize it in a more direct and easy way than by purchase. They will not trouble themselves about compensating the proprietors of land. Nor is it right that there should be any concern about the proprietors of land. p. 261.

Now I have put to this case of The People vs. The Land Owners the same maxims of justice that have been formulated by land owners into law, and are applied every day in English and American courts to disputes between man and man, we shall not only not think of giving the land owners any compensation for the land, but shall take all the improvements and whatever else they may have as well.

But I do not propose, and I do not suppose that any one else will propose, to go so far. It is sufficient if the people resume the ownership of the land. Let the land-owners retain their improvements and personal property in secure possession. p. 264.

We should satisfy the law of justice, we should meet all the economic requirements, by at one stroke abolishing all private titles, declaring all land public property and letting it out to the highest bidders in lots to suit, and under such conditions as would sacredly guard the private right to improvements. p. 291.

If land is rightfully the common property of mankind, the right of men to enjoy it in common is obviously as incompatible with national ownership as with individual ownership, and, according to the fundamental postulate of Mr. George's reasoning, there would be no Nation, no owner or association of owners, that would have the right to lease any land to the highest bidders, or to give such bidders adverse possession and enjoyment of any parcel of land to the excision of any of its joint proprietors, of any race or nationality!

But over such chasms as this in his logic Mr. George leaps with the agility of a chamois. As he shrunk from confiscating the improvements and all the personal property of landowners, together with their land, after he had reached the conclusion that such confiscation would be a justifiable rectification of the wrongs resulting from land owning, so does he finally lose the courage of his opinions and shrink from the conclusions of his own argument in regard to the confiscation of land. Instead of going ahead to "satisfy the law of justice and meet all the economic requirements by at one stroke abolishing all private titles, declaring land public property and letting it out to the highest bidders in lots to suit," Mr. George, on page 292, not only "hesitates," but says:

I do not propose either to purchase or to confiscate private property in land. The first would be unjust, the second needless. Let the individuals who now hold it still retain, if they want them, any part or parts of it they pleased to call *their* land. * * * *It is not necessary to confiscate land; it is only necessary to confiscate rent.* * * * We already take some rent in taxation. We have only to make some changes in our modes of taxation to take it all. What I, therefore, propose * * * is—*to appropriate rent by taxation.* In this way the State may become the universal landlord without calling herself so, and without assuming a single new function.

Such is the lame and impotent conclusion of all Mr. George's brilliant reasoning. After claiming that he had demonstrated the economic policy and perfect justice of confiscating all the property, real and personal, that landowners have, he would conceal this confiscation under the disguise of taxation and call it nationalization of land. After saying "we must make land common property" and denouncing landlordism as the sum of all villainies, an enslaver of labor and producer of all social evils, he would substitute State landlordism for individual landlordism, only he would disguise it by calling rack-rent taxes.

A few years ago the workingmen of the North were taught that the Southern institution of African slavery was the cause of all the woes that afflicted free labor. Suppose those who believed this had been content to leave the negroes in slavery and had only confiscated by taxation a part or all of the slave's hire, would that have helped free labor?

After charging all the evils that afflict society to the individual ownership of land—after denouncing it as "a fresh and continuous robbery" that "robs the shivering of warmth, the sick of medicine, the anxious of peace;" that "debases, embrutes, embitters;" that "makes lads who might be useful men candidates for prisons and penitentiaries;" that "fills brothels with girls who might have known the pure joy of motherhood"—after charging all this and much more in a lava torrent of burning invective against the individual ownership of land, Mr. George admits that he was only arguing for the imposition of all taxes upon land exclusively, and that he would perpetuate this "robbery," this mammoth mischief of land ownership so long as it can bear all the cost of Government and still live. "Let them buy and sell and bequeath and devise it," he says. We may safely leave them the shell, if we take the kernel. But so long as "they" happen to control two or three times as many votes as "we" do, those who hold the shell will be very apt to retain the kernel also.

In the Criminal Court.

In the Criminal Court this morning, William Haine, who broke into Mortimer D. Shaw's office, Third and Olive streets, and stole a $75 type-writer, and was indicted for burglary and larceny, pleaded guilty to grand larceny and was sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary.

The sentence of Fred Williams, who had previously pleaded guilty to attempted burglary and was sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary, was commuted. His minority was proven and he was allowed to plead guilty to attempted petit larceny and was sent to jail for thirty days, he having already been there four months. He broke the show window of Cunningham & Schmidt, but did not steal anything.

THE MILITARY.

Annual Inspection by Gen. Bull—Battalion Drills—Armory Gossip.

The battalion drill last Wednesday night was anything but a success. Three out of the five companies which were ordered for duty that night failed to put in an appearance, the only companies responding to the order being Land B. After going through a few company maneuvers these two commands dispersed, the members being pretty well disgusted with the whole affair. On the following evening Companies G, A and M reported for duty, and put up a first-class battalion drill. Company E, which had been ordered out for the same night, failed to appear.

ANNUAL COMPANY INSPECTION.

The regular annual inspection of the State Militia will begin next Monday evening, when Inspector General Wm. Bull will inspect Company E and Troop A, St. Louis Light Cavalry.

The order in which the different companies of the First Regiment will be inspected is contained in the following order:

HEADQUARTERS FIRST REGIMENT, N. G. M.,
ST. LOUIS, November 18, 1886.

GENERAL ORDERS, NO. 11.]

I. In obedience to special orders No. 85 of the Commander-in-Chief, current series, the companies of this regiment will be inspected on the following dates at 8:30 p. m., at the Armory, on Seventeenth and Pine streets, with the exception of Companies K and L, who will be inspected at their company armories:

Company E and Troop A, Monday, November 22.

Companies G and C, Wednesday, November 24.

Companies B and I, Friday, November 26.

Companies A, F and Battery A, Tuesday, November 30.

Company M, Thursday, December 2.

Company L, Friday, December 3.

Company K (Kirkwood), Saturday, December 4.

II. Capt. H. H. Hinton, Ordnance Officer, will report to Col. Wm. Bull, Inspector General, and accompany him on these inspections.

By order of C. D. COMFORT,
Major Com. First Reg., N. G. M.

Gossip.

The court-martial order for the trial of the wine-stealers of the First Regiment has gradually fizzled out. First, the illness of Capt. O'Meara, then the failure to obtain a quorum at meetings interfered seriously with the proceedings of the court. Now, owing to the presence on the court of the commander of the regiment, it is doubtful if the court has a legal existence.

The detail of orders of the day for the ensuing week is as follows: Monday, Lieut. E. S. Abadie; Tuesday, Lieut. E. F. Williams; Wednesday, Capt. C. A. Sinclair; Thursday, Capt. Roemer; Friday, Lieut. E. J. Joy; Saturday, Janitor. Officers at the Armory wish to convey a hint to the members of the Treadway Rifles and Branch Guards that it is dangerous to play poker in their company quarters.

LIFE AT THE CLUBS.

Active Work of Entertainment Committees—Banquets, Hops and Social Gatherings.

The season at the clubs is advancing with a marked increase in the daily attendance and interest among the active members. At each house in the West End and at the down-town resorts the entertainment committees are stirring themselves to keep up a series of amusements for the members and their lady friends, a feature that establishes the popularity of the club with the gentler sex. The Germania and Liederkranz especially cater to the enjoyment of the ladies and their receptions are always reckoned among the brilliant social events of the season. The University Club reception, inaugurating the season at the new house on Pine and Beaumont, was graced with a very large and fashionable attendance. The Harmonie Club opening ball was a marked success. The St. Louis Club as yet has not arranged positive dates for its winter receptions, but it is proposed to give one after the Thanksgiving season, and the house will be marked by an extensive art loan collection from the private galleries of other cities including the works of distinguished artists which save not been seen in any previous exhibition here.

NOTES.

The Commercial Club will have its regular monthly dinner and meeting this evening at the St. Louis Club-house, Locust street.

The Caledonian Society has arranged for its annual banquet on the evening of St. Andrew's Day at the Mercantile Club.

The annual banquet of the Loyal Legion will take place at the Mercantile Club on Saturday evening, December 4.

There will be an entertainment and hop this evening at the Liederkranz.

STILL IN JAIL.

Application for Fotheringham's Release on Bail Still Further Delayed.

It was thought that something would be done in the Criminal Court to-day in regard to making application for bond for Express Messenger Fotheringham. Mr. Harvey, his attorney, appeared in court, however, and stated that he was not yet prepared to argue the matter. Gov. Johnson, who had been retained as an associate counsel for the messenger, was out of the city and Mr. Harvey did not like to take any action in the matter without his co-operation. Mr. Harvey, who was looking quite badly, told the Court that he was not feeling well enough to make an argument. For these reasons he would not make his application to have Fotheringham admitted to bail until some later time. As Mr. Harvey will sit the coming week on the bench in Judge Noonan's place, the messenger has a sure thing on another week of jail life.

Notwithstanding the number of clews at hand and the correspondence "Jim Cummings" persists in maintaining through the newspapers, that genial gentleman is still at large. There were no developments in the detective end of the case to-day.

MRS. STEPHENSON ACQUITTED.

Burned to Death—Found Dead in Bed—Married a Christian—Illinois Items.

LITCHFIELD, November 20.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Sarah J. Stephenson, on trial at Hillsboro, for the killing of Archibald Strahl, returned a verdict last night of not guilty.

OLNEY, November 20.—The little daughter of Wm. Sterchi of Preston was burned to death yesterday, her clothing catching fire at the grate.

CENTRALIA, November 20.—Thos. Stahl was fatally injured yesterday by falling slate in a coal shaft.

SHELBYVILLE, November 20.—The Public schools have been closed on account of diphtheria.

WINDSOR, November 20.—Gardner Gwinn, a farmer was killed yesterday while felling a tree.

QUINCY, November 20.—Miss Sadie Carwalho, a handsome young Jewess, eloped yesterday and was married to F. Rothged, a Christian. The affair created some excitement in Hebrew circles.

VIENNA, November 20.—The testimony in the Arnett-Newton trial closed this morning and the case was given to the jury.

East St. Louis.

The paraphernalia of the Salvation Army has arrived and the army will invade the city to-morrow.

A large number of the Catholic Knights of Illinois of this city will attend the State reunion at Carlyle, on Thanksgiving Day. Mr. Tissler, who has charge of the arrangements for transportation, has secured a rate of 50 cents for the round trip.

Two boys, aged 16 and 14 years, sons of Mrs. Lizzie Eckert by a former husband, who have been in an orphan asylum in San Francisco for the last twelve years, arrived in East St. Louis yesterday. The mother's and children's delight at the meeting was intense.

The strikers in the Whittaker packing-house trouble write to complain that in resuming business the company is discriminating against the old hands contrary to an understanding that such would not be done. The coopers are to be requested to refrain from work until the trouble is adjusted.

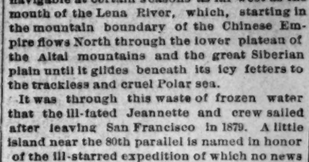
THE YAKUTI.

PEOPLE WHO EAT RAW FISH AND LIVE AT LENA DELTA.

An Officer's Trip on Dog-Sleds Through Asiatic Russia—The Weapons and Habits of the Mongols of North Siberia—Lieut. Wm. H. Schuetze—Two Trips to the Arctic Sea.

Through Behring Strait and along the line of the Northwest passage the Arctic Ocean is navigable at certain seasons as far west as the mouth of the Lena River, which, starting in the mountain boundary of the Chinese Empire flows North through the lower plateau of the Altai mountains and the great Siberian plain until it glides beneath its icy fetters to the trackless and cruel Polar sea.

It was through this waste of frozen water that the ill-fated Jeannette and crew sailed after leaving San Francisco in 1879. A little island near the 80th parallel is named in honor of the ill-starred expedition of which no news ever came until three years later when the Government of the United States learned that there was a party of shipwrecked seamen near the Lena Delta in Asiatic Russia.



The Dog Sled.

That was in 1882. Two brave and intrepid officers from the navy were assigned the duty of going to their relief. These were Lieuts. Harbor and Schuetze, the latter of whom is a resident of St. Louis. Although the official report of these gentlemen has been published by the Government and printed in nearly every journal of the United States, it gathered a new interest as related by Lieut. William H. Schuetze himself to a POST-DISPATCH reporter yesterday afternoon.

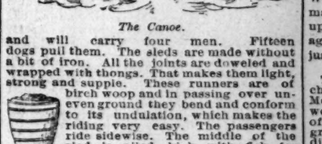
The officer sat in his parlor at 1024 South Eighth street as he talked. About him were the relics of his trip. "It was in February of 1882 that we left," he said, "Harbor and myself. It was easy travel to St. Petersburg, and not particularly difficult from there to Irkutsk which is near the Chinese north frontier. From Irkutsk to Yakutsk a fairly traveled road two thousand miles, but Yakutsk is the last settlement, and from there to the Lena Delta, where the Lena empties into the Arctic Sea, is a thousand miles more. As you know, we met eleven of the Jeannette survivors coming home. They represented all that were left of the crews of two of the Jeannette's small boats. The third boat was missing, and it was to search for her that we passed this band of returning explorers and continued north. At the end of two years we had not found the boat, but we did find and on the Government's instructions brought home ten dead bodies of the men who had been of the two crews mentioned. That was in February, 1884. In July we went back with the gifts of the United States to the natives of that arctic region who had been *The brake.* kind and helpful to the Jeanette survivors."

"What is their nationality?" the reporter asked.

"They are Mongols" answered the lieutenant, and then continuing his story he said: "From Yakutsk to the coast our journey was on dog sleds. Here is a model of one which I brought back. The originals are 14 feet long and about 2 feet wide,

The Canoe.

and will carry four men. Fifteen dogs pull them. The sleds are made without a bit of iron. All the joints are doweled and wrapped with thongs. That makes them light, strong and supple. These runners are of birch woop and in passing over uneven ground they bend and conform to its undulations, which makes the riding very easy. The passengers ride sidewise. The middle of the sled is piled high with fish for the dogs to eat. This bow which you see over the front is for the driver to hold. When approaching an uneven place, where the sled would be likely to capsize he leaps off, and running by the side with his hold upon this bow prevents the accident. This wooden club with the point of iron is the rake with which he checks the speed of the sled. The dogs that draw the sled are very intelligent. They work hard and can average 100 miles a day with a load and food men. Do you see these rings of iron at the top end of the brake? They are tied down when the journey begins. As it nears its finish each evening the driver unties them and sways the brake like a whip. The iron links ring almost like a sleigh bell, and that sound cheers the dogs, for they know they are getting near the journey's end. The drivers learn to throw these brakes and any dog of the fifteen stringing out ahead of the sled in pulling, if they pretend that lags or shirks is spoken to, and if persistently delinquent is struck with the missile. The driver then dexterously leaves his sled and picks up his stick as the sled, at its redoubled speed, passes it.



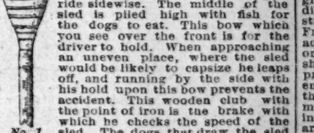
No. 1. sled.

"The reindeer sled is similar to *No. 2.* the dog sled, but shorter. Greater speed can be made upon them, but the deers are not so enduring as the dogs and cannot travel on the ice."

Another model shown by the lieutenant was of a boat. "The natives never see a tree large enough to make a boat from," he said. "Their wood drifts to them from the South. Their canoes are made by shaping a log pointed at each end and hollowing it out. After that the wood is steamed and stretched and these beams fixed across its middle which bow it to a very pretty and servicable shape. In these boats they paddle the rivers and lie in wait for the wild deer to swim them when they paddle up and spear them to death.

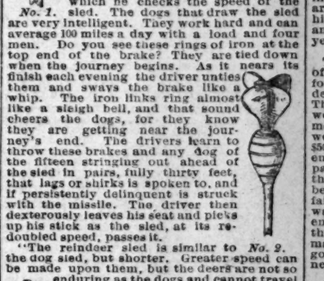
"Here are is a bow made from whale-bone," showing a weapon about five feet long. "The wrapping to it is of birch bark and the side is in-

No. 3. laid with a piece of mammoth tooth. The natives have some religious superstition about these mammoth, and will not disclose the burial place of one, but as you know they have been found, and their skeletons well preserved. They are five times the size of an elephant. A mammoth's tusk is curved almost double. I have stood upright in the curve of one. The piece which adorns the whole length of this bow is but a small section of the entire tusk. Here is a variety of arrows with different tips. This No. 1, broad and flat, is to kill small game without injuring its fur. The head is of bone. No. 2 is for the same purpose with a head of iron. No. 3 is for wolves. No. 4 is for bear. No. 5 is sharpened in the opening and is really like two knife blades. With that a native will cut the head clear off a duck. No. 6 is another flat head for killing without hurting the fur. No. 7 is an arrow ax. Often a squirrel will hide himself in the branches of a tree, and with this arrow they will lop off branch after branch until he is exposed to their shots. Iron is so scarce in that country that implements are made of wood, with only tips of iron, as you see in the shovel and ax which are here."



No. 4.

In response to an inquiry regarding the food of the inhabitants, Mr. Schuetze said that besides the game their subsistence was mainly upon fish. "Their method of catching fish is peculiar. The ice in the river in the winter is nine feet thick and with a steady temperature of 67 deg. below zero it keeps solid. Under it, however, the river runs to the sea. Well, as soon as ice begins to form at the conclusion of the short summer they stretch a net across the river keeping it attached to both shores with a line.



No. 5. *No. 6.*

A hole is made in the ice large enough to draw it out at one end while from the other side a line is paid out and runs under the ice so that the net may be drawn back. Each day the fisherman chops and picks stream these holes in which the new ice has formed. This dipper, which is like a tennis racquet is used to ball out the broken ice. In drawing their nets the fisher stands at the hole and uses both hands to pull the line. As the net appears he with a skillful kick, throws the fish out onto the ice. In that intense cold the fish in a moment freezes. Its gills burst open and the blood flows from them. These fish are eaten raw by the natives. The work of drawing one of those wet nets is very hard on the hands. The Yakuti, as the people are called, have no towels, but in their stead the fisherman carries at his waist an open bag of pulverized rotten driftwood or punk, and with each pull at the wet net he plunges his hands into the bag and bring them out as dry as a bone."

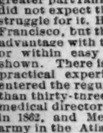
"Where do these people get the iron they use?"

"It is brought to them by the traders, who bring them stuff in exchange for furs and swindle them terribly."

"Were the gifts sent to them by the United States commensurate with the services these men had rendered."

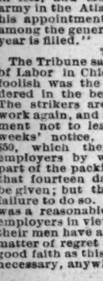
"Oh, yes. We took them tobacco, cutlery, ammunition, good guns and just such things as they needed; gold medals, too. They had a few guns up there, but they were the old flint-locks. Their delight when our party arrived with its gifts was picturesque in its demonstration. The presents might as well have rained down from heaven. Cut off as they are from all mankind they had no intimation of our coming until we were right there."

"Did they understand that the gifts were from the United States, and rewards for their kindness?"



The Ice Dipper.

"Not fully. I knew many of them personally, having been with them on the relief trip. They understood my return as gratitude, but they do not know the meaning of government. While nominally under Russian jurisdiction, they never feel it. There is no law or administration of justice among them. They are peaceably inclined toward the world, of which they see and know but little, and toward each other and are useful as collectors of furs."



A shovel.

"That is nowhere near the portion of Siberia to which the Russian exiles are sent?"

"Oh, no. The prisoners are sent to Southern Siberia into the mining district. That is a terrible country also, but no such waste of snow and ice as the Yakuti section."

An ax.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 20.—The WORLD says: "This scheme, conceived in iniquity and corruption and carried out in defiance of law will not be permitted to stand. * * * The people will demand the enforcement of the law against these municipal brigands.' So said the WORLD on August 31, 1884, the morning after the granting of the Broadway franchise. Persistently, and for the first eighteen months, practically alone in the effort, the WORLD demanded the prosecution of the bribe-givers and bribe-takers. It furnished, moreover, many important facts showing their guilt. Public sentiment responded vigorously. The WORLD and this public sentiment secured first the legislative investigation, and then the indictment of the thieves. It was long apparently a hopeless contest against intrenched vice, but the right has at last prevailed. Of its share in the great work the WORLD is justly proud. With a fearless spokesman to voice their demands the people may always be relied upon to confound in the end all conspirators against their rights and to bring the guilty to justice."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "The President made a characteristic move in selecting Surgeon J. Moore as Surgeon-General of the army. There were at least a dozen medical officers spoken of as candidates for the place, of whom the greater part ranked Surgeon Moore, while he did not expect the appointment or make any struggle for it. He has long been on duty at San Francisco, but this did not put him at a disadvantage with those who were at Washington or within easy reach of it as the event has shown. There is no question as to the large practical experience of Gen. Moore, who entered the regular service from Indiana more than thirty-three years ago. He was a corps medical director in the Army of the Potomac in 1862, and Medical Director of Sherman's army in the Atlanta campaign of 1864. With his appointment the last of the vacancies among the general officers of the army for this year is filled."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The influential Knights of Labor in Chicago must realize now how foolish was the recent strike which they ordered in the beef and pork-packing houses. The strikers are only too thankful to go to work again, and are willingly signing an agreement not to leave their places without two weeks' notice, under penalty of forfeiting $50, which they must deposit with their employers by weekly instalments. On the part of the packing-house owners it is agreed that fourteen days' notice of dismissal shall be given; but there is no penalty in case of failure to do so. It can not be denied that this was a reasonable demand on the part of the employers in view of the striking habits which their men have acquired. Yet it is properly a matter of regret that any such guarantee of good faith as this iron-clad contract should be necessary, anywhere in America."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "We commend to Mr. Cleveland's particular consideration the remarks upon the re-instatement of District Attorney Benton, made by the two newspapers which he has, doubtless, up to this time, read with the greatest satisfaction to himself. We mean the New York Times and the Evening Post, mugwumps both. All that he will find upon this subject in the Times, usually so full of happy praise for every digit at the Democracy, will be evidence of bland disappointment. That journal was, of course, hoping that Benton would be finally bounced and kept bounced forever. The Evening Post is more explicit. It thinks that Mr. Cleveland's act is a 'step backward.' The President need not read any Democratic journal to learn what the Democrats think. He should know that anything that makes the Times glum is sure to please the Democrats, and whenever the Evening Post thinks that Mr. Cleveland has taken a step backward, the Democrats are delighted, for it means that he has faced about, and is now marching with the Democratic party. And a little practice will enable him to keep step with great comfort to himself and satisfaction to all. This is a splendid country, and the Democratic road leads to glory and greatness."

THE WHEAT CROP.

###

the ice large enough to draw
ons and while from the other
ance is paid out and runs under
so that the net may be drawn
Each day the fisherman chops
s afresh these holes in which
ice has formed. This dip-
which is like a tennis racquet,
to bail out the broken ice. In
g their nets the fishers stands
hoic and uses both hands to
e lines. As the net appears he
skillful kick, throws the fish
to the ice. In that intense cold
it in a moment freezes. Its
first open and the blood flows
These fish are eaten
e natives. The work
of those wet nets is very hard
The Yakuti, as the people are
owels, but in their stead the
e at his waist an open bag of
n driftwood or punk, and
the wet net he plunges his
ng and bring them out as dry

se people get the iron they

to them by the traders, who
ff in exchange for furs and
cribly."
s sent to them by the United
surate
ed."
e took
utlery,
and grins. *The Ice Dipper.*
things as they needed; gold
They had a few guns
they were the old flint-locks,
en our party arrived with the
eople in its "demonstration,
ght as well have rained down
Out off as they are from all
d no intimation of our com-
r right there."
erstand that the gifts were
States, and rewards for their

ally. I knew many of them
ally, having been with them on
of trip. They under-stood my
s gratitude, but they do not
he meaning of government.
minally under Russian juris-
they never feel it. There is
w or administration of
among them. They are
ly inclined toward the
of which they see and
but little, and toward
her and are useful as col-
of furs."
is nowhere near the portion
which the
re sent?"
prisoners
Southern
mining
a terrible
t no such
nd ice as
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As ar.

TROPOLITAN PRESS.

rs of the New York Journals
ying This Morning.

e POST-DISPATCH.

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d satisfaction to all. This is
y, and the Democratic road
greatness."

WHEAT CROP.

the Condition of the Yield
estern States.

ber 20.—C. A. King & Co. of
he past four days have re-
from grain dealers and milli-
rly every important wheat
, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois,
ss. The reports show that
ge sown this fall is a trifle
nois, Indiana and Missouri-
ght decrease, and Michigan
The outlook for the
is very favora-
of the reports say
rty half of the last crop re-
or, country mills and ware-
over half full. Michigan has
s, Ohio next, while Indiana
e marketed more freely.
orts say farmers are dis-
corn; over one-third say
spare, and the remainder
l now.

Grammatical English.

News.

ard is 250 years old, and yet
w to play foot ball. With
vancement, she don't seem
es in scientific studies.

ven by the Boiler Makers'
's Hall on Thanksgiving
ds of the widow of Wm.
killed a month ago by falls
k of Fairbank's factories.

POLITICAL PROBLEM.

THE STRENGTH OF THE LABOR ELEMENT IN THE PRESIDENTIAL CONTEST.

Probable Outcome of a Tie in the Electoral Vote—Gen. Black's Wire-Pulling for the Vice-Presidency—Minister Scott's Faux Pas—The District Police Scandal—Chauncey F. Black and the Turkish Mission—Secretary Whitney's Business Methods.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 20.—Nearly all the public men who have lately made flying trips to the Capital appear convinced that a new party or labor element will figure in the next Presidential contest. The recent elections have indicated not only a strength, but an intelligent organization of the labor interests, especially in the pivotal State of New York, and in several Western localities, which the leaders will certainly thrust into prominence in 1888. Just what shape this will take, or what scope it will cover, or what power it will ultimately represent, no prophet can say. The movement may, as some suggest, be sporadic, showing strength in some localities and none at all in others. It may again spread generally over the country and gather under some one standard that immense labor element heretofore allied to one or the other of the dominant parties. All this is problematical—quite as vague as the usual run of gossip and predictions made in politics about events some time ahead. Assuming, however, that the labor element will place a candidate for the Presidency in the field for 1888, a close outlook will lend interest to a survey of the recent election result, from the standpoint of a possible election of a President by the House of Representatives. Should there be three candidates in the field, it is possible that neither of the great parties could show a majority in the Electoral College. In this event the plain course prescribed in the Eleventh amendment of the Constitution, passed in 1804, would be followed. The language is:

"But if no person has such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President, but in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote. A quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice."

The Democratic majority in the present Congress is absolute not only by members but by States. Had the present House been called upon to elect a President some curious anomalies would have been presented. The vote of each State is cast as a unit, and in the completion of the delegations the majority, of course, controls and casts that vote. In the present House the delegations of three States are exactly tied: New York, standing 11 to 11; Illinois, 10 to 10, and Connecticut, 2 to 2. As the Constitution provides no machinery for bridging its difficulty, the votes of these States could not have figured in the count, and the roll call by States would have elected the Democratic candidate by the following vote: Democratic States, 19; Republican, 16; not voting, 3.

The elections just over have not only reduced the bonafide Democratic majority to thirteen (leaving out of the calculation altogether the three Labor congressmen) but have materially revised the roll-call on a Presidential count by States. Fortunately the only delegation that would be tied, and hence could not figure in the estimate, is that of New Hampshire—one to one. Connecticut takes her place in the Democratic column by three to one, while New York and Illinois would be counted Republican. It is safe enough to resolve the present technicality in Rhode Island in favor of the Republican party and place that State, as usual, in that column. The Democratic losses by States are Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Virginia, offset by the gain of Connecticut and Minnesota. Leaving New Hampshire out of the calculation and figuring on a House count by States in a straight fight between the two great parties, the result would place a Republican in the White House by the following vote: Republican—California, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia, Wisconsin—20. Democrat—Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Minnesota, Missouri, North Carolina, Mississippi, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia—17. No election is recognized in a count by the House. Pocket-boroughs like Delaware, Rhode Island and Nevada are allowed the same voice as the great States of New York and Pennsylvania—one vote.

Secretary Whitney's Business Methods.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 20.—Secretary Whitney has made a new set of orders in regard to the contracts for cruisers, which is designed to place the whole subject of contracts on a business basis. He directs that all contractors shall be allowed full opportunity to know exactly what is expected of them. This done, if the contractors shall find at any stage of the work that the specifications are defective or will not produce the best results, they must communicate with the department before proceeding further, or otherwise they will be strictly held to the original contract. The department will not allow any extras after the work has been completed. The blank contracts authorize the Secretary, at his discretion, to employ a civilian inspector for the cruisers, whose compensation (not exceeding $250 per month) shall be charged against the contractors. The penalties for delay in construction beyond eighteen months after the date of contracts are $25 for every day during the first six months, $50 per day for the succeeding three months, $100 per day during the twenty-eighth, twenty-ninth and thirtieth months, and for every day beyond a period of two years and six months from the date of contracts, $200 per day. The requirements as to horse-power are as follows: For cruiser No. 1, maximum 8,000, minimum 7,000; cruiser No. 2, maximum 7,000, minimum 6,000: cruiser No. 3, maximum 9,000, minimum 7,000; gunboat No. 1, maximum 3,000, minimum 2,000; gunboat No. 3, maximum 1,400, minimum 1,000. For any increase of horse-power above the maximum the contractor will be entitled to additional compensation at the rate of $100 per indicated horse-power, and subject to a corresponding penalty for failure to develop the maximum.

Minister Scott's Faux Pas.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 20.—The chances are that Secretary Bayard will be compelled to ask for the resignation of Minister Charles Scott at Caracas, Venezuela, for having formed a close relationship with the Minister of the British Government at that point. It seems that the British Minister, not long ago, made overtures to Scott, which were accepted by the latter, to form a partnership and in the name of the two Governments prosecute the long lingering Venezuelan claim to an allowance. Minister Scott informed Secretary Bayard what he had done. The Secretary informed the Minister that he had no objections to his having taken action with her Majesty's representative, but he would not countenance any agreement he had made tending towards the payment of the Venezuelan claims. There is a rumor that Scott has perhaps complicated matters by entering into the partnership. Mr. Bayard holds that unless the business agreement is amicably arrogated he will be compelled to call for the Minister's resignation.

The Turkish Mission for Black.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, November 20.—Chauncey F. Black of Pennsylvania arrived in the city last night. He declined to place his name on the Ebbitt register, with the request that his presence in the city be kept a profound secret. His presence here at this time and under the circumstances is construed to mean one of two things, either of which is reasonable and by no means improbable. He is to be appointed Minister either to Austria or Turkey; the latter more probable. It is understood that the President desires him to be the successor of ex-Minister Cox, while Mr. Bayard wants him to go to Austria. Gov. Black prefers Constantinople, and it is safe to presume his wishes will be respected. He will call on the President this morning.

Gen. Black's Wire Pulling.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 20.—When Commissioner of Pensions Black, a few months ago, appointed ex-Chief of Police Dye to be chief of a special division in the Pension Office, it was thought it was because of Dye's having served in the army commission. It is stated by those who are familiar with the history of the ex-Chief that such is not the case. Dye has always been a Republican of the most pronounced type. The position to which he was appointed was not under Civil Service rules, and there is considerable speculation as to what reason Gen. Black had for giving him the position over that of several old Democratic ex-Union soldiers. Dye is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and for this reason it is said that Gen. Black appointed him with the hope of gaining favor with that organization, for the purpose of adding strength to his ambition to be Vice-President. A friend of Gen. Black says it is true that the Commissioner contemplates becoming a candidate, and believes that Illinois will be given the second place on the ticket with Cleveland. He says the Illinois delegation at the next National Convention will be for Cleveland against all others, not excepting Morrison. Gen. Black is now at work setting the Cleveland machinery in motion upon the prairies.

The New Surgeon-General.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 20.—The President, in selecting Dr. John Moore, now stationed at San Francisco, for the post of Surgeon-General of the army, gave another set-back to the office-seekers and wire-pullers. He was on the list of eligible candidates for promotion, and was the only one who had not any possible influence at the White House. This is said to be the chief reason why he was given the place. The President was sick unto death of the scramble. Dr. Moore is a Democrat like all Surgeons-General for years back—Hammond, Barnes, Crane and Murry. Dr. Moore has been for years on duty on the Pacific Coast. He has been an officer of the army since 1853. In 1862 he was the medical director of the Fifth Corps in the Army of the Potomac, and he was transferred afterward to the West, and served as the Medical Director of Sherman's combined forces in 1864-5. Since the war he has discharged various important duties, and when promoted was in charge of the Purveying Depot in San Francisco.

The Washington Police Scandal.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 20.—It was said last night that the District Commissioners have decided to remove the Chief of Police and Lieut. Arnold, against whom the chief made charges. The removal of the chief has been made imperative by the evidence, and it is believed that the commissioners will make haste in the matter in order to save their own heads. If they are forced to remove Chief Walker it will be very much against their inclination, and naturally present Lieut. Arnold, whom they had selected as a scapegoat, although this officer stands clear of any charges developed in the evidence. It is a question whether the President would be satisfied to have the matter rest with the dismissal of a stupid chief of police, who was evidently acting under the orders of some one else.

A Marvelous Exposition

of the beautiful and useful will be made on next Monday and Tuesday (*during the day, the evening openings being abondoned,*) by the MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., corner of Fourth and Locust.

You are cordially invited to be there.

A PUBLIC SENSATION

Which Health Commissioner Stevenson Says He Will Not Investigate.

When City Undertaker Morrell went to the dead-house at Female Hospital yesterday morning to remove the body of Lizzie Robertson, colored, to No. 913 Christy avenue, he found that the rats had gnawed through the white cotton winding sheet and had bitten the body. Though accustomed to handling bodies the mutilation of the corpse struck the Undertaker and assistants as something horrible. The rodent had attacked the body in fifteen different places cutting the shroud and gnawing small holes in the flesh. The disfigured body was transferred to 913 Christy avenue where the deceased, who died of alcoholism, had lived in an old tumble-down, from which it was buried.

Though the slightest maltreatment of a human corpse is revolting to think of this instance seems to be one in which no blame can be put upon anyone. The dead house is an old building hardly fitted for its peculiar purpose, but its unfitness was never so strongly suggested as in this case.

HEALTH COMMISSIONER STEVENSON

was seen this morning at his office and asked if the department would investigate the matter. "No, sir," he promptly replied. "There is nothing to investigate. I have no official report or knowledge of the facts at all. This morning Dr. Hulbert, the Superintendent of Female Hospital, sent in a requisition for five barrels of cement to repair the floor of the dead-house, but he made no statement or report concerning this. I was opposed to the location of the dead-house in its present place, but the funds of the department are very limited, and we cannot have everything as perfect as one could wish. If that body was there and the rats there it was very probable that they would attack it. The best that can be done is to repair the dead-house, and as far as possible guard against this happening again. There is certainly no one to blame and nobody to investigate.

When approached on the subject the officials at the City Hall professed to believe this case an ugly occurrence, for which, however, no one could be blamed. Notwithstanding these expressions it was evident that some feeling was concealed. The question was asked by some of the officials how the facts in this case became public before any official action was taken and the explanation offered by others was that some one was interested in making a sensational exposition of the poor facilities at this and other public institutions. In the Health Department the rule of reporting to superior officers in order of rank has not been regarded, and this case will probably bring up a discussion of the question as well as an investigation to ascertain if anybody was reprehensibly negligent.

MOTHER! STOP YOUR CHILD'S COUGH! Dr. J. H. McLean's Tar Wine Lung Balm will give immediate relief, is agreeable to take, and a positive cure. 25 cents a bottle.

IT WAS JUDGE WHITE,

But Now Judge Denison Presides in the Second District Police Court.

Justice Edward White retired this morning from the bench of the Second District Police Court in favor of Justice George Denison, whom the Supreme Court decided had been illegally removed. Justice White in no way figured in any effort to prevent Justice Denison from getting the place again. There was no ceremony, Judge Denison simply presenting the Supreme Court decision and taking Judge White's place. The change, however, leaves Mr. White in a rather bad position, as he gave up a law practice which he cannot recover, to accept the appointment.

STRAUSS' photos take the cake.
None can better pictures make.

North St. Louis.

Constable-elect Wm. F. Koch of the Tenth District qualified to-day.

Local Branch, No. 288, Order of the Iron Hall, will mark its first anniversary to-morrow night with an entertainment and hop, at the Social Turner Hall, Thirteenth and Monroe streets.

Last night between 9 and 10 o'clock an unknown man tried to effect an entrance into Adolph Dietz's clothing house, 2007 North Broadway, by going on the roof and opening the scuttle door. The noise attracted the attention of Mr. Dietz, who went up into the garret, raised the scuttle and looked out on the roof just in time to see a man escaping over an adjoining building.

WRAP the babe in spotless linen.
Strauss will take its picture grinnin'.

The New Blue Book.

The fifth volume of the Blue Book has just been issued by the Gould Directory Company, and shows a great improvement over preceding numbers in every department. A list of prominent citizens of Alton, Edwardsville, St. Charles, Kirkwood, and other suburbs has been added together with a complete list of the members of the various clubs in the city. The book is perhaps the most complete of its kind published in the United States. It is bound handsomely and printed upon very heavy paper. The office of the company is at 515 Locust street.

THE MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY.

A New Elevated Road Bill Introduced in the House of Delegates—The Tucker Bill.

At the meeting of the Council last night an ordinance was introduced vacating Carrie avenue. The Mayor's veto of the bill providing for repairs of the Poor-house and Female Hospital was sustained. James H. McNamara and Hiram Stiebel were elected to fill vacancies on the Mullanphy Board.

THE HOUSE.

When the House of Delegates met last night Delegate Coakley presented an ordinance authorizing the St. Louis Elevated Central Railroad Company to construct an elevated railroad commencing at Broadway and St. Charles street, west on St. Charles to Jefferson avenue and along the continuing alley to Grand avenue to the eastern terminus of the Narrow Gauge Railroad, over and along the bed of that road to Berlin avenue, along Berlin avenue to the west line of King's Highway. The motive power to be used is limited to electricity or cable, and the business to carrying passengers. The train will run from Broadway to Grand avenue in ten minutes, and from Grand avenue to King's Highway in fifteen minutes. The road will be constructed of wrought iron columns. The fare will not exceed five cents either way. In consideration for the franchise the company agrees to pay to the city $2,000 per year for five years commencing five years after the completion of the road; $4,000 per year for the next five years, and $10,000 per year thereafter till the expiration of the franchise. The franchise is requested by J. M. Thompson, B. S. Cunningham, August Gehner, F. A. Wann and G. F. Branham.

Delegate O'Neill introduced a bill limiting the use of the steam rollers on the street to the hours between 10 p. m. and 6 a. m.

Messrs. Brockmeier, Brueggemann and O'Neill were appointed a committee to investigate the charges of street laborers in the Twenty-fourth Ward, who accused the inspector of refusing to give them work on account of political disagreements.

On motion of Delegate Stone the Tucker elevated bill was taken up. Delegate O'Neill denounced the project as a Wabash scheme, and later suggested that it was a Kansas & Colorado scheme of entry. The vote by which the first section was adopted at the last meeting was reconsidered. An amendment permitting the road to carry "baggage and U. S. mail" was adopted. An amendment changing the route in North St. Louis was lost. The bill was then made the special order of business for next Tuesday without further action on the adoption of the amended section which caused several wrangles, some of the delegates charging that the bill was a scheme for one of the freight roads to obtain entrance to the heart of the city. The House adjourned to meet next Tuesday when the bill will be the special order of business.

The Exposition Eclipsed

At the grand opening of the E. Jaccard Jewelry Company, 307 North Fourth street. We will furnish you with charming music, with fragrant flowers, an elegant souvenir, and a view of the handsomest stock of goods in St. Louis. Don't fail to be on hand.

A BANKRUPTED CITY.

The Finances of the City of New Orleans in a Bad Condition.

NEW ORLEANS, November 20.—The city authorities of New Orleans are worrying over the budget. The income of the city for the current year was based on an estimate of a large sum derived from the sale of the street railway franchises. These, however, have not been sold, and the city finds itself in a financial strait as far as the payment of its officials for December is concerned. Mayor Guillotte says he will recommend the suspension of all city officers during December—that is so far as pay is concerned, and he expects that the men will submit to this. He says it is hard, but cannot be helped. The city is utterly unable to pay any but the most urgent expenses. The city cannot create a floating debt and unless it does this the men cannot be paid. He will have to lose his own salary, he says, and he is by no means a rich man.

Fancy Chairs and Rockers.

An endless variety of unique and graceful styles of chairs and rockers in reed, cane, rush, leather, plush and wood can always be found at lowest prices at

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.'S,
402 and 404 North Fourth street.

A JUVENILE CONVICT.

A Thirteen-Year-Old Manslayer—Sam Small a Failure.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., November 20.—William Wilson, aged 13 years, was lodged in the Penitentiary to-day to serve a three month's term for manslaughter.

Sam Small closed his services at this place last night. His eloquence is unquestioned, but he failed to arouse enthusiasm, and his visit is regarded as a failure.

MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor deliciously.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS.

A CARD.

Our store is so beautiful, our goods all so fresh and handsome, that for a day opening we can make very little improvement. In fact, we are open every day in the week for the reception of our friends and customers. But we will astonish you on the evenings of November 22 and 23 with our BEAUTIFUL ILLUMINATION, with CHARMING MUSIC, with FRAGRANT FLOWERS and an ELEGANT SOUVENIR, and we are confident if you favor us with a call you will not regret the evening spent at the

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.'S
307 N. Fourth St.
We are not on the corner.

We have our MUSH BREAD back to the old D. W. Style.

TRY A LOAF!

DIED.

HIRSCHBERG—November 17, at Denver, Colo., Mrs. LIZZIE M., wife of Robert L. Hirschberg.
Notice of funeral will be given.

HONIG—Friday, the 19th inst., at 11 p. m., of bronchitis, ALBERT EUGENE, only son of William H. and Agnes Honig (nee Gibbs), aged 3 years 11 months and 19 days.
Will be buried from the family residence, 1913 North Grand avenue, Sunday, the 21st at 2 p. m. Friends of the family invited to attend.
Kansas City papers please copy.

RATICAN—November 19, at 3 a. m., MICHAEL RATICAN, aged 64 years.
Funeral will take place from family residence, 1420 Morgan street, Sunday, November 21, at 2 p. m., to St. Xavier's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.
Leavenworth (Kan.) and New Orleans papers please copy.

WILLIAMS—Friday, November 19, 1886, JAMES WILLIAMS, aged 57 years.
Funeral Sunday afternoon, 21st inst., at 2:30 o'clock from the McLean building, No. 2 North Fourth street.

WHITSETT, UNDERTAKER.

Satisfaction or no pay. 1304 Olive st. Opposite Exposition. Reasonable charges. Telephone 473.

COR. OF 4TH & LOCUST.
REPAIRING
WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSIC-BOXES, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES; also RESETTING DIAMONDS,
CAREFULLY DONE
AT THE LOWEST PRICES
MERMOD & JACCARD
JEWELRY CO.,
4th & Locust. 4th & Locust.
Engravers, Stationers and Medal-Makers.
Wedding and Visiting Cards finely executed. Correct forms, lowest prices!

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE
Commencing Sunday, November 21
3....MATINEES THIS WEEK....3
Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Matinee and Evening, The Distinguished Irish Comedian and Vocalist,
Joseph Murphy
In Fred Marsden's Greatest of All Irish Dramas, THE
KERRY COW,
Supported by the Talented Young Leading Actress, MISS
BELLE ·:· MELVILLE
And a Powerful Dramatic Company.
Thursday (Thanksgiving) Matinee and Evening, also Friday, Saturday Matinee and Evening he will appear in the Great Companion Drama, by Fred Marsden, author of "Kerry Cow," entitled
SHAUN RHUE
Introducing Mr. Murphy's wonderfully successful
"A HANDFUL OF EARTH."
Sunday, November 28—R. L. DOWNING.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
TO-NIGHT AT 8,
MR. AND MRS. GEORGE S. KNIGHT
In their entirely Revised Success,
OVER THE GARDEN WALL
The Funniest Play of All!
Sunday, November 21—JOS. MURPHY.

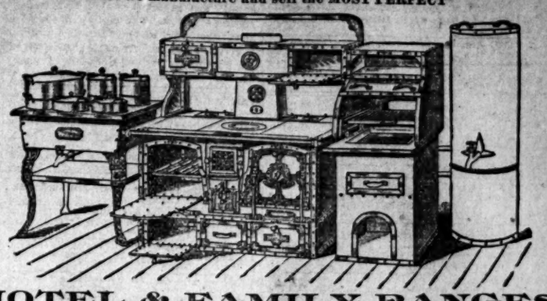
Hotel Beers. Pickwick Hall. Concordia Club.
Jacob Mahler's Dancing Schools.
Master of Ceremonies, Congress Hall, Saratoga, N. Y.; Member American Society Professors of Dancing, N. Y.
Pupils may enter at any time.
Circulars mailed. Address 2812 Locust street.

A GRAND FESTIVAL
For the Benefit of St. Kevin's Church,
Will be given at St. Kevin's School Hall,
Corner of Compton Av. and Rutger St.,
Tuesday and Wednesday Evenings, November 23 and 24. Tickets, 50c.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
TO-NIGHT AND SUNDAY MATINEE,
LITTLE LIZZIE EVANS!
—IN—
FOGG'S FERRY.
At Sunday Matinee a cabinet photograph of Miss Evans presented every lady purchasing reserve-seat ticket.
Sunday Night, Nov. 21—THE IVY LEAF.

BROADWAY & TREYSER'S PALACE MUSEUM,
North Sixth Street, near Franklin Avenue.
JAMES A. BARNES.....Sole Manager
Continuous Performances All Day Long.
Positively last week of the world's greatest freak, the
LIVING HALF-MAN.
JUST THINK OF IT! ½ OF A LIVING MAN.
No Illusion, but a REAL LIVE MAN.
ALEX. COOPER, The Giant.
ANNIE JONES, Bearded Lady.
GALLETTI'S Birds in a Drama.
SPRAGUE, the Living Skeleton,
AND
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN;
Or, LIFE AMONG THE LOWLY.
Open Thanksgiving Day from 10 a. m. to 11 p. m.
10c ONE LITTLE DIME. 10c
Admits to Museum, Menagerie and Theater.
SIEGE OF PARIS
Open Daily, Sunday Included, from 8 a. m. till 5 p. m.
Admission, 25 Cts. - Children, 15 Cts.

LET THE WHOLE WORLD KNOW!
That we manufacture and sell the MOST PERFECT



HOTEL & FAMILY RANGES
On the market. We stand solidly and firmly by
"The Home Comfort,"
and guarantee it in every particular. Write for Catalogue.
WROUGHT-IRON RANGE CO. 1901 Washington Av.
SALESROOM, 1003 OLIVE ST., ST. LOUIS, MO., U. S. A.

AMUSEMENTS.

American Opera
EXPOSITION BUILDING MUSIC HALL EXPOSITION BUILDING
November 29th to December 4th.
REPERTOIRE.

Monday November 29, FAUST.	Tuesday, November 30, HUGUENOTS. First Performance.
Wednesday, December 1, LAKME.	Thursday, December 2, AIDA.
Friday, December 3, FLYING DUTCHMAN.	Saturday, December 4, MATINEE, Merry Wives of Windsor.
CHORUS OF 100. Saturday, December 4, EVENING PERFORMANCE, LOHENGRIN.	BALLET OF 90.

THE DISTINCT FEATURES OF THE
American Opera Season
MAY BE ENUMERATED AS FOLLOWS:
First. Grand Opera sung in our own language by the most competent Artists.
Second. The musical guidance of THEODORE THOMAS.
Third. The unrivaled Thomas Orchestra enlarged in numbers and strengthened in its personnel.
Fourth. The largest regularly trained Chorus ever employed in Grand Opera in America, numbering 100 singers, and composed entirely of young and fresh voices.
Fifth. The largest Ballet Corps ever presented in Grand Opera in America, consisting of ninety-two dancers.
Sixth. Many thousand new and correct Costumes, for which no expense has been spared in fabric or manufacture.
Seventh. The Armor, Properties and Paraphernalia, the handiwork of artisans employed solely for this department, and made from models designed by the best authorities.
Eighth. The most brilliant and sensational electrical effects ever produced on any stage.
Ninth. The Scenery, transported in its entirety from New York; the exclusive property of the AMERICAN OPERA COMPANY; designed by the Associated Artists of New York, and painted by the most eminent scenic artists in America.
SALE OF SEASON TICKETS OPENS AT
Exposition Hall, Monday, Nov. 22,
At 8 a. m., and will be Continued for Three Days.

SCALE OF PRICES.	For Season.	For Single Nights.
Boxes, Parquet Floor, seating six persons each	$105.00	$18.00
Dress Circle, first four rows	15.00	2.50
Dress Circle, all other rows	12.00	2.00
Parquet	12.00	2.00
Balcony, boxes	12.00	2.00
Balcony, first four rows	10.00	1.50
Balcony, other rows	....	1.00
Admission, standing room only	....	1.00

POPE'S THEATER.
THANKSGIVING WEEK.
A Season of Delightful Frolic!
Salsbury's Troubadours!
Nellie McHenry....Nate Salsbury.
Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday Nights, Wednesday and Grand Thanksgiving Matinees in
A Magnificent Revival of their Laughable and Musical Extravaganza,
"THE BROOK."
Friday and Saturday Night, also Saturday Matinee, in an Original Farcical Comedy, adapted by Mr. Fred Williams and G. L. Stout, entitled
"THE HUMMING BIRD."
AN AVALANCHE OF FRESH ODDITIES.
Sunday, Nov. 28—Carleton Opera Company.

OLYMPIC
Amberg's New York Thalia Opera Co.
TO-NIGHT AT 8,
TRUMPETER OF SACKINGEN.
Second Week, Farewell Performances.
Sunday Evening.....Don Cæsar
Monday Evening.....Beggar Student
Tuesday (first time here).....A Night in Grenada
Wednesday, Benefit of MISS EMMY MEFFERT, first time here.....Maid of Belleville
Thursday (Thanksgiving Matinee).....Black Hussar
Thursday Evening.....Don Cæsar
Friday Evening, Benefit of MISS SELMA KRONOLD, first time here) Lorling's.....Undine
Saturday Matinee.....Merry War
Saturday and Sunday evenings' performances will be announced hereafter.
Monday, Nov. 29—Miss Clara Morris.

STANDARD.
To-Night, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday Matinees
J. W. BAIRD'S
MAMMOTH MINSTRELS!
Next Week—Edwin Hanford in the great sensational drama, PARTNERS IN CRIME.

POPE'S Farewell Performance of America's Greatest Actress,
MRS. D. P. BOWERS!
TO-NIGHT AT 8 (Double Bill),
LUCRETIA BORGIA and JEALOUS WIFE.
SUPPORTED BY
Mr. JOS. WHEELOCK and Her Own Co.
Sunday, November 21—Salsbury's Troubadours.

CASINO,
Fourth street, opposite Southern Hotel. The only theater presenting first-class specialties, consisting of novelties and sketches nightly, reparably rendered in our own peculiar way. New faces and programme every Monday.
25c ADMISSION.....50c
N. B.—Matinees Tuesdays, Thursdays and Sundays. Admission at all matinees, 25c.

DOCTORS
IRELAND AND ANDERSON,
who have attained such phenomenal success in the East in the treatment of CHRONIC DISEASES have opened an office at 1227 Washington avenue, St. Louis, Mo., where they are demonstrating to the people of St. Louis that diseases hitherto considered incurable are successfully cured in a few days.
Drs. Ireland and Anderson, Positively Cure in from 10 to 90 days, Catarrh in its most repulsive stages.
Deafness of the most obstinate character.
Sore eyes of every form without the use of cauties.
Hernia (rupture), Piles, Fistula, Fissure, Ulceration of the Rectum and Hip Disease Positively Cured with a single treatment.
Cataract successfully removed by a new and improved method.
Cross eyes straightened in one minute; the most delicate surgical operations upon the eye performed in the most satisfactory manner. Many have been restored to sight who have been pronounced hopelessly blind by some of the most noted oculists in the country.

GLASSES.
Dr. Ireland grinds glasses by actual measurement for each individual eye, with the focusing qualities scientifically correct. He is supplied with the finest French glass, made and imported to his especial order, which sifts the heat out of the light, rendering the eye perfectly cool, thereby preserving the sight instead of destroying it, as is so frequently done by inferior glasses.
The Doctors are the inventors of a new electrical method for the RADICAL CURE OF RUPTURE. Treatment given in from 5 to 30 seconds. No cutting, no sewing, no danger, no failures.

PILES.
Piles, Ulcerati on, Fistula, Fissure, Stricture, Polypus, and all other diseases of the rectum are cured by Drs. Ireland and Anderson by a single treatment. There is no class of diseases that reaps as rich a harvest of victims annually, neither is there any class of diseases so little understood by physicians generally, as the diseases of the rectum. Thousands die annually that were treated for supposed Liver and Kidney diseases. Dyspepsia, diseases of the Bladder, Female Weakness, Spinal Disease, Consumption, Paralysis, etc., etc., when in reality their disease was located in the Rectum, and which, if discovered and properly treated, would have resulted in restoration to health.

ROBBED THE GRAVE.
Only those who have lain upon the bed of affliction for months and years awaiting with anxious impatience the closing hour when death shall relieve the distress of a supposed incurable disease, can realize as I do what it is to be restored to perfect health. Such was my case. Having been confined to my bed for more than two years with what a number of physicians had pronounced incurable Bright's disease, physicians and friends were daily expecting my death. Under these circumstances Dr. Anderson was called upon, who made a very careful examination of my case and told me I had no disease of the kidneys but ulceration of the Rectum, for which he treated me. I began to improve immediately, and in three weeks was able to walk down stairs. In six weeks I walked a distance of one mile to his office. In four months I resumed my position with the N. Y. P. & O. Railroad as shipping clerk, at Dayton, Ohio, where I may be addressed. I am now enjoying perfect health, for which I am indebted to Dr. Anderson.
HOSEY HOYT.

HERNIA.
I once suffered from rupture, which was so bad that I could not lift at all, and many times while walking it would come down and give me great trouble. Drs. Ireland and Anderson treated me and cured me perfectly. About six weeks after the treatment my horse threw me into a ditch, giving me a general shaking up. I fully expected it would cause a return of the rupture, but on getting up I found that I was as sound as I ever was. I wish these gentlemen success in their good work, as I am confident they can do all they advertise and more too.
W. E. BELL,
Coal Merchant, Norwalk, Ohio.
May 22, 1886.

To Whom it may Concern:
From a personal acquaintance with Drs. Ireland and Anderson, for a number of years, and having the benefit of their professional services in my own case, I can cheerfully recommend them as high-minded, honorable and successful physicians, worthy of the confidence of all.
GEORGE W. GEDDES,
Member of Congress.
Washington, D. C.

BARNES, O., July 1, 1886.
I was blind from black cataract for several years. Was operated on by a Chicago oculist without relief. Dr. Anderson then operated and restored me to almost perfect sight. I am 75 years old, and by the aid of a cataract glass which the Doctor furnished me, I am able to read newspaper print.
MRS. GEORGE MCFARLAND.

MANSFIELD, O., October 10, 1886.
Drs. Ireland and Anderson cured me of almost total deafness from which I had been afflicted for ten years. I know them to be honest, successful physicians.
CHARLES SO

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Centenary Methodist Episcopal (South) Sixteenth and Pine—Or. re-new Rev. John Matthews will preach morning and evening.

Union Thanksgiving Service at the Second Baptist Church on Thanksgiving Day at 11 o'clock a. m.; sermon by Rev. Wm. Harris. Pastors of the city Baptist churches will conduct the service. All are invited.

St. George's Church, corner of Beaumont and Chestnut streets. Rev. Robert A. Holland, rector. Holy Communion at 7:30 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 10:45 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m.

Dr. Rhodes, of St. Mark's Lutheran Church, will occupy his pulpit on Lord's day as usual. In the evening he will deliver the thirteenth sermon in the series on prayer. Subject: "The Church and Prayer."

St. Mark's Lutheran Church, corner of Bell st. and Cardinal av. M. Rhodes, D. D., pastor. Morning service at 10:45. Evening service at 7:45. Sabbath-school at 9 a. m. Lecture and prayer service, Wednesday evening at 7:45.

First Congregational Church, J. G. Merrill pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday-school at 12 m. November 21, morning: "The Openness of a Christian Experience." Evening: "In your Knowledge Supply Temperance."

First Presbyterian Church, corner of Locust and 14th sts. Rev. George Martin, pastor. Divine service Sunday, November 21, at 11 o'clock a. m., and at 7:45 o'clock p. m. subject of evening sermon, "The Gospel of the Betweens." All are cordially invited.

Second Presbyterian Church, n. w. cor. 17th st. and Lucas place. Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D. D., pastor. Divine service, Sunday, November 21, at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. in the chapel. A cordial invitation and welcome extended to all.

St. John's M. E. Church, south, Twenty-ninth and Locust sts.—Regular services Sunday, 21st inst., commencing at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. B. M. Messick, pastor in charge. Will preach morning and evening. Sunday-school, 9:15 a. m. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church.—Grand avenue head of Washington avenue. Rev. A. Nelson Hollifield, D. D., pastor. Residence 3420 Washington avenue. Services every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Young people's prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Welcome.

Church of the Messiah (Unitarian), corner Garrison av. and Locust st. Rev. John Snyder, pastor. Sunday, November 21, 1888, preaching at 10:45 a. m. Subject: "The New Calvinism of Science," and 7:30 p. m., subject: "Charity Seeketh Not Her Own." Sunday school at 12 m. Mission Sunday-school at Mission Chapel, corner Ninth and Wash sts., at 2:45 p. m. Everybody invited.

Lafayette Park Presbyterian Church (opposite western gate of the park). The Pastor, Rev. George P. Wilson, will preach on Sunday, at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sabbath school meets at 9:30 p. m. Young people's meeting Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening same hour. Teachers meet for study of the lesson on Sabbath morning at 10 o'clock. All are cordially invited to all meetings.

Pilgrim Congregational Church, corner Washington and Ewing avs.—Rev. Henry A. Atkinson, D. D., pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m., the usual after meeting following this service. Bible-school at 12 m. Young People's meeting of Society of Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Pastor's Bible-class Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:45. This church and congregation will unite in Thanksgiving Day service with the First Congregational Church. Welcome.

Second Baptist Church, corner of Beaumont (27th) and Locust streets. The pastor, Rev W. W. Boyd, D. D., will preach at 11 o'clock m. Subject, "Thanksgiving." At 7:45 o'clock p. m. he will deliver a discourse, "Echoes from the 250th Anniversary of Harvard College." A choir of fifty male voices, directed by Prof. Bowman, will render the music sung by the Alumni at Cambridge. Church Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Afternoon at school at 3 o'clock. Midweek service Wednesday evening. Young peoples' service Friday evening. All are welcome.

LODGE NOTICES.

THE members of Washington Lodge, No. 24, I. O. O. F., are requested to attend our next regular meeting on Monday evening, November 26. Special Deputy Grand Master, Brother Robert Morris, will be present to give instructions in the secret work of the order. Members of sister lodges are fraternally invited. HY. STEMLER, N. G.
WM. HEPNER, Permanent Secretary. 33

RED CROSS LODGE, No. 54, Knights of Pythias—Officers and members will meet at Castle Hall at 1:30 to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late frater, Geo. W. Eaglesfield; be prompt. WM. P. THOMAS, C. C.
Attest: NATH. W. HUNT, K. R. S. 33

OLIVE ST. PHOTOGRAPHERS can't compete; Parsons will go them one better; 12 cabinets, superior in style and finish, a life-ize portrait twice the size, they often send superior finish, for 75 cents 14x17 portrait and 12 cabinets for $5.50. 1407 Market st. Be on time; December 1 the last day. 33

ORDER IRON HALL IN LOWELL.

A meeting was held at No. 5326 N. Broadway, Thursday evening, November 18, for the purpose of explaining the objects and benefits of the Order. Remarks were made by E. H. Jerrolds, D. D. J., Mr. E. Stephens, Mr. W. Mollman and others, after which the ball started to roll with ten signatures to the charter list, which is a favorable showing for a new branch. A second meeting will be held Thursday evening, November 25, which should be attended by everyone who has his future welfare at heart.
E. H. JERRALDS,
CONRAD HUBER,
P. S.—Don't forget the number. 33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Bookkeepers.

WANTED—Situation by responsible experienced bookkeeper. Address L 17, this office. 36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Any kind of clerical work by a well-educated gentleman; can invest some money. Address W 18, this office. 37

WANTED—A situation by a No. 1 salesman until January 1, 1887; gents' furnishing goods, clothing and cloak department. Ad. L 19, this office. 37

The Trades.

WANTED—Situation by a good engineer with license; willing to run day or night. Address S17 Bremen av. 38

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—Situation in private family by man and wife; experienced, first-class help; no washing; fine cook; city reference. Add. D 20, this office. 40

Boys.

COLD roast turkey with jelly, 25c. Wm. G. Mil-ford's, 209 N. 6th st. 41

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—By a young man, situation of any kind; can give best of reference. Ad. R 19, this office. 43

WANTED—Situation, by colored man, as porter in saloon; ref. fur. Ad. J. L. S., 1410 Mor; an st.

WANTED—Situation of any kind by young man of 20; not afraid of hard work. Ad. M 19, this office.

WANTED—Situation by colored man to attend two or three furnaces. Call or add. 3403 Olive st.

WANTED—By a young man of 22 years, a situation with some wholesale house; references. Address B 20, this office. 43

WANTED—Situation by good young man with good horse and light buggy; will work for $12 a week. Address S 18, this office. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Drug clerk; can attend college if wanted. Address G 20, this office. 54

WANTED—A city drummer for grocers' sundries; established trade; on commission. Address S 20, this office. 54

WANTED—By a wholesale drug house, a traveling salesman for the neighboring states who has an established trade. Address R 20, this office. 54

WANTED—A young man about 17 or 18, of good character and address, as collector in the city, who can deposit $100 security. Call after 5 or on Sunday at J. J. Donovan's, 2270 S. Jefferson av. 54

TRY a Fulton Market Stew, 25c. Wm. G. Mil-ford's Oyster Parlor, 209 N. 6th st. 54

Laborers.

WANTED—Railroad contractors, miners, coal and quarrymen to know that the St. Louis Shovel Company (formerly Groom Shovel Company) manufactures for their special uses the highest grades of shovels, spades and scoops, and that they are warranted to give more service for the money paid than any other similar goods produced in this country. All goods guaranteed against defect or breakage. Works, Dugdale and Vandeventer avs. Office and salesroom, 207 N. 2d st. 59

Boys.

WANTED—Colored boy to take care of a horse and cow and other work. 3694 Pine st. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A young man to assist in kitchen. Apply at 825 S. 4th st. 62

WANTED—Hostler and washer at 1894 Morgan st.; German preferred. 62

WANTED—Nov. 22, on our lines, four young men to learn telegraphing, to qualify for situations paying $75 to $100. Apply immediately to Union Telegraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator.

BLUE Points and Little Neck Clams, 25c per dozen, any style. Wm. G. Milford's, 209 N. 6th st. 63

HELP WANTED—MALE.

The Trades.

WANTED—A good watchmaker. 419 Chestnut st. 58

WANTED—Six mattress makers; six lounge upholsterers. Apply at once at 1421 N. 6th st. 58

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—A young lady wishes a situation in candy store or confectionery as as saleady; can furnish best city reference. Ad. P 20, this office. 44

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—A position for cutting, fitting, draping and designing in a first-class dress-making or dry goods house, either in St. Louis or Chicago. Address H, 16, this office. 46

General Housework.

WANTED—Situation by a German, experienced housegirl. 3508 Palm st. 48

WANTED—Situation to do general housework by young widow with child aged 7½ years. Call at 4399 Gano av. 48

WANTED—Situation by two girls, one for housework and one for plain sewing and light housework. Address 1111 N. 15th st. 48

WANTED—A place in family to assist with housework and sewing; wages no object, must be a cheerful home. Address P 20, this office. 48

WANTED—Steady place to assist with light housework by a good girl who would appreciate a good home; reference; no postals answered. Call at 2130 Biddle st., in the rear. 48

FAMILIES will be provided with good servants; only such will be recommended. Call 1610 Park av.

HOTELS, restaurants, families, institutions and others, in city or country, furnished help for any work; good girls furnished work, 25c; lodging, 15c a night until work is given. 917 N. 18th, old 14th, between Franklin av. and Wash st. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's. 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by colored woman to live out; good cook. 2950 Scott av. No pos als answered.

WANTED—A situation for a first-class German girl to cook, in a private family; reference required. 1002 Chestnut st. 49

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation, by a girl, to take care of children and do light housework. 2760 S. Lynch.

Laundresses.

WANTED—Situation by German woman; small family washing to take home. 404 S. 7th st. 51

WANTED—A first-class laundress will go out by the day or week. Call or address 2610 Laclede av. 51

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by a young girl as dishwasher in a restaurant, or pantry girl. Address A 20, this office. 52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Two responsible ladies to se'l new articles; sells easily; $1.50 to $2.50 per day made on commission of sales. Chas. F. Zeuch. 728 N. 12th st., up-stairs. 63

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—First-class waist finishers; also tailoress; one who has worked on coats or ladies' cloth suits; apply at once, or on Sunday morning, at 2404 N. Broadway, Mrs. Swain, up-stairs. 69

General Housework.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 1119 Locust st. 66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework. 1715 N. 13th st. 66

WANTED—A small girl to assist in general housework. 1013 Monroe st. 66

WANTED—A girl to wash and iron, also do general housework, at 4318 John av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family; good wages. 3656 Finney av. 66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework. Call or address, 3751 Finney av. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework with reference. Apply at 3214 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework, apply at once at 2630 Lafayette av. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in a small family No 1948 N. 9th st. 66

WATTED—Good girl for general housework in small family. Apply 2618 Howard st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2700 Lafayette av., side door, over meat market. 66

WANTED—A good German cook to assist with housework at 2210 Olive st. Call at once. 66

WANTED—A good woman for general housework; one that goes home at night. 1806 Olive st. 66

WANTED—Respectable girl (German or Swede) in a American family to do housework; no washing. 1727 California av. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework for family of two. Call Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. 1500 S. 19th st., 2d floor. 66

WANTED—A small girl from 12 to 15 years in small family to assist with light housework. Inquire 1443 N. New 16th st., up-stairs. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework; must cook some; small private family. Apply Monday morning at 3332 Bell av. 66

Laundresses.

WANTED—A laundress for three days in the week; city reference. 2741 Locust st. 67

Cooks.

WANTED—At 3528 Pine st., a good cook. Apply Monday morning. 68

WANTED—Good cook; one that will assist with washing. 2808 Pine st. 68

WANTED—Woman to cook and man to work around the house. 2206 Olive st. 68

WANTED—A first-class cook, washer and ironer. Apply at once at 3736 Cook av. 68

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron in small family. 3009 Glasgow place. 68

Nurses.

WANTED—Young girl to attend to baby and assist in housework; family of three; one preferred who can room at her own home. Call Monday morning at 310 S. High st. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A girl, 10 to 12 years old, at 1018 S. 9th st. 71

WANTED—White widow to wash and sew for a gent. At dress S 20, this office. 71

WANTED—First-class chambermaid; also colored boy for dining-room and frets. 610 Elm st. 71

WANTED—German girl wishing a good home in small family at fair wages. Call at 2735 Bacon st. 71

WANTED—Nov. 22, on our lines, four young ladies to learn telegraphing, to qualify for situations paying $60 to $90. Apply immediately to Union Telegraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator.

BLUE Points and Little Neck Clams, 25c per dozen, any style. Wm. G. Milford's, 209 N. 6th st. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Three good canvassers to handle the Patent Michelin Red Spreads on the installment plan; agents making from $2 to $6 per day. W. L. Fontaine & Co., 1812 Franklin av., City. 73

$350 PER MONTH.—Salary and commission to competent Manager for this city or State. Agency. A splendid combination. Our AUTOMATIC GAS GOVERNORS save 30 per cent in gas bills. Our Silver Gas Lights can be attached to any fixture, instantly changing the dull, sickly, yellow flame of any gas to a soft, mellow, luminous white, increasing brilliancy 50 per cent. Over 8,000 in service. Address
THE UNION NATIONAL GAS SAVING CO.,
73 21 East 14th st., New York.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

TRY an oyster omelette, something fine. Wm. G. Milford's, 209 N. 6th st. 26

WANTED—A quantity of old machinery and stove scrap iron. St. Louis Malleable Iron Co. 26

WANTED—Hauling with one-horse delivery waron. Ad. D. Russiler, 610-12 N. 11th st.

WANTED—A pair of solitaire diamond eardrops about half carat. Address Q 21, this office. 26

WANTED—To buy cheap a good lathe, suitable for sewing-machine repairing. Geltz, 1319 N. Market st. 26

WANTED—To buy a black and tan pup; must be small breed and fine. Address, stating price, P 19, this office. 26

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 8

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored; money advanced if when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 S. 8th st. 84

STORAGE—For furniture, pianos, carriages, trunks etc.; inspection solicited; reduced rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc. R. U. Lemoen, jr., & Co., 1008 Olive st. 51

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—"Jennie M." or "May F." write "Mather" through general delivery. 1

PERSONAL—Will some honorable gent assist a young lady. Address S 19, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Will some kind gentleman help a young widow in need of assistance. Address W 20, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Roast turkey and venison Sunday dinner, 25c, at the new Olive Restaurant, 915 Olive st.; convenient to Post-office. 1

PERSONAL.—Hillside: Why don't you write. Anxious to hear from you P. D. Q. Have you forgotten the celebration. C. Y. E.

PERSONAL—Lawyer of 30 from the South desires acquaintance of young lady of good family; no triflers. Address T 20, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Wanted, by a young widow lady, the acquaintance of an honorable gentleman who will assist her at once; must be strictly confidential. Address C 20, this office 1

PERSONAL—Gent desires the acquaintance of a lady or widow about 33 years; object, sociability and friendship; street appointments not noticed; state in strict confidence were can be seen. Address D 21, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady. M. D. 1422 Olive st., Electro-magnetic hand baths, and baths of all kinds for ladies and gentlemen. Baths are a necessity and a luxury. Patrons can have choice of male or female assistants. 1

ALL SORTS.

BIG Sunday dinner at the new Olive Restaurant tomorrow, 915 Olive st.; roast turkey and venison; regular dinner, 25c; bring your friends and have a good time. 1

CO D roast turkey with jelly, 25c. Wm. G. Milford's, 209 N. 6th st. 32

HIGHEST prices paid for cast-off clothing. Send postal. M. B. Cohn, 624 Morgan st. 32

H. J. MILLER,
BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,
Coffee and Ice Cream Saloon. Sign of the Big Coffee Cup. Southwest corner Fourth st. and Clark av. 32

SMOKY CHIMNEYS and brick jobbing a specialty. Composition Stone and Tile Company, 21st and Washington av. 32

WANTED—Ladies to call at southwest corner of Market and 6th sts., at the Anti-Monopoly Drug Store, where all goods are sold 5c to 20c less than at other places, and try a 10c box, contains 25 of the Tonic Liver Pills. As these contain iron and certain strengthening vegetable ingredients, specially adapts them for sick, wan, run-down shunned ladies and gents. The peculiar natural healthy glow of the skin and eyes and cheerfulness follows at once. 32

C-O-A-L!
James A. Smith & Sons' Ice and Fuel Co.
Offices: 817 N. 7th st., 18th and Clark av.
Cheapest firm yet for Dutch Hollow, Anthracite and Blacksmith Coal. Cordwood or Kindling. Send postal.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co. 513 Walnut St.
Loans large and small amounts and builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly Terms greatly reduced. 32

Chas. T. Fitzpatrick & Co.,
Commission Merchants and dealers in butter, cheese, eggs, poultry, game, etc. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to. 1002 N. Fourth st., corner Franklin av. Telephone No. 3147 32

PATENTS KNIGHT BROS., S.E. Cor. 5th and Olive sts., 3d floor. Patent Lawyers. Solicitors and Experts. Mention this paper. s32

THE ZEPHYR!
PORTABLE $50 HEATERS
Dispense with grates, stoves and furnaces, and are placed in any part of a house or hall, heating five ordinary connecting rooms, with a perfectly uniform temperature throughout. For churches, schools, churches, banks, warehouses, etc. Any stove man or smart boy can set one up in an hour. Call and see them in operation.
ZEPHYR MANUFACTURING CO.
32 808 Chestnut st.

SOMETHING NEW!
A real country dairy, in the heart of the city. The following company have been producing a very rich quality of milk at Shipman, Ill., for years, but having no opportunity of introducing it before the people as Shipman (Ill.) Milk. We have now succeeded in making a permanent location at 816 N. Jefferson av., St. Louis, Mo., where will be found at all times after September 1, in quantities to suit the customers, Shipman (Ill.) Milk and Cream in its rich and pure state as it comes from our dairies at Shipman, Ill. We handle only Shipman, (Ill.) Milk and our patrons can depend on getting such at all times. A trial of our milk is kindly solicited. Respectfully, Shipman (Ill.) Milk Company, 816 N. Jefferson av., wholesale and retail dealers in milk and dairy products. s32

BOARDING.

216 S. 4TH ST. (Opposite Richardson's drug store) Attractive rooms, scholars to colleges, find this a convenient place to board; large rooms and cheap prices; for particulars please call. 18

906 MORGAN ST.—Private boarding; terms reasonable. 18

1011 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Pleasant room and board for two gents desiring a good home; terms low; half a block from cable. 18

1012 CHOUTEAU AV.—One nicely furnished second story front room with board, etc., also several other furnished rooms. 18

1119 LOCUST ST.—Fur. rooms, large and small, with or without board. 18

1127 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished front rooms, with or without board. 18

1216 WASHINGTON AV.—Four medical students wanted to occupy two nicely furnished second-story front rooms, with gas and fire and board in a private family; terms reasonable. 18

1224 WASHINGTON AV.—Large, newly furnished front room suitable for 3 or 4 persons; also first-class board if desired in a refined family. 18

1314 PINE ST.—Rooms with first-class board $4.00 per week 18

1424 WASHINGTON AV.—Second-story front furnished or unfurnished, with good board. 18

1605 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without board; mod. prices. 18

1718 OLIVE ST.—Large second-story front room, with board; also, hall-room. 18

1808 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, single or en suite; fire, light and attendance; first-class board. 18

2210 OLIVE ST.—A nicely furnished second-story room and board in private family; terms reasonable. 18

2321 CHESTNUT ST.—One or two 2d-story rooms, unfurnished, with or without board; private family. 18

3130 PINE ST.—Second-story furnished room with board, for two gents or couple; reference required. 18

3509 LINDELL AV.—Rooms single or en suite, with good board; terms reasonable. 18

FOR RENT—Gent and lady can find elegant 2d-story front; good board. Address M 20, this office. 18

FOR RENT—Pleasant room; private family, fuel and light, for two young men; close to Franklin av. cars. Address O 19, this office. 18

FOR RENT—Small family have large house, best part Laclede avenue, will let one or two best rooms with board to gentleman and wife or two gentlemen. Address K 20 this office. 18

FOR RENT—Two gentlemen or gentleman and wife can find newly furnished 2d-story front room, with board, in private Christian family; one block of cable. Address D 19, this office. 18

HOTEL GARNER—Southeast corner 7th and Walnut, room and board per week $5; day $1; rooms. 18

WANTED—Young lady boarder; no reference; comfortable home. Ad. C 20, this office. 18

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—A good, comfortable, small room for the winter by gent of 30. Address K 19, this office. 21

WANTED—Three or four furnished rooms or small furnished house for light housekeeping. T. J. T., 621 Chestnut st. 21

WANTED—A respectable lady and daughter would like to rent a furnished house of six or eight rooms, centrally located; price must be reasonable; best reference given. Address H 20, this office. 21

WANTED—By December 1, two connecting unfurnished rooms, with board, in private family, by family of three adults; on or near Chouteau av.; give location and price; references exchanged. Address F 21, this office. 20

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Nov. 19, gold spectacles in black covered case; a liberal reward if returned to 2722 N. 9th st.

LOST—Brindle cow, white spot over each hoof and end of tail. Return to G. W. Tolle, 1932 Warne av., opposite O'Fallon Park, and get reward. 30

LOST—At Nugent's, Saturday, 13th, small pocket-book containing $30; one $20 gold piece, paper, silver and two bridge tickets. Return to Nugent; $10 reward. 30

STRAYED OR STOLEN—Sky terrier; name on collar and license; reward given if returned to 2722 Gurdan, 829 S. 7th st. 30

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

12 N. 7TH ST.—Newly furnished single and double rooms to man and wife or two single gents. 13

29 S. 16TH ST.—Two pleasant front rooms neatly furnished for light housekeeping. 13

121 N. 7TH.—Nicely furnished front rooms on second floor; gas and fire; rent moderate. 13

205 CENTER ST.—Two rooms, kitchen and cellar; in good order. 13

205 N. 6TH ST.—Two rooms, second floor, unfurnished. 13

205 S. 15TH ST.—Nicely furnished room for housekeeping; also hall room; rent low. 13

208 N. 12TH ST.—Large front and one front hall room; fire; references required. 13

303 N. 12TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms and one hall room, with fire. 13

310 S. HIGH (23d) ST.—Three unfurnished rooms on second floor for light housekeeping, to small family; water paid; rent $15 per month. 13

404 S. 7TH ST.—One pleasant front room for tight housekeeping; one back room suitable for two gents or light housekeeping; $7 a month. 13

414 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Will four gents take elegant furnished 2d-story front room, front and back en suite, and find a good home? 13

519 FRANKLIN AV.—Two neatly furnished rooms for light housekeeping; good accommodation.

609 N. 7TH ST.—Two handsomely furnished front and back rooms; also two en suite; terms low, by week or month. 13

609 N. 12TH ST.—Furnished rooms in strictly private family. 13

702 N. 4TH ST.—People's House, nicely fur. rooms from 25c to $1 per day; open all night. 13

713 S. BROADWAY—Neatly furnished front and back parlor, single or en suite. 13

718 S. 6TH ST.—One nicely furnished front room for two gents, or gent and wife. 13

719 CHESTNUT ST.—One large front room, with fire, $3.50; back room, $1.50. 13

811 WALNUT ST.—One furnished room, suitable for two gents or man and wife. 13

908 CHOUTEAU AV.—Elegantly furnished room, without board; fire, gas, etc. 13

910 PINE ST.—Rooms for rent; gentlemen only; gas and bath. 13

913 N. HIGH ST.—One large furnished front room; also one small room. 13

917 N. 13TH ST., (old 14th)—between Franklin av. and Wash—Furnished rooms, lodging $1.25 a week. 13

932 N. 15TH ST.—Nicely furnished second-story front room; suit two or three gents or couple. 13

1009 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two elegant parlors, nicely furnished; en suite or single; fire, gas and bath; first-class table board convenient 13

1009 PINE ST.—Furnished front and back parlor. 13

1015 CHESTNUT ST.—Finely furnished front rooms, second floor; also, small rooms; $1.50 a week 13

1017 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with gas and fire, suitable for two gentlemen or gentleman and wife; terms reasonable. 13

1023 N. FRONT AV.—Furnished hall rooms; $1 per week. 13

1023 N. COMPTON AV.—Two large, bright front rooms, southern and eastern exposure; first-class neighborhood; near cable line; terms moderate. 13

1101 CHOUTEAU AV.—Second-story front room; also other rooms. 13

1113 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front rooms on first and third floors for gents or light housekeeping. 13

1117 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms for rent, suitable for gents or light housekeeping. 13

1121 PINE ST.—Furnished room on first floor. 13

1123 CHESTNUT ST.—Front and back parlors to rent. 13

1124 PINE ST.—Two large elegant connecting rooms unfurnished; large hall; northern and southern exposure; front and rear balcony; for $6 each, and other rooms. 13

1126 PINE ST.—Light finished basement; water and gas; also, nicely furnished rooms, large and small. 13

1136 S. 7TH ST.—Three rooms, first floor; also, one furnished front room, nice for light housekeeping. 13

1214 PARK AV.—Four rooms; gas and water. 13

1228 CLARK AV.—Nicely furnished rooms, with gas and range for light housekeeping. 13

1305 CHESTNUT ST.—First-class furnished rooms. 13

1314 PINE ST.—Rooms neatly furnished, $1 per week and upwards. 13

1315 MADISON ST.—Unfurnished rooms on 2d floor, for housekeeping. 13

1402 ELLIOTT AV.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room, suitable for man and wife or two gents; convenient to three lines of cars. 13

1424 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room. 13

1507 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished and unfurnished large and single rooms; fire, gas and bath. 13

1520 CHESTNUT ST.—Three unfurnished rooms, first or second floor; water in kitchen, attic, cellar and yard. 13

1536 GRAT OT ST.—Three rooms, second floor; no objection to colored people with references. Apply at 19 N. 6th st. 13

1604 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms for two gents and wife; reasonable rates. 13

1607 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished second-story front room for gents or man and wife.

1613 CHESTNUT—Well furnished back parlor $8 per month with fire; a small room for $5, fire. 13

1627 WASHINGTON AV.—Very pleasant, well-furnished rooms; gas and all conveniences; also two nice basement rooms, unfurnished. 13

1618 PINE ST.—Now is the time to get a nice cheap room for winter. 13

1622 PINE ST.—Neatly furnished rooms, front or back, first or second floors; all conveniences. 13

1706 N. 10TH ST.—One front room furnished; 2d floor. 13

1730 CARR PLACE (Wash st.)—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping or sleeping; board, $2.25 per week; breakfast and late dinner. 13

1800 WASH ST.—Large desirable furnished rooms for light housekeeping; also small rooms.

1802 OLIVE ST.—Two connecting rooms for housekeeping; also front room and one hall room 13

1803 CARR ST.—Furnished or unfurnished rooms; also lady room-mate wanted; near cable line. 13

1807 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished second-story front and back room; terms reasonable; private family. 13

1918 SULLIVAN AV.—Four elegant rooms; first floor; all conveniences; cheap rent. 13

2007 N. 9TH ST.—Three large rooms in good order. Apply to 519 Franklin av. 13

2016 EUGENIA ST.—One nice furnished parlor. 13

2025 PINE ST.—A pleasant room for single gent; terms moderate. 13

2114 OLIVE ST.—A nice, third-story front room, suitable for one or two gents. 13

2116 CLARK AV.—A very desirable furnished second-story front room. 13

2116 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished room; fire, gas, large closet; suitable for gentlemen; $12. 13

2120 OLIVE ST.—A desirable room, convenient to first-class board. 13

2210½ OLIVE ST.—A suite of two or three rooms, furnished or unfurnished. 13

2240½ WASHINGTON AV.—An elegantly furnished room; private family. 13

2305 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms. 13

2338 CARR ST.—Four rooms; with water; second floor. 13

2346 CHESTNUT ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms in a private family for gentlemen. 13

2604½ FRANKLIN AV.—Handsomely furnished second-story front room to nice parties; cheap. 13

2605½ WASH ST.—Nicely furnished second-story front room suitable for two gents or man and wife.

2635 CHESTNUT ST.—Second and third floors of this first-class private house; handsomely furnished with every convenience for light housekeeping if desired; no children; reference required.

2808 MORGAN ST.—Furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping; all conveniences. 13

2831 FRANKLIN AV.—Second-story front; four windows south; nicely furnished; $15; ref.

2937 OLIVE ST.—Unfurnished parlors; gas, bath, fire and attendance. 13

2949 GAMBLE ST.—Two rooms, second floor; reference exchanged. 13

3416 LOCUST ST.—Three rooms; 1st or 2d story; water, etc.; cheap. $11.
DAVID BAILEY, 809 Chestnut st. 13

3417 OLIVE ST.—Five-room flat; bath; hot and cold water, etc.; only $16.50 a month; water free.
DAVID BAILEY, 809 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms, hall and all conveniences. Address N 20, this office. 13

FOR RENT—2310 Eugenia st.; six rooms, second and third floor; all conveniences. Inquire 2312 Eugenia st. 13

FOR RENT—Three or four nice rooms, with water, to small family very cheap; rent taken out in board by owner if agreeable. Apply Sunday at 3627 Lucky.

FOR RENT—To gentleman, one large furnished front room; southern exposure, with private family; West End; on Washington av. car line. Address B 21, this office. 13

FOR RENT—A flat of three rooms on second floor of house No. 522 S. 23d st., near Randolph st.; in best order; $16.
H. L. CORNET & CO., 13 110 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT—Clemens Flats, northwest corner 11th and Howard sts., suite of four rooms on first or second floor, in nice order; water, etc., all paid; $15.
H. L. CORNET & CO., 110 N. 8th st. 13

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, second-floor front, on cabbs near 22th, for gentlemen; $15 per month. Add ess G 14, this office. 13

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping; newly papered; all conveniences; rent cheap. Inquire at 2804 Chouteau av. 13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

313 POPLAR ST.—5-room brick, with large stable and lot; rent cheap.
4th and Carrie av., 5-room cottage, cheap.
KEANE & GRACE,
14 215 N. Eighth st.

710 S. 18TH ST.—A 6-room house; bath, front and back yards. 14

1012½ ARSE AL ST.—Nearly new, 5-room brick; only $10. Apply 501 N. 4th st. 14

1018 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Two-story stone front house, mansard roof, containing eight rooms. Inquire at Jos. Schnaider's Brewing Co., office, 2000 Chouteau av. 14

1022 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Two-story stone front house, mansard roof, containing eight rooms. Inquire at Jos. Schnaider's Brewing Co., office, 2000 Chouteau av. 14

1111 MADISON ST.—Six room house in good order, $17. Apply at 1113 Madison St. 14

1222 VANDEVENTER AV.—6-room house, all conveniences. Cavender & Rowse, 213 N. 8th. 14

1818 HICKORY ST.—New two-story stone-front house; mansard roof, ten rooms, laundry, bath, etc.; finished, in first-class order; Home Comfort furnace; rent, $60 to good tenant.
JOHN BYRNE, JR., & CO.,
14 618 Chestnut st.

2109½ UTAH ST.—Four-room house; water in 2 kitchen; $10 per month. 610 Chestnut. 14

2327 AND 2329 CHOUTEAU AV.—Six rooms each; bath, gas, water and bath; good location for boarding-house; rent low to a good tenant; G. W Baumhoff, 2207 Washington av. 14

2708 LOCUST ST.—Three-story brick dwelling, newly papered and painted; apply on premises. 14

3029 CHESTNUT ST.—Two-story 8-room house; papered throughout; $40.00.
H. L. CORNET & CO., 110 N. 8th.
14

3612 CASS AV.—Near Grand av., nice six-room, all modern conveniences, with laundry and bath; $22.50.

4025 BELL AV.—Just finished, a handsome two-story brick and terra cotta; eight rooms, with every modern convenience; keys at 4021. H. Orpen, 404 Market st., room 210. 14

FOR RENT—Seven rooms, hall, yard, cistern, etc., only $10, to small satisfactory tenant; 40 minutes on Pine st. line. Address A 21, this office. 14

FOR RENT—Cheap, 2944 Clark av. and 413 Montrose av., six room houses; all conveniences. Apply to J. RYAN,
14 605 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—8-room stone front, all conveniences, in perfect order; Cass av., near Garrison av. low rent.
TONTRUP & CO.,
14 626 Chestnut st

FOR RENT—807 Clarkson place, just south of Morgan street and east of Vandeventer, new stone fronts; hall, bath, closets, electric bells, etc.; $500 per annum. JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.,
14 206 N. 8th.

FOR RENT.

4624 N. Grand av., stone-front, 6 rooms..... $30 00
2634½ Lafayette av., brick; 7 rooms..... 22 50
2511 Bailey av., brick, 6 rooms and stable..... 20 00
918 Warren st., 9 rooms..... 20 00
Kennerly, w. Taylor av., 5-room bk. & stable. 15 00
912 N. 20th st., 7 rooms, etc..... 25 00
Furnished house, 9 rooms, s. w. Lafayette Park, 9 rooms, fine yard..... 60 00

STORES! STORES!

718 N. 2d st., 1-story warehouse..... $ 35 00
1000 Broadway, 2-story business house..... 166 00
3419 Olive st., fine large store..... 30 00

FLATS! FLATS!

2212 Olive st., 7 rooms, third story..... $ 30 00
2417 Olive st., 5 rooms, third story..... 16 50
3416 Locust st., 3 rooms, first & second story 11 00
14 DAVID BAILEY, 809 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT.

1820 N. Grand av., 5 rooms..... $15 00
4406 Hunt av., cottage, 3 rooms..... 8 00
1408 Boyle av., cottage, 3 rooms..... 6 00
2815 Easton av., 3 rooms, 2d floor..... 12 00
2816, 2818 and 2820 Easton av., 3 new stores, good business location, only $15 each.

MEAGHER & NAGLE,
S. E. Cor 9th & Chestnut Sts.

FOR RENT.

917 and 919 N. Ewing av., each 8-room stone-fronts, in excellent order; cheap rent.
1422 N. 11th st., nice 6-room brick; only $15.
2522 Papin st., 6-room brick, newly papered and whitened, in splendid order; only $35.
2706 and 2708 Lucas av., 10-room stone-front houses; will sell on easy terms to ten

CARD

store is so beautiful, our
all so fresh and handsome,
for a day opening we can
very little improvement. In
we are open every day in the
for the reception of our
and customers. But we
tonish you on the evenings
ember 22 and 23 with our
TIFUL ILLUMINATION,
CHARMING MUSIC, with
RANT FLOWERS and an
ANT SOUVENIR, and we are
ent if you favor us with a
u will not regret the even-
ent at the

ACCARD JEWELRY CO.'S
307 N. Fourth St.
We are not on the corner.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

L and consult Mme. Cafrel, the New Orleans fortune teller. 12 S. 14th st. 74

CLAIRVOYANT—All call on Mme. Maree, the great and noted clairvoyant and astrologist, the most powerful mystic sight in clairvoyance of the nineteenth century; the greatest self-sustaining test medium in America; has been publicly tested and challenges the world; consult her on dead and living friends or enemies, on business matters, marriages, lost loved ones, or any description; reveals mysteries, locates hidden coin or mineral, locates lingering disease and gives the charm of the ancient talisman for luck, breaking evil influence, witchcraft, causing speedy marriages and those who forsake you to return. Mme. Maree is the greatest living natural clairvoyant on earth, she reads your secret and open life from the cradle to the grave with as much ease as though an ordinary conversation; asks no questions, uses no cards of any description in her profession. Ladies in trouble call. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. 1226 North Eighth st. (old Thirteenth), corner of Wash streets. Consultations sent by mail. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Louisa Massock, ladies' physician; takes ladies to board during confinement. 1219 Chouteau av. 27

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent midwife; business strictly confidential; attended with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st. 74

PERSONAL—We offer $1,000 reward for a cough or throat trouble (last stages of disease excepted) which cannot be relieved by a proper use of Dr. Sage's Bronchial Wafers. Sample free. Address Sage Medical Co., Quincy, Ill. 74

ME. ST. JOHNS, clairvoyant and magnetic healer, from the East, 708 Chestnut, open evenings. Call.

MRS. G. LUBY, mother of the great fortune teller, Mrs. Wilcus, gives luck, tells fortunes, can be consulted on affairs of business, love and matrimony; gives name and age of easter and present sweethearts; satisfaction guaranteed. 502 N. 15th st., between St. Charles st. and Washington av. 74

ME. MAREE'S Magic Witch Salve; will cure viper and mad dog bites, witchcraft tumors, ulcers, cancers, rheumatism, lameness, crippled limbs, queer sores, scrofula, catarrh, spine disease and neck trouble. Will remove any disease of every description. Prepared and sold by Mme. Maree, 528 N. Ninth (old 13th), corner of Wash. Consultations and orders sent by mail, St. Louis, Mo. 74

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, the great and unequalled fortune-teller, clairvoyant and astrologer, gives positively successful advice in all matters of love, matrimony, business, lucky numbers, journeys, lawsuits, contested wills, divorce, speculations, etc. She unites friends and lovers; causes speedy marriages, removes family troubles, recovers stolen, mislaid or buried property; treats spiritually all diseases; female complaints a specialty; positive cure of drunkenness guaranteed. 810 N. 15th st., near Franklin av. 74

Pref. Laredo, the famous and phenomenal astrologer and fortune-teller, treats all diseases spiritually. He unites those separated, finds lost and buried property, gives lucky and unlucky days for all kinds of business, races, contests, option-deals, lottery, lawsuits of every kind, journeys, and prevents sickness and all misfortunes. His advice is invaluable to business men, lovers and married people, in all affairs of life. Pref. Laredo is the recipient of numerous medals for his crowned heads of Europe in recognition of his services. Send for his infallible cure for drunkenness and his Indian-healing balm. 907 North Eighth st. (old Thirteenth), near Franklin avenue. 74

MME. SHERMAN, the world-renowned and highly celebrated queen trance Clairvoyant of the Atlantic Coast. Mme. Eddy was born with a double veil and is a seventh daughter. She possesses more wonderful powers than you ever met. Tells your entire life, past, present and future, in a DEAD TRANCE. Every hidden secret revealed. Tells FULL NAMES of her friends and the FULL name of your future HUSBAND or WIFE, with AGE and DATE of MARRIAGE, and whether the one you love is TRUE or FALSE. Tells all your business affairs with almost truth. In tests she tells your mother's full maiden name and the names of all your family, their ages and description. Clairvoyantly all your future will be told or written in an honest, clear, business manner in a dead trance. Gives winning horses and numbers. Tells whether stocks will rise or fall. Tells you when to buy or sell. Tells you the date to come to the lady first and be convinced. If she can't tell you nobody can. Positively no impositions. Tells whether you will marry RICH or POOR. Tells you how many children you will have. Tells you the sex of unborn children. Tells you when you will die. Tells you how to live to be 100 years old. Tells you how to keep your youth and beauty. Tells you how to make money fast. Tells you how to get rich. Tells you how to get your lost friends or lovers. Tells you how to get your rights in lawsuits. Tells you how to get your lost property. Tells you how to get your lost money. Tells you how to get your lost health. Tells you how to get your lost love. Tells you how to get your lost husband or wife. Tells you how to get your lost children. Tells you how to get your lost relatives. Tells you how to get your lost friends. Tells you how to get your lost enemies

F. W. GUERIN, PHOTOGRAPHER,
Twelfth and Washington Avenue.
Highest prize awarded at National Photographic Exhibition, Cincinnati, 1884; medal awarded at Paris Exposition, and gold medal awarded at the World's Exposition, New Orleans, La., 1885. Special attention paid to Crayon and Pastel work.

CITY NEWS.

LADIES should not fail to see the magnificent new line of knit-wool caps now being shown at D. Crawford & Co.'s, and more especially the elegant line of toboggan caps, of which they show the only complete choice in the city, and at the moderate price of $1 each. Close to-night at 7 o'clock.

BOYS' and YOUTHS' CLOTHING
MADE TO ORDER.
Our department for making Boys' Clothing to order is a great success. We make children's suits to order from $3 to $15; boys' suits to order from $12 to $18; youths' suits to order $18 to $25.
MILLS & AVERILL,
Southeast Corner Broadway and Pine.

GUERNSEY FURNITURE COMPANY.
(Boston Designs.)
Factory and retail salesrooms 304, 306, 308 Locust, between Third and Fourth. See our bedroom suits, $20, $26, $35, $50 to $450.

FOR a stylish and nobby suit of clothes it will pay you to examine our stock. We carry the finest stock in the city and make suits 20 per cent less than our regular prices to reduce our fall and winter stock.
J. D. MAGUIRE & SONS,
St. James Hotel Building.

DR. E. C. Chase,
611 Olive street. Set of teeth, $3.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgences. Call or write.

SLY MISS STRYKER.

A Pretty Flatbush Girl Elopes with Her Divorced Cousin.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 20.—Miss Violette Stryker, the pretty 23-year old daughter of Mr. Garrett Stryker of Flatbush, dressed herself in her best on Wednesday morning and left the house, saying that she was going to New York to make some purchases and visit friends. On that night when her father and mother were becoming anxious over her absence, a telegraph message was received from her that she had been married in Jersey City to her cousin, O. B. Mott, and would not be back, and also asking for the forgiveness of her parents. Mott is ten or twelve years older than she, and this is his second marriage. Four years ago when he had an interest in a store in Brooklyn he married Miss Spear, the daughter of a trunk manufacturer. There was a separation a year ago, Mrs. Mott, with her 2-year-old daughter, going to her father's house. Last week she obtained an absolute decree, her husband not interposing any defense. All through the troubles with his wife Mott was a regular visitor at his uncle's house in Flatbush, and his attentions, especially for the past two or three months to his pretty cousin did not escape the observation of her parents, each of whom was strongly opposed to a match between Mott and their daughter. The cousins were well aware of this fact and carried on a clandestine correspondence. As soon as the decree of divorce was entered against him Mr. Mott determined to go with his cousin to another State and get married. Mr. Stryker was found last night reclining in his invalid chair, at the old house on Flatbush avenue and Broadway, nearly opposite the old Dutch Church, which the family have attended all their lives. He said: "This is the first scandal that has ever occurred in the family and we are greatly distressed over it. We had no intimation that my daughter was going off to get married when she went away on Wednesday. My nephew, Ed Mott, had visited the house frequently and he was very attentive to Violette, but such a thing as a match between them was something we did not have any idea of. I will not have anything more to do with them."

A notice of the marriage was telegraphed yesterday to a Brooklyn paper with a request that it be inserted. Mr. Stryker was communicated with by telephone, and he asked that the notice should not be inserted. Mr. Mott and his bride returned to Brooklyn yesterday. They have taken up their residence at 484 Macon street. Last evening Mrs Stryker collected all her daughter's clothing and every other article belonging to her and sent them in an express-wagon to the Macon street house. Mr. Mott, it is said, intends to open a saloon in this city.

Receiver's Sale of Engravings, Etc.
Great bargains in engravings, etchings, etc., at Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

A CANDID CROOK.

A Youthful Thief's Strong Plea for a Chance to Reform.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 20.—"Can I warm myself?" inquired a half-frozen lad, who entered the Eldridge Street Station-house early yesterday morning. He was small and narrow-shouldered, and as he spoke he burst into tears. When asked what was wrong, he said: "I am a thief, but I wish I wasn't. I haven't had anything to eat for nearly two days now, but I'm not going to steal again, if I should starve. I was born in Pittsburg," he continued; "my name is Henry Blakslee, and I'll be 17 years old next January. At the age of 12 I went to school in Webster, Mo. One day I saw the teacher put $100 in a stocking and place it in a drawer, and when no one saw me I took it. I was dismissed from the school, and then my parents sent me to a college in Jacksonville, Ill., where I remained for two years. By my father's death I inherited $4,000, which I received in installments from my guardian, but as soon as I got it I squandered it. Two years ago there was not a cent left of the $4,000, and my mother, in trying to reform me, became insane and was sent to an asylum in Boston. She was cured, and soon after her release she married a second time. I did not like my stepfather and I stole from him. He finally kicked me out of the house. Three weeks ago I came to this city from Pittsburg, and I've been stealing everything that I could lay my hands on. I stole an overcoat belonging to Walter Camp, a clerk at the New Haven Clock Company office at 16 Park place. I found his card in one of the pockets."

Food was provided for the boy, after which he was placed in charge of the doorman while Detective Boyer went out to investigate the larceny of Camp's overcoat. It was all true and Camp recovered the coat in the pawn office where the penitent thief had pawned it. Mr. Camp, however, refused to prosecute the lad. At Essex Market it was decided to have the boy placed on the receiving ship Minnesota.

Please Take Note of the Fact
that after duly considering the probable inclemency of the weather and the undesirability of leaving one's home to come down town after dark, *we have concluded to abandon all evening displays*, and invite you to attend our magnificent opening, which will commence Monday, 9 a. m., and continue during the day only on Monday and Tuesday next.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Corner of Fourth and Locust.

Death of Congressman Arnot.

ELMIRA, N. Y., November 20.—Hon. John Arnot, Jr., Member of Congress and millionaire banker, died at 2 o'clock this morning at his home in this city. He was 56 years of age.

A GOOD dinner is not complete without good wines. All who would procure first-class goods, champagnes, Rhine wines, Clarets, Burgundies, Sauternes, port, sherries, cognac, whisky, cordials, stout, ale, etc., call at Louis Halle's, 808 North Broadway, who imports all wines direct through the St. Louis Custom-house. Specialty made of family trade.

THE "ACHARNIANS."

AN UNSUCCESSFUL PRESENTATION OF THE GREEK PLAY IN NEW YORK.

The Performance for the Benefit of the American Archæological School at Athens—A Financial Success—Actors Who Did Not Understand Their Lines—Defects and Errors Criticised.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 20.—The purpose of the representation of the "Acharnians" given last night at the Academy of Music, was to raise money for the American Archæological School recently established at Athens. Its object has been satisfactorily accomplished. The play drew a full house of the most cultivated and scholarly of the citizens of New York, all of whom seemed in a most appreciative and indulgent mood. Unfortunately this is the most that can be said in favor of the performance of last evening. We can make this somewhat sweeping criticism all the more readily and freely, that the object of the representation will not be in any degree defeated thereby. It was in every sense well that but few of the audience either understood the language of the play or were intimately familiar with its plot. Had the case been otherwise the representation would, beyond any doubt, have been pronounced a failure, except in the choice parts in which the language and the historic and antique element counted for nothing. It was a somewhat suspicious fact at the very first to find in the Greek of the programme puerile blunders in spelling and accentuation. This was, indeed, the key-note to the whole performance. It was puerile throughout, and showed an almost unaccountable want of intelligence of the play. This will doubtless seem a very harsh criticism, but it is strictly true. It was perfectly evident that the actors had only the most superficial acquaintance with the meaning and purpose of the play, and almost no understanding of its humor and tone. This was especially true of the chief actor, who impersonated Dicæopolis. He was almost everything that he ought not to have been, and nothing that he ought to have been. He was young and beardless, looking a youth of 16, whereas he ought to have looked at least 40. He spoke with all the monotony and soullessness of

A PROFESSIONAL AUCTIONEER,

showing no sign that he was in any degree aware when he came to a humorous passage. His gestures, which had evidently been studied with some view to grace, had no connection whatever with the words he was pronouncing. His whole action and delivery were cold and formal, like that of a school-boy reciting a task. Some of the minor characters were little better and the Coryphæus even showed a little life and appreciation of what he was saying. The pronunciation of all, without exception, was bad, being utterly without method or principle. It adhered neither to accent nor to quantity, nor to both. It was a mish-mash, excruciating to the ear. It was a great pity that the actors could not have been persuaded to adopt the modern pronunciation, which, though doubtless different from that of Aristophanes, does make Greek seem a living speech, and is certainly no more different from the ancient pronunciation than a modern stage with footlights is from an ancient stage. Again, the stage furnishings were ridiculously insufficient and made many expressions not only meaningless, but ludicrous. For example, Euripides, instead of speaking from an upper window, as the text makes him do, speaks from the ground floor of his house, and, even in some cases where it would have cost nothing to harmonize words and action, this was not done; again, where Decassopolis tells Lamachus to lay down his shield on its back, and Lamachus answers, "There it lies," the stage Lamachus keeps his shield on his arm. One is almost inclined to suspect the actors derive what they knew of the meaning of the play from the translation given in the libretto, which was in the hands of most of the audience. This translation, which was made up from two notoriously bad translations, was itself notoriously bad, being no more like the original than the back of a Brussels carpet is like the face of it. If a translation was to be given at all, it ought to have been

AN ACCURATE PROSE ONE

which it would be possible to make so as to preserve many of the very amusing puns and double allusions. The directors of the representation of the "Œdipus Tyrannus," produced some years ago at Cambridge, fell into the same mistake of giving in their libretto an almost barbarous translation, cut up into irregular lines and, by courtesy, called poetical. Though we must set down last night's representation as, on the whole, a failure, we must not neglect to make an exception in favor of the performances of the chorus, in so far as these were musical. Not very much was to be said for its action or for its comprehension of what it was saying, but its singing, which was undisguisedly modern, deserved praise and was warmly applauded by the audience. Something also is to be said in favor of the costumes and the manner in which the actors managed them. But on the whole, it must be admitted that what ought to be the chief end in placing ancient plays upon the modern stage—namely, to make the audience realize in a clear and genial way, the atmosphere of ancient life and so to widen their own lives by opening their eyes to a new aspect of the world—was not in any great degree accomplished. Of course, there were elements in the original representation of Greek plays which are not likely to be reproduced, and which the Theater of Athens has stored, which, if the American Archæological School does its duty, it may some day be; but still it is quite possible, even on a modern stage, to produce an illusion not very different from that of the original representation. In the present instance that was not done. It is with sincere regret that I make this adverse criticism, but in the interest of truth and genuine scholarship, I am forced to do so. I expected a great deal from the play and I have been disappointed. Of course, I don't forget that the actors were undergraduates of a college, amateurs and not professionals, but even amateurs might have done much better. I hope that, having taken the trouble to commit the play to memory, they will hereafter strive to understand it and under careful guidance learn to act instead of merely auctioning it. The Protagonist and the Coryphæus must have prodigious memories, and it is a pity they should not use them to the best advantage. After all, the American Archæological school will owe a lasting debt of gratitude to the young men who acted the "Acharnians" last night.

THOMAS DAVIDSON.

PLEASE remember that on
NEXT MONDAY AND TUESDAY,
during the day only, evening displays abandoned,
occurs the GRAND OPENING of the
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
CORNER 4TH AND LOCUST.
☞ *You are cordially invited.*

A DESPERADO LAID LOW.

Cotton Warehouse Burned—Post-Office Robbed—Accidentally Shot—Texas Topics.

GALVESTON, November 20.—It is reported from Orenburg that Tegarano, a desperado of the frontier, was captured and shot by Mexican soldiers near Reynosa.

HOUSTON, November 20.—Zeigler's cotton warehouse was destroyed by fire yesterday. It was the work of an incendiary.

DALLAS, November 20.—The Post-office at Floresville was robbed a few nights since. The thieves were arrested in Denton County last night.

CALDWELL, November 20.—A colored boy was accidentally shot at the Gregg farm yesterday by the careless handling of a revolver.

During the day only, evening displays abandoned.
On Monday and Tuesday next
occurs our Grand Opening.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
CORNER 4TH AND LOCUST.
☞ *You are cordially invited.*

Dr. Wesseler's Case Continued.

The case against Dr. Frederick W. Wesseler, charged with failing to report a contagious disease, namely diphtheria, was docketed for hearing in the Fourth District Police Court this morning. Maj. McGinnis, attorney for Dr. Wesseler, had the complaint amended so as to read, "any contagious or infectious disease," instead of "any contagious and infectious disease." He announced himself ready for trial, but the city took a continuance until the 26th, the children in the Prinzen family being still sick and their parents being unable to be present as witnesses.

During the day only, evening displays abandoned.
On Monday and Tuesday next
occurs our Grand Opening.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
CORNER 4TH AND LOCUST.
☞ *You are cordially invited.*

GERONIMO'S SURRENDER.

Gen. Miles Says It Was an Absolute One—The Recent Campaign.

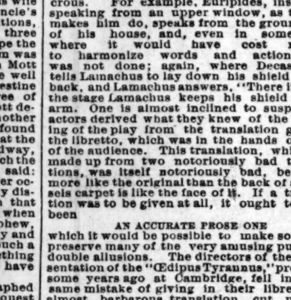
WASHINGTON, November 20.—Gen. Miles arrived in this city last night, and is stopping at the Ebbitt House, whither his wife and children preceded him yesterday. In an interview with a Post reporter, Gen. Miles said that the surrender of Geronimo was an absolute one, and regarded in military law was the same thing as a capture. "There were only two ways," he continued, "to deal with them—either to punish them as a people or to punish them as individuals. If they had been given over to the civil authorities they could not all have been convicted and punished individually, and the civil authorities could not punish the followers for the crimes of the leaders. Every year or two these Apaches produce a new crop of warriors, and if Geronimo and one or two of his principal associates had been tried and hanged by the civil authorities the rest of the band would have been left at home in their old haunts and free to recommence their plunder and bloodshed at the earliest opportunity. The hanging of one or two leaders would have had no terror for the rest. They would only have been aroused to new atrocities by a thirst for revenge. As it is, they have been finally disposed of. They have been crippled for life as far as their power for harm is concerned. There is no possibility of their making any further outbreak, and life and property in Arizona are no longer in danger. These Western Territories have made great progress in recent years, even with all the hardships and sufferings inflicted on them by the brutal Apaches, and they have now a very bright prospect before them, especially in mining. There is going to be a prosperous era for mining in all these States and Territories from New Mexico up to Oregon."

Gen. Miles spoke in warm terms of the courtesy shown him by Secretary Lamar and the Governor of Sonora. He said in conclusion: "We pursued those Apaches over 2,000 miles of mountains and 300 miles into Old Mexico—one mountain after another—no level ground, no open country, but constant climbing, often leaping from rock to rock. The Indians dropped their baggage, abandoned their horses and mules, and even left their arms behind them. They moved in torturous and dangerous ways, but never for a moment did my command give up the continuous pursuit. There are now no hostile or dangerous Apaches in New Mexico or Arizona."

MERCHANTS who aim to handle only seasonable and quick selling goods should write to us for samples and prices on Fleming's Raisin Cured Prunes. Just the thing for Thanksgiving and holiday trade.
ADAM ROTH GROCERY CO.

AN HONORED MUSICIAN.

Egmont Froehlich Chosen Director of the Next National Saengerfest.



Egmont Froehlich.

An election of officers for the North American Saengerbund was held last night at Liederkranz Hall. At a meeting of the local council, composed of delegates from the various societies who are to arrange for the next National Saengerfest, Mr. Leopold Methudy was chosen President; August Reimer, First Vice-President; Louis Schaefer, second Vice-President; August Behrens, Third Vice-President; Richard Kargath, Recording Secretary; Statius Kehrmann, Sr., Corresponding Secretary; Wm. Vogel, Financial Secretary; Otto Stiefel, Treasurer, and Egmont Froehlich, whose portrait is printed above, was chosen Director.

A committee was appointed to report the number of votes to which each society was entitled. The various delegations also elected their chairmen, which were reported as follows: Apollo Gesangverein, Charles W. Stein; Druid Maennerchor, Martin Maurer; Eickenkranz, Henry Gier; Freier Maennerchor, August Hoffman; German Saengerbund, Herman Eisner; Jaeger Saengerbund, Gustave Vollmer; Liederkranz, F. W. Sennewald; Orpheus Saengerbund, Carl Schweickardt; Rheinischer Frohsinn, Julius Herz; Rock Spring Saengerbund, Carl Blatt; Saengerbund of the Sons of Hermann, Albert Bretscher; Social Saengerchor, Charles S. Bremer; Teutonia, Henry Klages; West St. Louis Liederkranz, Gustave Gruenewald.

EGMONT FROEHLICH,

the newly elected director, is well known as the leader of the old Arion des Westens, was born in Wurtemberg in 1838. At the age of 10 he was playing acceptably on the violin, and at the age of 17 earned notice by his performances in public on the piano. He has always been identified with creditable and difficult musical enterprises, and is at present director of the Liederkranz Society.

SAILORS dreading the Monsoons
Do not fear the Fleming's Prunes.

A "TAR-FLAT" SHARPER.

The Alleged Sir Roger Tichborne Indicted for a Pension Fraud.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., November 20.—A few days ago the United States Grand-jury of the California District indicted Charles Ogden Ferris, alias the lost Sir Roger Tichborne, for having fraudulently obtained a pension by the representation that he had served in the One Hundred and Sixth New York Volunteers, and lost several fingers in action. Ferris, who has been posing as the lost baronet for a considerable time, is from New York originally, and a United States Deputy Marshal is en route to the metropolis to escort him back to San Francisco. Yesterday the same Grand-jury indicted James W. Witham and Richard J. Whitford for having falsely sworn to the statements whereby Farris got his pension. Both are residents of San Diego, where the pretended Baronet earned a precarious livelihood as a boatman. Witham and Whitford have made confessions which show that the people who have been advocating Ferris' claims have been grossly deceived. It was proved to the Grand-jury that the self-styled Baronet lost his fingers while engaged in moving an old shanty in a portion of San Francisco known as "Tar Flat," at the time when, according to his sworn statement, he was leading a charge against the batteries at Petersburg.

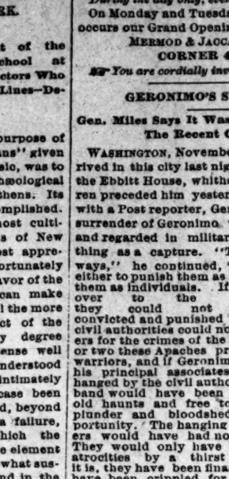
WHAT you want in dining-rooms
Is to have some Fleming's Prunes.

How They Hunted.

H. E. Hirshey and fifteen other business men of Harrisburg, Pa., passed through the city this morning on their way home after a three weeks' hunt in Texas. They had a Pullman excursion-car well stocked with all that is good to eat and drink, but did little hunting, all the party remaining inside the car and waiting for the game and fish to come to them.

Drowsy feelings forstell approaching sickness. Prevent both by using PARKER'S TONIC. HINDERCORNS, the best cure for corns, 15 cts.

Brandt's Extra Winter Goods!



GENTS' ALLIGATOR BOOTS, foot lined with Calf.
GENTS' ENGLISH GRAIN WATER-PROOF BOOTS, heavy double or tap sole.
GENTS' AMERICAN GRAIN WATER-PROOF BOOTS, with tap sole or heavy and medium double sole.
GENTS' BUFFALO-LINED GRAIN BOOTS.
GENTS' SHEEPSKIN-LINED GRAIN BOOTS.
GENTS' BEAVER BOOTS, lined with Felt and foxed with Calf.
FELT BOOTS, with the extra heavy buckle rubber to fit the same. This Boot is especially adapted to the wants of Street Car Drivers, or those similarly exposed in winter. They will keep the feet Warm and Dry in the most EXTREME WEATHER.
CLOSEST POSSIBLE PRICES.
J. G. BRANDT
Broadway and Lucas Avenue.
Open Every Saturday Night until 10:30; Other Evenings until 6:30.

HERNSTEIN & PRINCE,
No. 317 N. Fourth Street, St. Louis, Mo.,
ENGINEERING INSTRUMENTS.
Transits, Y Levels, Leveling Rods, etc.; Steel and Metallic Tapes, Chains, Scales, Drawing Instruments and Papers, Tracing Linen, Profile and Cross Section Papers, Field Books, etc., etc.
REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

MISS DONNINGTON.

THE CAUSE OF THE BROOKLYN CENTENNIAL BAPTIST CHURCH TROUBLE.

Meeting Last Evening to Hear the Prudential and Investigating Committees' Reports on the Knight-Donnington Trouble—Pastor Fulton's Pathetic Plea—A Favorable Report—Indignant Members of the Congregation.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 20.—The Rev. Dr. Justin D. Fulton, in a heavy blue chinchilla overcoat and energetically swinging a derby hat, walked rapidly up the side aisle in the Sunday-school room of the Centennial Baptist Church, in Adelphi street, Brooklyn, at 8 o'clock last night, dropped into his accustomed seat on the platform and looked out on a big gathering of his congregation, assembled to act on the serious dissension occasioned by Dr. Edward H. Knight's championship of Miss Ursula Donnington. Doctor and Mrs. Knight, with Miss Donnington, still clad in deep mourning for her dead friend, Jeremiah Chancellor of Newark, entered a few minutes later and took one of the front pews. Many of the congregation had never seen Miss Donnington, and as there were twenty women to one man in the room, when the meeting was opened there was a general rustle and a turning of heads to get a look at the young woman whose presence in Dr. Knight's family had caused such a rumpus. Miss Donnington, not at all flustered, but modest and blushing slightly, assumed to interest herself in a book of hymns, while Dr. Fulton, the Knights, and, in fact, the congregation, appeared nervous, as if expecting great things. The Prudential Committee of the church and members of the special investigating committee appointed at Dr. Fulton's request, were hidden in a smaller room with Lawyers Walter E. Ogilvie and W. H. Munday, talking over the trouble. Mr. Ogilvie represented the Prudential Committee, the Knights and Miss Donnington, while Mr. Munday acted for Dr. Fulton and his special investigating committee.

DR. FULTON'S STATEMENT.

After a hymn had been sung Dr. Fulton said: "I have not spoken one single word in my support. I have left my case with the Lord. If to-night you stand up for virtue and morality, I shall be happy, and I can then say truthfully that it will be safe for the young to come here and mingle with us. Somebody has betrayed us, and flaunted our troubles to the world. I repeat somebody has given us away. Not that I have not asked a question, but I know some have turned their backs on righteousness. I would take off my arm rather than harm a defenseless woman, but for all that I am for Christ. When this church or the other night, by a small vote, cast in part by people who did not understand the question, decided against me, I went home dumb. A brother who accompanied me to my study wondered if it could be true that such people had been relied upon to support me."

The tears here coursed down over Dr. Fulton's close trimmed whiskers, and after saying that he believed God was simply trying the church, he abruptly sat down. He got up in a few moments and asked that all the windows be let down. When the windows of the room where the Prudential Committee were sitting were pulled down, one of them poked his head out and ordered them closed. Dr. Fulton acquiesced, saying: "This is the first time the Prudential Committee has met without their pastor," and leaving the Rev. Dr. James L. Hodge to lead the meeting, walked down the aisle and into the committee room. He soon returned with the Prudential Committee, led by Edward J. Graff and the special committee, headed by Henry A. Vandyne, tramped in and Dr. Fulton solemnly read this:

THE REPORT.

"Dr. and Mrs. Knight having witnessed to Miss Donnington's excellent deportment while residing beneath their roof, the committee appointed by the church and the members of the Prudential Committee recommend that all proceedings with Dr. and Mrs. Knight be dismissed, and that we pray God to bless them and their friends." This statement was signed by Justin D. Fulton, Henry A. Vandyne, W. E. Hendrickson, Edward J. Graff, Martin Wilkison, R. M. Young, Frank Mapes and Townsend Burr. Then this statement, made by Miss Donnington, was read:

"The circumstances surrounding me at my home being unpleasant, and I being desirous of leading a Christian life, I sought the counsel and advice of Mrs. Knight, who sympathized with me and encouraged me in my resolutions. She offered me a Christian home, and promised to assist me in my endeavor. I went to her house for this purpose and this only. I have been benefited by being here, and feel that I owe both Dr. and Mrs. Knight a debt of gratitude for their kindness to me."

The reports were unanimously accepted. Members of Prudential Committee said that this only disposed of the Knight matter, and that they would press a list of charges they have prepared against Dr. Fulton. Much dissatisfaction was heard over the result of the meeting. Many ladies said that Dr. Fulton had not been firm in his stand, and that as he was practically defeated they could not attend the church longer. Other ladies said that they were still opposed to Miss Donnington living in Dr. Knight's house, and they, too, said they had seen the inside of the church for the last time.

"All Over."

In this manner many describe the fearful headaches caused by Catarrh. How foolish it is in you to endure the torture when one application of "Carbolic Smoke Ball" will remove the pain and a continuation of its use cure your catarrh. A free test, southeast corner Broadway and Olive, up-stairs, will inspire confidence. East St. Louis parlors over Post-office. Office open Sunday.

THE ETHICAL CULTURE SOCIETY.

The First Regular Lecture to Be Delivered To-Morrow Morning.

The Society for Ethical Culture of this city has not yet permanently organized, but is in a fair way to do so, and has accomplished sufficient in this direction to begin regular meetings. As was previously stated in the POST-DISPATCH the society has secured the services of Mr. W. L. Sheldon, a graduate of the College of New Jersey and of the University of Berlin, as its permanent lecturer. Mr. Sheldon has studied and has been closely associated with Prof. Adler in New York and is in thorough sympathy with his ideas and his work. He is a man of fine ability and is regarded as one of the strongest lecturers in the field of ethical culture.

In a chat with a POST-DISPATCH reporter today Mr. Sheldon outlined the aims of the society. It is not antagonistic to any form of religion, and is not in any sense in sympathy with the destructive infidelity of which Ingersoll is the leader. It simply devotes itself to the study of right living, of the ethics of every relation of life.

Its aim is to inculcate sound principles of truth, morality and justice, and to live up to them as nearly as possible. It puts morality above all considerations of speculative theology. In addition to the study of ethics, the society devotes large attention to practical philosophy and it is the aim of Mr. Sheldon and the members of the society here to begin as soon as possible the line of philanthropic work which has been so successful in New York.

Beginning to-morrow regular lectures will be delivered on every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, for the present, in the lower hall of the Pickwick, which is the most convenient meeting place that can be secured at once. The exercises will consist of music, readings upon topics of interest to the members from the works of good authors, and the lecture. The list of the society embraces over eighty persons who have signified their desire to join the movement and aid in accomplishing its aims.

St. Louis Art Company's Great Sacrifice.
Provident Savings Bank's pictures, 715 Olive, to make room for our large, elegant new stock of pictures, artists' materials, etc.

DIRE THREATS

Made by Inhabitants of Gillis Bluff Township Against the Negro Colony.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

POPLAR BLUFF, Mo., November 20.—The article in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH on a negro colony to be established in this county was read by our citizens here this morning with some interest. The section of country designated is in Gillis Bluff Township and comprises some of the richest land and finest timber in the State. At the last election that precinct only reported twenty-three votes, but some of the inhabitants are bitter anti-negro people, and have made dire threats of what they will do in the event of the colony being established. But the project meets with the approval of the rest of the county, and protection will be guaranteed to any one who will help reclaim that, at present, unproductive part of our county.

ST. JACOBS OIL
FOR PAINS AND ACHES.
MAGICAL CURES.

Useless Arm Cured.
5 Newark St., Hoboken, N. J.
I was taken with severe pains in my left shoulder and right arm. I used everything without improving. My arm was becoming of no use to me. I finally tried St. Jacobs Oil, and before the first bottle was used I was relieved as if by magic.
WILLIAM HERSEE.

Crazy with Toothache and Cured.
Collingwood, N. Y.
I was nearly crazy with toothache and tried everything I thought would cure me, without relief. Bought a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil, saturated a rag with it, tied it to my face, and in two hours the pain left me.
HENRY SAMUEL, JR.

Intense Pain in the Back Cured.
Greenville, Cal.
Mrs. A. Williams suffered intensely for three days with pains in the back. The case had assumed an alarming stage and she was delirious. Many remedies were tried without relief, when a single application of St. Jacobs Oil was made. The patient slept soundly and got up well.

Swollen Knees Cured.
Johnstown, N. Y.
While in Chicago last June my knees became very much swollen, causing me great pain. I secured a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil and used it on going to bed. The next morning, to my surprise, I found myself well.
A. F. BLUNCK,
Pub. *Republican*.

Pains in the Shoulder Cured.
Canajoharie, N. Y.
I was awakened at midnight with severe pains in my left shoulder. I had left my office with my head turned to one side. I bought a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil and it worked like magic. In three hours all pain had ceased.
W. F. COOK,
Editor of *Courier*.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

RED STAR COUGH CURE
FREE FROM OPIATES AND POISON.
SAFE. SURE. PROMPT. 25 Cts.
AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Boys' and Children's Department.
If it were not for the tables loaded with Clothing, you might mistake our Juvenile salesroom on a Saturday for a school house—such a bright, happy crowd of boys, made brighter and happier still with the anticipation of getting a NEW SUIT or OVERCOAT. When they are fitted out with some of the beautiful things from our matchless stock, then they are in perfect ecstacy. Parents are just as well pleased as the boys:
Boys' Suits, knee pants, ages 4 to 14 years. 2 and 3 pieces, from..$4 to $17
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HAT AND FUR DEPARTMENT!
Fur Cap, French Seal, not pieced, Alexis and Jockey shape, lined all through with an elegantly quilted satin.....$1.90
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Boys' and Children's Hats and Caps in plush, worsted, corduroy and knit, in bewildering variety.
Send for our Illustrated Catalogue for 1886-7, mailed free to any address.

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$1.90—Cardigan Jacket.....$1.90
☞ Gloves of all kinds, Underwear, Jersey Coats and Jackets.
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Northeast Corner Broadway and Pine.
Store open till 10 o'clock to-night.

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Strauss-Emerich Outfitting Co., 1116 Olive Street.
Sells on CREDIT everything needed for HOUSE or PERSON. All goods delivered on first payment. Keeps Gents', Youths' and Boys' Clothing, Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Satins, Velvets, Ladies' Cloaks and Wraps, Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, etc. Also, Furniture of every description, Carpets, Stoves, and all Housefurnishing Goods in general. ☞ OPEN AT NIGHT.

FOR EIGHT YEARS.

THE STORY OF A MAN WHO WATCHED A BRIDGE.

Inspecting It After the Passage of Every Train—Broken Rest and Inclement Weather—The Man Talks.

Thomas Creedon is a native of Ireland, but has been a citizen of the United States for the past thirteen years. For eight of these he has been employed as bridge watchman at the bridge over Shoal Creek on the Vandalia Railway, two miles east of Pocahontas, Ill. His duties require him to inspect the bridge after the passage of each and every train during the entire twenty-four hours of the day. His rest is broken and he is out in all inclement weather.

Telling his story to a reporter Mr. Creedon who is an unusually intelligent man said: "My business brought upon me colds which at last grew chronic. I took patent medicines and snuffs, but with no good results. My colds finally developed into lung troubles, I was attacked with severe coughing spells. These visited me in the mornings especially and were terribly painful and distressing. My chest felt as though it had a ton's weight upon it."

"What was the effect of these coughing spells?" the reporter asked.

"They were most weakening. They seemed to take the very nerve out of my body. When they attacked me after eating I would throw up the meal. My stomach became deranged, and I spit up quantities of yellow phlegm. In addition to this, the trouble in my head kept growing, pain came over my eyes, I had frequent headaches, and my nose was always stopped up. My stomach became bloated also, and when I was not in pain with my lungs these other complications made me wretched."

"Did you take any medicine?"

"Oh, quantities of it, and consulted many physicians. Why, it kept me poor trying to pay them. One day I saw Dr. McCoy's advertisement. I did not think much about it at first, so many people advertise, you know, but when I read one of the cases that was like mine I went to his office at 1516 Lucas place and began treatment.

"I improved from the first visit. That was two months ago. I was surprised at his reasonable charges and quick results. Every pain and distressing symptom has disappeared. I am a new man. I sleep soundly, instead of fitfully as before, my appetite has returned, the bloating has gone from my stomach, and I am gaining in flesh and strength every day."

A CARD.
Our store is so beautiful, our goods all so fresh and handsome, that for a day opening we can make very little improvement. In fact, we are open every day in the week for the reception of our friends and customers. But we will astonish you on the evenings of November 22 and 23 with our BEAUTIFUL ILLUMINATION, with CHARMING MUSIC, with FRAGRANT FLOWERS and an ELEGANT SOUVENIR, and we are confident if you favor us with a call you will not regret the evening spent at the
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307 N. Fourth St.
☞ *We are not on the corner.*

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753 and 755 Broadway, New York.

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Opposite Union Market.
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All goods delivered on first payment.
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AMUSEMENTS.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE TASTE OF THE PUBLIC.

Mrs. Bowers' Return to the Stage—The Disappointment Over the Thalia Opera Company's First Week—Announcements for Next Week—American Opera Season—Gossip About Plays, Players and Singers—Coulisse Chat.

Does the public care for art in itself on the stage? Hardly, if one may judge by the public's actions. There is plenty of apparent demand for artistic production, plenty of talk and plenty of criticism because there is not enough of it. And yet when it is to be had there seem to be very few people willing to pay for it. As the theatrical people put it, the public wants rot. There are numbers of actors going about in bad farces utterly disgusted because they cannot do better work simply because the public wont have better work. There seems to be no place for plain, unvarnished excellence. A man must be famous to draw, and a woman must be young and beautiful or notorious. There is no middle ground, apparently. There are exceptions in which fine companies have escaped wreck, but they only emphasize the rule.

Mrs. Bowers is herself an artiste, and she presents a company which ranges from fair to first class. It may be called a thoroughly capable company, as such organizations go. Her repertoire is worn to be sure, but she is the only American actress who can and does play the great historical and Shakspearean roles which are included in it. She plays them with splendid force and skill. She is an artiste that in certain roles has been the model of the younger generation of actresses and the ideal of the older generation of play-goers. Her age has not yet in the slightest degree impaired her art, but she is not young and she is not a raging beauty. She has only her merits as an artiste to commend her. During the first part of the week this has not proved a paying commendation. Her business has not been large but has improved steadily.

There is one thing that has operated against Mrs. Bowers. This is the fact that she has not been kept before the public of late years. In the case of stars, it is out of mouth out of mind with the public. They must be paragraphed and kept constantly prominent, and few can come out of retirement, no matter how brief, and instantly fall into popular favor.

* * *

Anyone who has seen Clara Morris in "L'Article 47," cannot fail to have noticed the similarity between her laughter and that of Mrs. Bowers in "Lady Audley's Secret." It is a peculiar sound of the voice which suggests devilishness in the earlier and madness in the final scenes. It is weird, unnatural and has a tone in it that reminds one of mad-houses and of the shrieks of lunatics. It is almost impossible to analyze the impression it makes upon one, but the impression is none the less distinct. Unconsciously one feels a creeping sensation of horror which adds infinitely to the realism of the stage. Mrs. Bowers' Lady Audley has been taken as the type of the scheming, heartless, unscrupulous, but apparently innocent and childish woman, and Clara Morris has said that she was her model, so that there is reason for the similarity.

* * *

The first week of the Thalia Opera Company's engagement has been an undoubted disappointment. Mme. Imbert's place has not been filled in any particular. Neither in personal attractiveness nor in vocal ability is Miss Kronald near her equal. The loss in prima donnas is one that shows itself prominently in every performance and detracts in large degree from the merit of each performance. To make matters worse Miss Kronald has not appeared on several nights this week and her place has been taken by Miss Lucy Colmar, who is still less able to fill the soprano roles. As the week had advanced, too, the orchestra has been shown to be inadequate and the chorus weaker than that of last year. The attacks are not as spirited nor is the singing as correct and effective. Miss Meffert, the soubrette, does not work well and shows a tendency to sameness and monotony in all of her work. The other members of the cast do as good work as ever, but they do not constitute the entire performance. It is to be regretted that the company has not maintained the standard fixed last season and this cannot fail to operate against them in future.

Announcements.

This evening the Thalia Opera Company will repeat the "Trumpeter of Saeckingen," and the repertoire for next week at the Olympic will be as follows: Sunday, "Don Cæsar;" Monday, "Beggar Student;" Tuesday, "A Night in Grenada;" Wednesday, benefit of Miss Meffert, "Maid of Belleville;" Thursday matinee, "Black Hussar;" Friday, benefit of Miss Kronald, "Undine;" Saturday matinee, "Merry War." The operas for Saturday and Sunday nights have not yet been determined upon. Of these operas "A Night in Grenada," Millocker's "Maid of Belleville" and Lortzing's "Undine" are new to this city.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

To-morrow night at this house Joseph Murphy, the popular Irish comedian, will open a week's engagement. During the first part of the week Mr. Murphy will present his familiar, but strong comedy drama, "Kerry Gow," which has a record of ten years of success. The horse-shoeing scene and Mr. Murphy's songs will be the features as usual. "Kerry Gow" will run until Wednesday night inclusive, and will be followed by "Shaun Rhue." The comedian will be supported by Miss Belle Melville and a company which includes Geo. R. Boaler, H. D. Byers, L. J. Loring, Frederic Sockett, John S. Murphy, Maurice Heppard, Charles E. Mitchell, W. T. Sheehan, Misses Ella Baker and Alfa Perry.

POPE'S THEATER.

Salsbury's Troubadours, with Nate Salsbury and Nellie McHenry as leading lights still, will open Pope's theater to-night in their original success, "The Brook." They will doubtless be welcomed in their old play, which has been relegated to the back shelf for some time. During the week, however, a new piece will be produced, which has been named the "Humming Birds," and which is said to be entertaining.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

"The Ivy Leaf," an Irish play which has already met with excellent success here, will be the attraction at the People's next week, opening to-morrow night. The story is a wholesome, clean, interesting one and is well told in the drama. It is full of romance and of Irish humor, and the scenes are picturesque and accurate representations of actual places in Ireland. Murry Keerigan's leap from the tower and the carrying off of a child by an eagle are realistic bits. The company presenting the play are under the management of Mr. W. H. Power, who promises a competent people. The part of Murty Keerigan is taken by Eugene O'Rourke, that of Coilce O'Brien by Miss Rose Watson, and the Moureen Deelish will be Mrs. W. H. Power.

THE STANDARD.

At this house Edwin Hanford's sensational drama, "Partners in Crime," will open an engagement to-morrow night continuing during the week. The management promise a company capable of handling the play satisfactorily.

PALACE MUSEUM.

Manager Barnes, who is always on the watch for new attractions, has secured a collection for next week which will offer unusual entertainment to the patrons of his popular resort. His speciality people are of the best and hence his stage shows are enjoyable, and with the curiosities give more for the price of admission than can be obtained anywhere.

AMERICAN OPERA SEASON.

The sale of season tickets for the American Opera Company's week at Music Hall will commence at the box-office of the Exposition on Monday morning at 8 o'clock and will continue for three days, after which the sale of single seats will open. The scale of prices is as follows: Dress circle boxes, season, $165; single performance, $18; first four rows dress circle, season, $15; single seat, $2.50; other rows dress circle, season, $12; single seat, $2; parquet, season, $12; single seats, $2; balcony boxes, $12; first four rows, season, $10; single seats, $1.50; other rows in the balcony and general admission, $1.

The repertoire is as follows: Monday, November 29, "Faust;" Tuesday, "Huguenots," for the first time by the company; Wednesday, "Lakme;" Thursday, "Aida," with Mme. Fursch-Madi for the first time in English; Friday, "Flying Dutchman;" Saturday matinee, "Merry Wives of Windsor;" Saturday evening, "Lohengrin." There will be large ballets in "Faust" and "Lakme" by the ballet corps of ninety-two dancers. The chorus numbers 100 voices and is said to be immensely superior to that of last year, while of the principal features of the company is the famous orchestra of Theodore Thomas, with the distinguished director at its head. The principal singers are already known to the public and embrace stirling artistes.

The opening week at Philadelphia has been a magnificent success, the critics and public indorsing singers, chorus, orchestra, ballet, scenery and accessories as the grandest operatic ensemble ever seen in that city. Next week the company will be in Cincinnati where the advance sale has been enormous.

The success of the company in this city last year gives promise of still greater success this year both artistically and financially. It is seldom that St. Louisans have the opportunity of witnessing opera under such magnificent conditions.

THE "CREATION" CONCERT.

An Excellent Audience Greets the First Efforts of the Choral Society.

The first concert of the St. Louis Choral Society in Music Hall last night was attended by a fine audience in every respect. The parquet and dress circle were not entirely filled, but nearly so, and the balcony was well filled. The success of the popular price experiment, at least in point of numbers, must be gratifying to the managers of the society. It promises to add largely to the educational influence of the season.

The "Creation" for the first concert was an excellent selection, as it possesses a large share of melody and some grand choruses which never fail to arouse enthusiasm. There was one element only which detracted from the artistic excellence of the performance. This was the orchestra, and it was necessarily so prominent that the effect of its slovenly and unskilful work was manifest all through the oratorio. The chorus was large, strong, and never sang with finer effect. It showed admirable drilling, and attacked every passage with spirit and harmony. Once or twice there was not entire accord, but this only for a brief time, and was scarcely noticeable from the front. "The Heavens Are Telling" was splendidly sung and aroused the enthusiasm of the audience. The other choruses, with, perhaps, one or two exceptions, were almost equally well rendered.

The soloists seemed a bit stiff and expressionless at times, but accomplished excellent work. Miss Sippora Monteith has a voice of rare quality, sweet, pure and true, with ample power and range and of fine culture. She sang under disadvantages throughout the oratorio. It is impossible to judge how much of the apparent consciousness and lack of nerve which she displayed at times was due to the orchestra. With iron-clad stubbornness it persisted in playing independently each one of the other, and all of soloists and chorus. Instead of following the soprano and giving her liberty to use her own taste in singing her airs, it persistently anticipated every note, took its own time, and refused to allow her to devote proper attention to the ornamentation of the score. She was compelled several times to cut off long notes and abandon runs and trills to suit the wood and wind-mills. They played as if they were giving the time for a party of dancers. This naturally embarrassed her and destroyed her confidence, so that she could scarcely do herself justice. Nevertheless, under these difficulties she made a fine impression, and sang some of her airs, particularly "On Mighty Pens," with charming finish.

Mr. Forteous never sang better and his fine baritone filled the hall and handled the score with admirable effect. He received enthusiastic approval for his work.

Mr. Charles Knorr has a sweet tenor scarcely strong enough for the hall, but his efforts were entirely satisfactory. His air "In Native Worth" was a splendid and effective piece of work and was warmly received.

With an improvement in the orchestra the Choral Society can render the oratorios in a manner which will compare favorably with the accomplishment of any other similar organization.

Bronson Howard's Progressive Placidity.

From an Exchange.

The only man I have known who never felt a pang of regret for his lost youth is Bronson Howard. No youth could be happier than was the youth of that philosopher-dramatist; and now in his ripe, honored and prosperous middle life across that happiness and youth. A toilier among the busiest, toil does not irk him. True, his industry has had substantial results, including fame and fortune; but he has always been well used to fortune and he never itched for fame. He is a monument of progressive placidity, in which relation to the race I call him colossally representative. M. Bartholdi might add to his own great renown by giving enduring form to this idea. Progressive Placidity looking from his proper and lofty heights upon a turbulent world would be a worthy companion for that enthusiastic Frenchman's Liberty, of which we Americans are now in proud possession.

A Daughter's Influence.

From the Paris News.

Mlle. Sardou has been giving her father a lesson in play-writing. The young lady, not yet in her teens, has frequently reproached Sardou for writing plays that she could not go to see, and in the piece which he has just finished for the Porte St. Martin he has taken the hint, and produced a thing guaranteed not to bring the blush of shame to the cheek of modesty. The title is "Le Crocodile," but this, we are assured, refers not to the terrible reptile of the Nile, but to a steamer plying between Amsterdam and Hong Kong. It is less serious in character than most of Sardou's recent works, and is said to be a combination of comedy and extravaganza, something after the style of Jules Verne. It will be at once put in rehearsal, and staged in such a manner as to be a feast to the eyes as well as the intelligence.

Miss Eastlake's Quaint Gowns.

From the Boston Herald.

Miss Eastlake affects the quaint gowns which are unlike the fashionable garb that the average woman of to-day clothes her figure in. These gowns, by the way, have created more or less discussion, both in and out of print. To my mind, however, they form no slight part of this same individuality that on every side forms the lure. Miss Eastlake, arrayed in anything but the soft, dark, clinging plushes that are cut so as to hang principally from the shoulders, with the broad, deep frill of fine embroidery or lace gathered around the neck, that have become famous in London as the "Eastlake collar," would seem like taking the pretty children that Kate Greenaway knows so well how to draw in picturesque attire, and decking them, instead, like a French doll that the true Parisian child selects in one of the gay toy-shops of Paris. The word aesthetic, which has been applied so often to this Eastlake, is not the proper word to use in describing her at all; that is, as we in this age in England and America understand the word. That Miss Eastlake is a believer in æsthetics is true, for she is a firm believer in the science which treats of all that is beautiful in art and nature, which is the true definition of the word, but that she is limp, clinging, languid or sickly sentimental, either in manner or appearance, is a libel of the utmost magnitude.

New Style Stage Furniture.

From the Boston Herald.

Jane Hading has introduced a new feature in her recent production of "Frou-Frou," about which tout Paris is agog. This is neither more nor less than some Chippendale furniture that the artiste found in Wardour street during her London engagement last season. She took an immense fancy to the so-called "Chippendale craze," and determined to introduce it to the Parisians, and so by this it is only necessary to stage it. The consequence is that everybody is rushing to the theater to see the old English furniture, just as everybody goes to see an actress's new costumes. The theaters set the fashion in Paris now, because there is no social leader strong enough to impress her particular caprices on this capricious world.

Music and Maternity.

From the Chicago Mail.

Ladies who expect to remain good singers must not expect to have babies. This is well settled. There never was yet a prima donna who sang as well after maternity as before; very few sang as well after marrying as before. Gerster has had a baby, and is now reported to have lost her voice. Scmbrich has a baby, too. The effect in the latter case may not be disastrous, but it will be deteriorating. Patti made her tame before she was married. She is one of the few great singers who has preserved the freshness of her voice after a matrimonial adventure. Parepa Rosa made her name and fortune before she married her little manager. The same is true of Nilsson. Neither had children. Jenny Lind lost her voice when she married and had babies. Clara Louise Kellogg, knowing the risk, concluded not to marry. Nevada, everybody knows, has a baby. The result on her vocal chords has not yet been announced. Further illustration is unnecessary. When a woman gets married and has a baby some of her vocal talent is sacrificed to the youngster. This is one of the mean things in creation, for while the public may be willing to pay $2,000 a night to hear the mamma sing it will not give 2 cents to hear the baby.

THE REAL THING.

An Interviewer's Idea of the Simon Pure Abbott Kiss.

From the Frisco Call.

"I'd like to see the real Emma Abbott kiss—the one we hear about. The one the tenor gets when all the trials and troubles of love have been sung away, when the old man relents and the wicked rival is side-tracked at Omaha, while the Abbott combination is booming on to Denver. Not the half coy kiss that Marguerite, in the awakening of her maiden's heart of the first delight, of love bestows on Faust, but the unreserved osculation that concludes the arrangement to skip from the balcony by a knotted sheet and hunt up a justice of the peace," said the reporter.

The tenor's face twitched nervously. He braced himself in his seat, leaned his head back and backed his chair against the wall to prepare for the rush.

"You want to see my best kiss? The real simon pure, unadulterated article, my Ella Wheeler kiss? Fifty dollars each, in elegant, satin-lined, oxidized silver cases, red foli capsules, and none genuine without the name Emma Abbott blown into the bottle. Look for the signature on the cork, and beware of counterfeits," said the charming lyric artiste, gaily. "Well, here goes." The tenor dug his heels in the carpet for a purchase, gripped the arms of the chair as though grabbing a life-preserver in a shipwreck, and then, with a whirl of drapery and a flash of rounded arms, Emma had thrown her head on the lapel of his coat.

Nothing was visible to the reporter except the tenor's hands, rigidly grasping the chair arms and Emma's handsome form. The round head, surmounted with a mass of curling hair, was flying around as though Emma was hunting for a lost diamond in the tenor's shirt collar. Once the tenor gasped for breath, and then the search was prosecuted with renewed vigor. At last the kiss was over, leaving the reporter little wiser than before, only thankful that he was not the tenor. When the tenor's head reappeared no one could have recognized the handsome Manrico. A huge red glowing spot covered the entire face. The right ear was gone, and of the left but a stump remained. The chin was torn and abraded and the shirt collar but a limp rag, and one coat lapel looked as if it had gone through fire and water. When the fair singer had recovered her breath she smilingly asked the reporter what he thought of it. He admitted that it was a most comprehensive affair and entirely satisfactory to him, if it was a bit hard on the tenor.

Coulisse Chat.

Carleton will come to Pope's after next week.

Mr. Louis James has added "Hamlet" to his repertoire.

Miss Helen Hosmer of the Bowers Company is a sister of Agnes Booth.

The Casino has a new and entertaining bill in preparation for Monday night.

John Howson's latest stellar hopes are based on a new Irish domestic play by Roach.

"Lights o' London" is the latest attraction to follow Thanksgiving week at the People's.

Chicago talks of building "the biggest theater on earth," with seats for 10,000 people.

Downing and Muldoon in the "Gladiator" are booked at the Grand after Joe Murphy.

Mrs. Bowers will appear at Pope's to-night in "Lucretia Borgia" and "The Jealous Wife."

Howells' friends anticipate decided success for the dramatization of "A Foregone Conclusion."

Miss Florence Gerald is meeting with much success on the road with her new play, "Bound to Succeed."

The "Siege of Paris" is open every day and evening, and should be seen by all who have not seen the great picture.

Photographs of Lizzie Evans will be given to ladies attending the "Fogg's Ferry" matinee to-morrow afternoon.

John T. Raymond, during his Philadelphia engagement, will produce George Jessop's new play, "A Gold Mine."

Sarah Bernhardt's twenty-five performances in Valparaiso brought in as receipts the comfortable little sum of $100,000.

Edwin Booth celebrated his 53d birthday on Saturday last, the 13th. His room at the Victoria Hotel was a veritable flower garden.

Richard Mansfield has completed his arrangements for the production of B. B. Valentine and J. G. Wilson's "Fitznoodle" in February.

J. K. Emmet will rest for five weeks during the holidays, and spend that time at his home in Albany, N. Y. He will reopen his season in January at Washington.

Mary Anderson has concluded to go back upon the boards in the spring. She will appear at the London Gaiety. Edmund Yates says she contemplates a tour of Judea.

The Boston Globe says: "Five years ago a fine of $10 was imposed on every Harvard student caught attending a theater in Boston. That was before it was discovered they could be made available as supes."

The new play brought out at Daly's Tuesday evening is called "Love in Harness," by an American writer, and is said to be a first attempt at play-making. Mr. Daly, however, has reconstructed it and fitted it to the company.

Col. J. H. Mapleson, Esq., has told an English interviewer that he has not forgotten dear old America. He has his eagle eye on it yet, and if he can only clear enough to pay passages this season, he will be with us once again in 1887-8.

George H. Boker wrote "Calaynos" forty years ago, and published it in 1848. It was acted here and in England. He has touched it up and revised it, and Lawrence Barrett will present it in Washington next month, having it now in rehearsal.

Mr. Frederick Warde intends to introduce a ballet into "Galba, the Gladiator," with an auxiliary force numbering 140 persons. The important scenes in the tragedy are laid in the Catacombs among the gardens on the Tiber and in the Temple of Juno.

Town Topics is responsible for the incredible statement that before he got married Jay Gould's son and heir took the precaution to get the members of the Lambs Club to sign a paper stating that they had never known Miss Kingdon to be other than a most demure and proper young lady.

The first rehearsal of the Choral Society for the "Messiah," which will be given in Christmas week, will be held next Monday evening, November 22, at the Pickwick. All those who wish to sing in this oratorio should join at once. Quite a number of applications for the chorus of the "Creation" had to be refused as they came too late.

Clara Morris it is said is taking more medicine than ever, scarcely eats at all and walks only when she must, but she only makes her Cora more realistic and her Miss Multon more tearful. She missed a performance or two in Chicago, but is sure that she will be in good trim for her engagement here which opens at the Olympic November 29.

One night last week the charming Agnes Robertson, Mrs. Dion Boucicault No. 1, occupied a private box at Wallack's Theater. Later in the evening, after the performance of "The Jilt," the eminent Dion, accompanied by Mrs. Boucicault No. 2, entered and was shown to a box directly opposite. The two wives appeared totally oblivious of each other, and appeared to be intently watching the acting of Miss Katherine Rogers and the rest of the artists in "Sophia."—[Dramatic News.

Miss Olcott's venture with "Theodora" is so successful that the managers have begun to wrangle over it. Mr. Edward Stone, as the original manager, made contracts for dates with Randall and Frohman at various theaters. These have been repudiated as without authority by Mr. Gilmore, who now has an interest in the business. Hayman of San Francisco, Spalding of St. Louis, Taber of Denver, Homton of Chicago, and Harry Miner will institute suits, so they say.—[Music and Drama.

Maj. John Burke, who went abroad in the interest of Buffalo Bill's Great Wild West Show, sailed for America in the steamship Britannic. He has been in London for over two months superintending the laying out of grounds of the American Exhibition in London. The portion which has been assigned to the Wild West Show occupies a space of seven and one-half acres out of the twenty-three acres which constitute the American Exhibition grounds in 1887. A grand stand is being erected which will hold 20,000 people.

PURE air is essential to good health, and equally so to produce good bread. Call at 411 North Fourth street, and see bread baked in Charter Oak Range, with gauze oven door.

SULLY "SOLD" HIM.

HOW PADDY RYAN WAS "GAMMONED" INTO FIGHTING THE CchampION.

He Expected the Police to Stop the Fight in the Second Round—The Same Tactics Worked by Ryan in New York—A Second-Rate "Blower" Who Is No Good—Macon's Melange.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

PHILADELPHIA, November 19.—Paddy Ryan was not soundly thrashed by Sullivan but had insult added to injury by being played by him for a royal "chump" and safely landed. The pretense he has made for years of being anxious to meet the champion and retrieve the laurels he lost at Mississippi City was only a sham. He knew as well as he knew anything that as a pugilist he was Sullivan's inferior, but he wanted to trade on the reputation of being debarred the chance to show that he could whip him, and to a certain extent he succeeded in getting quite a number of people to believe that he really meant what he so often asserted. Well, the sham has been shown up at last and Paddy sinks back into line as hardly a second-rater. He never had championship form. His fight with old Joe Goss proved that. That game but stale old man fought him for over two hours, and only lost then because he was so tired that Paddy, being the younger, fresher, taller, stronger and larger man, outlasted him. His whole claim to the championship rested on this battle and nothing else. Yes, there was something else. There was a lot of guff printed about him by interested parties who were putting him to the front. He refused to meet John L. Sullivan at Springfield, Mass., because Sully was only a kid then and had "no reputation." This, by the way, was the beginning of the refusal to meet men of "no reputation" business. In the good old days a champion had to maintain his title against all comers, reputation or no reputation.

* * *

By and by Sully found friends to back him against the champion (?). They met at Mississippi City and if Paddy wasn't a frightened man when he went into the ring he looked so without making up. The first "smash" he got "licked" him, though he fought on. After the last round and before time was called for the next he begged piteously, "Don't send me up again. He'll murder me." He was not sent up again. The sponge was sent up instead. For twenty-four hours he was a licked man and he told me that when he got Sullivan's first blow on the neck he thought "he had been struck by a telegraph pole." As he recovered from his injuries he began to find reasons for his defeat. He had "neglected his training and was not in condition." Sullivan told me that he had been been told that the night before the fight Paddy wanted one of his friends to wound him slightly with a pistol shot in the right hand, so that he would not have to fight. He can tell who his informant was.

* * *

For years Paddy blathered about wanting to fight Sullivan again, and he refused all challenges from others on the ground that he would fight no one until he could settle accounts with his conqueror, and more than once he told people that Sullivan was "a coward and afraid to meet him." Well, he got a chance to box "Sully" at Madison Square, and there fate found him beyond his highest hopes. The opposition to "slugging matches" had culminated, and though a license for the exhibition had been granted, it was with the direct understanding that the men were to spar for points and not to slug. The late Inspector Thorne so notified both men in their dressing-rooms and afterwards in the ring before they began operations, and they were distinctly told that the contest would be stopped the instant that they began to fight. This news was "nuts" for Paddy. The instant "time" was called he rushed right in on Sullivan, hit him once or twice and then caught him around the neck and began slugging like mad. Sully tore himself from his embrace and was just about smashing him with his right when Inspector Thorne and the police interfered, made them take their chairs and pull off their gloves. They had faced each other just thirty-four seconds and apparently Paddy had the best of it. Among the uninated his stock went up and up, and he has traded on this reputation ever since.

* * *

In California he was "gammoned" into the belief that the police would stop the fight in the second round. He believed that he had a dead sure thing of this and that is why he went in so viciously in the first round. He wanted to have the best of it so that when the bout was stopped he would be the fistic hero of the world. The best laid plans of thumpers like those of other men, not to mention mice, "gang aft aglee" and this darling one of Paddy's miscarried. The fight wasn't stopped until the Trojan was stretched senseless on the stage again the victim of that strong right arm, before which many a better man has taken a sudden and involuntary bend. It was the case of a trickster being tricked and soundly whipped into the bargain.

* * *

Jack Burke and Jack Dempsey are to try conclusions in San Francisco on Monday next, and if the police do not interfere they ought to make one of the prettiest glove fights ever seen in this country. In New York there are a good many who believe that Dempsey will best his man. In Philadelphia the opposite opinion prevails. Here they cannot believe that Dempsey in ten rounds can demonstrate any superiority over a man known to be fully the equal in skill of any in the land. They are not even willing to admit that Dempsey ought to win in a fight to a finish. Burke was considerably run down by overwork and worriment when in Chicago, and he was clearly out of condition when Mitchell met him last. It was arranged to have the affair in eight rounds made a draw, but when Mitchell found that he had his man at a disadvantage he went in to knock him out, and had the fight prolonged two rounds so that he could do it. That he failed was due to police interference. This experience, together with his Cincinnati one with Peter Nolan, ought to have taught Jack to take the best of care of himself, and if he sees the stratch in good condition and does not only hold Dempsey level, but have a shade the best of it, I will say that he is not the same Burke who bested Mitchell at Germania Hall, in the Bowery in New York, two years ago.

* * *

The McCaffrey and Golden fight is due to come off next week. The Golden party have won the toss for choice of ground, and it is understood, they have selected a quiet spot quite a distance from the city. Both men are said to be as fine as silk, and eager for the fray. Golden is a very strong, game man and he and his friends have every hope that he will tire Dominick out. Mack thinks the Sparrow will be the most fatigued when the contest is over.

* * *

Jake Kilrain has improved wonderfully in his style of boxing in the last eighteen months. He now uses his left with fearful punishing force on his opponents' stomachs, and when he weakens them down he goes at them with his right. He nearly killed Joe Godfrey on Monday night with a right-handed swing over the heart. It was a terrible blow, and it stretched poor Joe out as though taking the measure of of his grave. Tom Kelly, who fought the St. Joe Kid so successfully last week gave Jake a sharp tussle on Wednesday night, but eventually stomach blows and right handed smashes on the neck did the work for him, and he too was added to Jake's list of victims. Kilrain may not be the next best man to the champion, as he claims, but he will make it very interesting for any one who thinks he is not. The first to experience the opinion is a protege of Jack Burke's named Pat Killian. They will make a hot fight without doubt.

MACON.

"He who is false to present duty," says Henry Ward Beecher, "breaks a thread in the loom, and will find the flaw when he may have forgotten its cause." A case in point occurs to us. Mr. Wm. Ryder of 87 Jefferson street, Buffalo, N. Y., recently sold a reporter that, "I had a large abscess on each leg, that kept continually discharging for twenty years. Nothing did me any good except Dr. Pierce's 'Golden Medical Discovery.' It cured me." Here is a volume expressed in a few words. Mr. Ryder's experience is entitled to our readers' careful consideration.—[The Sun.

Duffy-Judge.

Next Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at the Church of the Holy Angels, the marriage of Mr. John Duffy and Miss Annie L. Judge will be solemnized. The bride is the daughter of a prominent manufacturer, Mr. Arthur Judge of the Mallinckrodt-Judge Architectural Iron-works, etc. Mr. Duffy is an officer in the United States Grenade Corps. No cards have been issued for the ceremony; only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties will be present.

Next Excursion to California,

via Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, leaves Kansas City Thursday morning, December 9. Round-trip tickets from St. Louis, good six months, $73. For further information apply to A. P. TANNER, General Agent, 116 North Fourth street.

CHURCH CHAT.

Some Additional Religious News—Sunday Subjects.

The Baptist State Mission Board will meet at Mexico, Mo., Monday.

Rev. S. M. Brown of the Central Baptist is back from Virginia.

The class in Bible study at the Y. M. C. A. will be taught by General Secretary Coxhead to-morrow at 3:30 p. m. Subject: "The Christian Walk."

The "walking missionary," Rev. T. G. Hawkins of the Baptist Church, was in the city yesterday. He got his title by going about the Ozark mountains on foot.

On Thanksgiving Day there will be service in St. Mark's Lutheran Church at the usual morning hour. Dr. Rhodes will preach on, "The Nation's Resources and Perils."

All the churches in Kirkwood will unite in a Thanksgiving service at the Presbyterian Church, with Rev. Dr. J. W. Lewis of the Southern Methodist Church preaching the sermon.

Dr. Rhodes of St. Mark's Lutheran Church will preach to-morrow morning on "Man's Relation to Sin and to God." In the evening his subject will be, "Knowledge Now and Hereafter."

W. Hargrave White has written a very valuable "History of the State Work of the Missouri Young Men's Christian Association," which has been published in book form by the State Committee.

At Cook Avenue Methodist Church, the pastor, Dr. Hill, will preach to-morrow morning and evening. Subject of morning discourse, "The Acquisition of Knowledge;" night, "Christ an Exemplar."

Rev. W. H. Assheton has written that he cannot yet leave his sick father, and consequently to-morrow morning's service at St. Mark's Memorial will be conducted by Rev. Mr. Greene, the city missionary.

A Fidusum, begun Thursday evening, finishes to-morrow evening at St. Peter's Church, Kirkwood, of which Father Stemke is pastor. The instructions and exercises are being conducted by Rev. John L. Gadell of this city.

To-night closes the special "Week of Prayer" services at the Y. M. C. A. The topic of the meeting will be: "From Inquiry to Knowledge," (Acts viii., 26-39) and Frank L. Johnston will lead. All young men are welcome.

The programme for to-morrow evening's service at the Second Presbyterian Church will be as follows: "O Clap Your Hands, All Ye People," Buck; "O Lord, Most Holy," Danks; "Lord, I am Thine," Webber. Subject of Dr. Niccolls' discourse, "The Most Honorable Service."

Walter C. Douglass, Jr., will lead the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. at 4:30 to-morrow afternoon, taking for his subject, "A Young Man, Brave, Industrious, Ambitious, but Ungodly" (1. Kings, xi., 26-28, and xii., 26-33). A special invitation is extended to commercial travelers, strangers, and young men generally.

The Kirkwood Baptist Church for some time corresponded with Rev. George B. Taylor, now at the University of Virginia, son of the Missionary Taylor, with a view to calling him, but he has declined to consider a call and the church are now looking about again. In the meantime, Rev. Dr. W. H. Williams, of the Central Baptist preaches there.

The educational night classes at the Y. M. C. A. have a very large enrollment this fall. The classes in book-keeping, penmanship, German, short-hand, Spanish and vocal music are already in successful operation. Elocution begins Tuesday night under the direction of Prof. McDowell. The entries for the fall term will close with the last week in this month.

At the Second Baptist Church to-morrow evening the pastor, Rev. W. W. Boyd, will deliver an address, "Echoes from the 250th Anniversary of the Harvard College." A choir of twenty-five male voices will render the music rendered by the alumni at Cambridge at the recent celebration. The order of service is: (1) Organ prelude; (2) Opening sentence, "We Praise Thee, O God," J. C. D. Parker; (3) Invocation; (4) "The Heavens," Beethoven; (5) Responsive reading, Ps. CXLV.; (6) "All Glory, Land and Honor," Schumann; (7) Prayer; (8) Integer Vitæ, Flemming; (9) "A Mighty Fortress," Luther; (10) Offertory, commemoration hymn, Paine; (11) Address; (12) Solo quartette, "Into the Silent Land," Foote.

Throat Diseases commence with a Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat. *"Brown's Bronchial Troches"* give immediate relief. *Sold only in boxes.* Price 25 cts.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Retail Prices of Sundry Supplies That Cheer the Inner Man.

The frost has killed all the field vegetables. Lettuce, parsely and celery are scarce. Business has been fair. The meat dealers have no changes in prices to report. Sheep are higher and the demand is fully equal to the supply. The game dealers report no change except a drop in the price of quail to $2. Dressed turkey sell at 10c a pound. The prices of fish remain the same as last week.

The following are to-day's prices: Game—Dressed turkey, 10c a pound; quail, $2.00 per doz.; grouse, $1 a pair; pheasants, $1 a pair; squirrels 15c apiece; wild turkey, 12½c a pound; reed birds, 75c a dozen; venison steak, 25c a pound; venison roast, 20c a pound; woodcock, $1 a pair; woodduck, 50c a pair; snipe, $2 a dozen; young teal duck 50c a pair. Butter—Elgin, 32½@35c; Iowa, 27½c; fancy dairy, 25c; dairy, 20c. Eggs, 20c. Honey, 10@15c per pound. Meats—Loin beef, 15@17½c per pound; rib beef, 12½@17½c per pound; veal, 12½@17½c per pound; lambs' forequarters, 45@50c; hindquarters, 75c@$1.00; mutton, 10@12½c per pound; pork, 10c per pound; corned beef, 6@10c per pound; kidneys, 5c apiece; tongues, 10c apiece; sweet-breads, 20@35c a pair; lamb fries, 15c; calves' liver, 25c; calves' brains, 15c; calves' heads, $1; skinned calves' heads, 15c; sausage, 8@10c per pound; ox-tail, 5@10c. Vegetables—Sweet potatoes, 5c a quart; soup bunches, 5 for 10c; cabbage, 5c a head; new garlic, 3 for 5c; apples, 25c a peck; Concord grapes, 7c a pound; California, Muscat, 12½c a pound; Tokays, 12½c a pound; potatoes, 15c a peck; parsley, 4 for 10c; lettuce, 3 for 10c; gumbo, 10c a quart; corn salad, 10c a quart; celery root, 10c to 15c; turnips, 20c a peck; onions, 30c a peck; sweet green peppers, 15c a dozen; parsnips, 2 bunches for 5c; endive, 3 for 10c; pickling onions, 75c a peck; rutabagas, 15c a peck; pumpkins, 10c to 25c; celery, 2 stalks for 25c; cranberries, 5c a bunch. Oranges, 20c and 40c per dozen; grated horseradish, 10c a bottle. Cauliflower, 25@50c a head; lemons, 25@60c per dozen; red cabbage, 5c to 25c; carrots, 5c a quart; Spanish onions, 5c each; hubbard squash, 5c to 10c each; oyster plant, 3 bunches for 10c; horseraddish, 10c a stalk; butter beans, 15c a quart; sorrel, 30c a peck; tarragon, 10c a bunch; mint, 5c a bunch. Fish—California salmon, 20c a pound; red snapper, 12½c; halibut, 20c; white, 12½c; croppy and black bass, 12½c; trout, 12½c; buffalo, 10c; pike, 12c; lake salmon, 12½c; sun, 10c a pound.

Carbons can make your picture talk. His photos breathe; they all but walk.

AN INSURANCE FRAUD.

Convicted of Robbery—Mrs. Malloy Indicted—Death on the Bail—Missouri Matters.

SEDALIA, November 20.—Thos. Moore, an insurance agent, was arraigned last night to answer the charge of swindling the State Insurance Company. It is alleged that he obtained large sums from the home office as commissions on bogus premium notes.

MARYVILLE, November 20.—Kate Merryfield, a young girl, was convicted last night of robbing a room-mate, and was sentenced to jail for sixty days.

SPRINGFIELD, November 20.—The Grand jury has indicted Mrs. Emma Malloy as accessary to the mur

A NEW CATCHER.

SCHULZ OF LEADVILLE SIGNED WITH THE BROWNS LAST NIGHT.

President Von der Ahe After a New Fielder—Detroit Furnishes a Sensation—Billiard and Bowling News—Base Ball Gossip—Sporting Notes.

Ever since the close of the base ball season President Von der Ahe of the Browns has been scouring the country for two catchers, and since the release of Nicol to Cincinnati has been on the lookout for a fielder. One of the catchers was secured in the person of Jack Boyle, who had signed with Cincinnati, and was considered one of the best specimens of the "young blood" they had captured. The other catcher was signed last night by Mr. Von der Ahe. His name is John Schulz, and he is considered a promising man behind the bat. He will support Hudson on the Brown Stockings next season and Mr. Von der Ahe thinks the investment an excellent one. Schulz is a St. Louis boy. He has had one year of professional experience with the Western League. He caught Tebeau in the Leadville club and did creditable work. The Browns' new catcher is 21 years of age and weighs 140 pounds. He is now in the city and will remain here during the winter.

The only player left for Mr. Von der Ahe to sign is a fielder whose name he refuses to disclose, but who, he says, has a superfluity of "young blood" and will show up well as a youthful World's Champion. Mr. Von der Ahe will leave to-night for Louisville, and when asked the object of his trip to the town in which Guy Hecker lives, laughed audibly and replied that it was not to secure the other new player at all events.

The Detroit Sensation.

The rather startling announcement was made yesterday that Detroit would desert the League and enter the American Association. The reason given for the alleged contemplated move is that the management of the Wolverines is not pleased with the rejection of the 30-per-cent and the adoption of a $125-per-game guarantee system. Mr. Spalding is quoted as having said that he didn't care whether the Detroits go or stay. In reference to the matter, Mr. Von der Ahe said to-day that Cleveland is anxious to come into the Association and that there will be no room for Detroit. "I don't know," said he, "whether Detroit really wants to join or not, and I suppose that if they insisped we would let them in. I don't know, however, what will be done. We meet at the Grand Hotel in Cincinnati on Monday and then the whole thing will be settled."

A well-posted base ball man said this morning that he did not believe that Detroit would quit the League and that the present announcement is merely a "bluff" to frighten the League,

As to Salaries.

The published lists show that thus far only two of the Brown Stocking Club have been signed for next season, Comiskey and O'Neil. It is said that Comiskey has received a very fair increased over his salary of last year, and that Robinson has also been promised a nice little sum. Mr. Von der Ahe, of course, is as dumb as an oyster on this subject, and the information, therefore, does not come from him. Latham, the third baseman, still remains unsigned and the gossip has it that although the good-natured president has offered him a reasonable increase the sprinter is still holding off with a hope that the sum will be raised. Nearly all of the Brown's salaries, it is said, will be bettered, but it is impossible to ascertain which of the team will play at the old rates.

Arrived Too Late.

Manager Ted Sullivan has returned from a trip to the Northwest. He went up to secure Nagel, the Northwestern League catcher, intending to sign him for the Browns. When Ted arrived on the ground he found that Nagel had signed with the Oshkosh club at a date within the time prescribed for the Northwest by the National agreement, and came home empty handed.

Base Ball Briefs.

Smith of the Newarks ranks first of the Eastern League pitchers; Stovey of the Jersey Citys comes second, and Knowlton and Pyle of the Newarks third and fourth respectively.

Most of the Eastern League players are agreed that Leo Smith, short-stop of the Newarks, is one of the greatest in the country and but little, if any at all, inferior to Jack Glasscock.

The Louisville Club will open the championship season next year with four well-equipped batteries. They will be Ramsey and Kerins, Hecker and Cross, Chamberlain and Cook, Veach and Lafe Cross.

O'Rourke, says the Boston Globe, has returned to his studies at the Yale Law School. He goes over to New Haven from his home in Bridgeport every morning and returns at night. He thinks President Day of the New York Club made a great mistake when he agreed with Spalding that he would not try to strengthen his team by the addition of any Providence players.

Veach, the new Louisville pitcher, is very tricky, has good speed and possesses all the curves. His control of the ball is admirable, and his coolness at critical periods of the game is a part of his efficiency. He has been a pitcher for about five years, and is an experienced man in the art of swirling the ball. He has one drawback, however, and that is his past record as a contract-breaker and receiver of bribes. Veach is as slippery as an eel, and has been charged with selling games in several instances.

BILLIARDS.

Schaefer Proposes a Handicap Tournament —Talk Around the Balls.

The event which is now absorbing the attention of billiard men is the Slosson-Schaefer match which takes place a week from to-night. In speaking of his chances to a POST-DISPATCH reporter to-day the world's champion said: "I'm going to knock Slosson out sure. I hate the game of cushion carroms as much as anybody else does, but I suppose I've got to play it. It bars out every shot on the table and gives no satisfaction. Nevertheless I'm going to win this match and then there's only one thing left for us to do and that is to arrange a handicap tournament at balk line. No one will meet me at all even up, and I'm willing to let some good man who understands players' records fix up any handicap he desires. If Slosson doesn't want to take odds—you know he refused them last summer—let him play even and give the other a handicap." Jake's proposition is favorably regarded by all the other players and there is but little doubt that something of this kind will be done before the end of the present season.

Carroms.

Maggioli, Schaefer, Shaw, Reid and Frank Day have been indulging in pin pool of late. Nobody is a big loser as yet.

Billy Catton is anxious to play billiards with Tom Gallagher and a match between the two is not improbable in the near future.

Thatcher is one of the billiard players who have a fancy for seeing themselves in print. He writes specials for the Chicago News.

The three-cushion amateur tournament at the Grand will close next week. "Jonah" is in the lead and Sherman, Peters and Becker follow in the order named.

Carter and "Ping" have made a match at 18-ball pool for $250 a side. The terms are best 11 in 21 games. The match is to be played before December 15 at Roche's pool room.

But four more games are necessary to finish the handicap cushion tournament at Schaefer's. Reid plays Hamilton, Moide plays Knight, Maggioli plays Donovan and Shaw plays Reid. The score at present shows Maggioli tied with Moide for first place, each having won four games and lost one, with Hamilton, who has won three and lost two, in the second place.

It is said that Slosson is ready to back Thatcher against Maggioli at cushion carroms. When Thatcher was asked about the matter to-day he said: "When I want to make a match I never say that I do beforehand. I take my money, go to my man and plank it down. If he wants to play I'm ready, and if he doesn't I don't care. But you never hear me say a word." Thatcher is philosophical.

An amateur with the cue, who by the way has a national reputation, was speaking recently of Schaefer's playing. "The difference between Schaefer and the rest of us," said he, "lies in his quickness. You never know what he is going to do till it's all done. You stop and look at the balls and wonder how he is going to make the shot. While you're looking, away he goes, the balls roll all around the table, come back in the corner, the shot is made and you are fairly dazzled."

BOWLING.

The St. Louis Club Has a Lively Time—Gossip in the Alleys.

The St. Louis Bowling Club, one of the members of the Southern Association, consists of a jolly set of bowlers. The club has been prosperous of late, and, finding that its treasury was overloaded with money, decided to get rid of some of it in as pleasant a manner as possible. On Wednesday evening, therefore, the members met at Koerner's Garden and indulged in a bounteous spread. Mr. Fred. Miller sat at the head of the table and was master of ceremonies. Before the banquet began the members of the club divided into two sides. One called themselves the Reds and the other the Blues. A game of ten-pins was bowled which was won by the Blues by 113 pins. The score of the game was as follows:

REDS.

PLAYERS.	1	2	3	4	Averages.
Gus Bayer	278	212	240	256	246⅓
Ben Griesedieck	221	230	254	225	232⅔
Jos. Griesedieck	236	195	184	187	200⅔
Louis Miller	210	209	265	213	225
Oriel Fehl	211	175	164	202	175⅔
Ira W. Perry	174	225	154	221	192¾
Totals	1839	1240	1258	1304	5141

BLUES.

PLAYERS.	1	2	3	4	Averages.
H. Hafferkamp	268	300	247	241	264
Henry Aisen	207	272	203	211	198⅓
Chas. Wagner	297	246	222	170	233⅓
Ed Biedenstein	169	240	254	275	234⅓
H. Groveninger	210	190	171	214	196¾
B. J. Griesedieck	210	146	188	215	189¾
Totals	1861	1282	1285	1326	5254

Ten Strikes.

Among good individual scores this week at ten-pins was that of 298 by Mr. F. Fisher.

Mr. Charles Miller of the St. Louis Club is suffering with a broken finger. He received the injury while bowling at Koerner's Garden.

G. Garvan and H. Marshall bowled two games of soldiers, with the following result: Marshall, 146, 136, total, 282; Garvan, 138, 170, total, 328.

In five games of five-pins bowled at the Grand this week, F. Podde made 81, 82, 105, 113, 94, total 475, and P. Hill made 63, 94, 108, 110, 90, total 465.

Gott and Sprague are matched at ten-pins to-morrow at the Grand. The terms of the match are best three in five games, Gott to give Sprague 30 pins in each game.

Football.

The Western Football Club has disbanded and will not have a team in the field this winter.

George Rhodes and Joe Murphy have been working quietly for the past week endeavoring to make up a good eleven from the members of the Missouri Amateur Athletic Club and they have finally succeeded. The new aspirants for kicking honors will contest with the Thistle team to-morrow at 2:30 p. m. at Sportsman's Park.

The Thistles have made all necessary preparations for their trip to Chicago and will leave for that city next Wednesday evening. They have selected a strong team to fight the Chicago men. The positions of the Thistles will be guarded as follows: Goal, Dockerty; backs, Dick and Gilianders; half backs, Ross and Brough; forwards, Wynne, Schultz, La Blonde, Withers, Ring and Fulford.

The Secretary of the Chicago Foot-Ball Club has finally communicated the names and positions of the men his club will pit against the St. Louis contingent. They are: Goal, Bates; backs, John Kerr and A. Davis; half-backs, Rooker and J. Muntieth; forwards, A. Kerr, Dolf, Ramsley, F. Muntieth, Gilchrist and Broadhurst.

The Shamrock Foot Ball Club will play a match game at Union Park to-morrow morning at 10 a.m. sharp, when the captain will select his team for the coming season. All members will be present.

Sporting Gossip.

Manager John L. Stockwell of the Missouri Gymnasium is on the sick list.

C. C. Walton of the Missouri Pacific Road is on a duck hunt at O'Fallon, Ill.

Bennie Jones, the light-weight wrestler, claims the light-weight championship of the world at catch-as-catch-can and Greco-Roman styles.

John Purcell of Dublin, champion amateur jumper of the world, has hurt his leg and retires with the running long jump record of 23 feet 11½ inches.

Jack McCauliffe and Harry Gilmore have been matched to fight to a finish with kid gloves for the Holeke international light-weight championship belt, valued at $1,000. The fight is to take place between January 7 and 14, 1887, within 200 miles of Providence, R. I.

Jem Smith and Jack Knifton were to have fought in England on Lord Mayor's Day, but the police were keeping them both under surveillance. A determined effort was also being made by the police to suppress boxing at "licensed victualiers' clubs," or rather sparring, as a means of drawing trade to liquor saloons.

Billy Edwards is quoted as saying: "Sullivan is not only big and strong, but wonderfully quick, and there lies his power. It is a very unusual combination. In fact, Sullivan has all the attributes of a great fighter, except, possibly, one; that is pluck. He may have that, but we don't know it, as he has never yet met anybody who could test him in that direction."

W. W. Ruddock of Boston is building a racing shell for John Teemer. The craft will be 31½ feet long, 5¾ inches deep, and 11 inches beam. The dimensions of this boat differ from those of the last shell built by Ruddock for Teemer, which, while of the same length, was 6 inches deep and 10½ inches beam. Teemer is experimenting with a boat of less depth and more beam.

Fred A. Plaisted has returned to Portland from Saccarappa and resumed work with M. F. Davis for the winter. Davis has orders for 28 or 30 singles, including one for Hanlan, one for Gaudaur and one for Hosmer, and he also has an order for a double for two well-known professionals. Davis is also building an eight-oar shell which, it is claimed, is far superior in style and speed to any boat of its kind in the world.

Thomas Dean, known as the "Australian Wonder," met Mike Boden, the Canadian, in a glove contest at Clark's Monday evening. The Australian is a large, fierce-looking man, and is the one who challenged Sullivan two years ago. His movements were awkward and he showed little science. In the third round Boden knocked the "Wonder" through the ropes, and at the end of the round put him to sleep in the center of the stage with a couple of his heavy left-handed blows.—[Philadelphia Item.

LOCAL NEWS.

A dramatic and musical entertainment will be given at Loretto Academy on Thanksgiving afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The third annual entertainment and hop of the Mozart Council A. L. of H. will be held at the Pickwick Theater this evening.

The Post-Graduate Society met last night and admitted the following new members: Henry T. Kent, Jas. A. Fischer, John E. Kenny and Wm. A. Orr.

A masquerade surprise party was tendered to Mrs. A. J. Longenotti on the occasion of her birthday last Saturday evening at her residence, 1310½ Olive street.

A man named Dan Noonan had a quarrel with Lottie Clark, an inmate of 514 Clark avenue, last night, and struck her on the head with a blunt instrument, inflicting an ugly wound. He also cut a number of her dresses and then made his escape.

The Building Committee of the School Board met last evening. T. M. Murphy & Co. were given a contract to furnish water supplies for the Bryan school at $35. T. Devine, the former janitor of the Clinton Branch, was reinstated. Storm doors for the Carroll school were ordered.

Liebig Co's Coca Beef Tonic.

"My patients derive marked and decided benefit from it," says Professor J. M. CARNOCHAN, M. D., Professor Surgery, New York Medical College. For bad taste in the mouth, bad breath, heartburn, pain in stomach and bowels, flatulency, constipation (symptoms of dyspepsia and broken down digestion), it is invaluable. Also in biliousness, malaria, debility, liver complaints, sick headache.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Miss Clara Suss is having a charming visit at Fort Leavenworth.

Mrs. J. R. Ilsey of St. Joseph will make St. Louis her future home.

Miss Ada Elkins, a Kansas City belle, is visiting St. Louis friends.

Miss Lottie Willis has returned from a visit to relatives in Jefferson City.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Patterson are located for the winter at 2908 Pine street.

Miss Helen Grant left last week to visit her grandmother at Leavenworth.

Mrs. Gen. Carr leaves soon to join her husband at his post in New Mexico.

Miss Ruby Turnbull has returned from a visit to her uncle at Macon, Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason G. Smith have returned from a flying trip to Cincinnati.

Mrs. Thomas Rhodus is now occupying her new home, No. 3600 Olive street.

Dr. and Mrs. Millen are spending the winter months visiting the Pacific slope.

Mrs. Walter Scott is visiting New Mexico, instead of California, as announced.

Mrs. James Carstaphan has returned from a visit to her relatives in the interior.

Misses Annie and Jessie Flanders are visiting their grandmother, Mrs. Strong.

Oil and china painting taught at Woman's Exchange by Miss Z. C. Koschlowski.

Mrs. Morrison of Pine street is entertaining Misses Juliette and Lucille Wilkinson.

Mrs. R. Trevor has returned from a visit to Mrs. E. R. Jenette of Jacksonville, Ill.

Mrs. Christopher Branch has returned from a visit to Mrs. H. Kemp of Clinton, Mo.

Mrs. H. B. Davis spent last week with her parents, Judge and Mrs. P. C. Huggins.

Mrs. M. C. Matthews will leave soon for Los Angeles, which will be her future home.

Mr. George W. Powell arrived last week from Europe having spent six months abroad.

Miss Nellie R. West has returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Baker of Belleville, Ill.

Miss Mamie Charles of Jacksonville is enjoying the gayeties of the city with friends.

Miss Claudine Hunt has been entertaining Miss Jessie Prickett for the past few days.

Mrs. Charles Holden has returned from a short visit to her friends at Warrenton, Mo.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hatch have returned from a short visit to his relatives in Illinois.

Miss Nellie Shields has been spending a few days with her sister at Lindenwood Seminary.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Moulton are at home again after a flying visit to friends in the country.

The Oneida Club will give their second reception of the season at the Pickwick December 3.

Mr. Sam Churchill of Louisville, Ky., is visiting his sister, Mrs. Capt. Bryan of Locust street.

Mrs. Wm. F. Blow and Mrs. Webster have returned from a short visit to Mrs. Judge Snyder.

Miss Kate Du Puy has returned home after a visit of several weeks to relatives in Brunswick, Mo.

Mrs. Don Clark has returned from Kansas City, where she has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Luce.

The marriage of Miss Isabel Woods to Mr. Ben Edwards does not take place until late in the season.

Mrs. James Murphy and Miss Fannie Anderson have returned from a visit to friends in Illinois.

Miss Emily Meyers is in Belleville, having gone over to serve as bridesmaid to her friend, Miss Abend.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Van Houten of Delmar avenue gave a progressive euchre party on Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Dey M. Hough arrived on Thursday and are quartered at Hotel Beers on Grand avenue.

Mrs. Walter Coles has been entertaining Miss Louise Gillespie of Edwardsville during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence E. Rood of Hotel Beers have returned from a visit to his parents in the country.

Mrs. Liggett will give a handsome ball in compliment to her daughter, Miss Ella Liggett on the 27th.

Mrs. Nannie Wright and her daughter, Miss Annie Wright, are expected home the latter part of next week.

Mrs. Mason has returned from Barnstable, Mass., where she was called by the illness and death of her sister.

The Nemo Club gave their first party on Wednesday evening; a very delightful affair at Liederkranz Hall.

Miss Susie Glasgow will entertain the progressive euchre club of which she is a member next Monday evening.

Miss Sadie Davis has returned to her home at Bunker Hill, after a pleasant visit of a fortnight to St. Louis friends.

Mrs. Robert Floyd-Jones, with her handsome boy, returned this week from a visit to her cousin, Mrs. Tiernan.

Miss Mollie Clendennin of Baxter Springs has returned home after a visit of several weeks to St. Louis relatives.

Mrs. Gen. Larned and daughters are still in the country but expect to come into the city soon to spend the gay season.

Mrs. C. A. Dyas, who made a short visit to St. Louis friends, has returned to Columbia, where she will reside in future.

Mrs. Walter Thompson and her daughter, Miss Laura Thompson, spent last week with Mrs. S. G. Rogers at Pacific, Mo.

Mrs. Charles Cabanne gave an informal luncheon on Tuesday complimentary to her friend, Mrs Easton of Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. Peugnet of Franklin avenue will give the next entertainment at the Old Friends Club on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Dr. Wood, who has been spending several weeks with her St. Louis relatives, has returned to her home at Jonesboro.

Mrs. B. B. Blue and daughters have returned from Virginia and are located on Locust street, near Twenty-seventh.

Miss Fannie Scott, who has been spending the past few weeks with Miss Ada Alexander, has returned to her home in Arkansas.

Mrs. Judge Bowlin has been spending the week with her granddaughter, Miss Alberta Gallatin (Jenkins), at the Lindell Hotel.

Notices of weddings and receptions should be sent in as early as possible to No. 2433 Pine street in order to receive prompt attention.

Miss May Elize Adams gave a progressive euchre party on Tuesday evening, at which there were quite a number of guests present.

Cards have been issued for the marriage of Miss Isabelle Wiseman to Mr. Given Hagey, which takes place on Wednesday, December 1.

Miss Marie Bright Haldeman's progressive euchre party, which was to have taken place on Thursday, has been postponed till the 27th.

Mr. and Mrs. Archer Anderson, nee Nannie Pittman, will return to-morrow morning from their visit to his relatives near Richmond, Va.

Mme. Kennard has gotten up a private class in dancing for young ladies which meets at her residence. There are twenty-four members.

Misses Mamie and Eloise Bissell and their guest from California will receive on Thursdays with her sister, Mrs. White, of Chestnut street.

The invitations to the party announced to be given by Mrs. Mamiit on Monday next has been withdrawn, owing to the death of Mrs. Gratiot.

Miss Minnie Russell, the talented elocutionist, is enjoying the gayeties of Kansas City while visiting her friend, Miss Garnett of Hamilton Hill.

Miss Mary Dodd of Orange, N. J., who came on to attend the Blossom-Kimber wedding, is still in the city, the guest of her cousin, Mr. Mark Dodd.

Mrs. Geo. B. Eastin of Louisville, Ky., after a fortnight spent delightfully with her mother, Mrs. Virginia Castleman, returned on Friday to her home.

Miss Mary Aull, who came on to attend the marriage of her brother, Mr. Robert Aull, has returned to Philadelphia, where she resides with her brother.

Mr. and Mrs. Dey M. Hough, who are now visiting relatives in New York, are expected in St. Louis about the 20th. They have apartments at Hotel Beers.

Mrs. W. L. B. G. Allen and Mrs. Wm. Beaumont Smith will hold informal "At Homes" Tuesday afternoons and evenings during November and December.

Miss Lucy Clayton is visiting Chicago before returning to her home in Arkansas. She was delightfully entertained while here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Kerens.

Miss Katie Pittman of Sherman, Tex., and Miss Annie Daviess of Harrodsburg, Ky., left on Friday to spend a week with their cousin, Mrs. Wm. P. Bradshaw.

The ladies of the Young Women's Auxiliary of the Training School held a meeting on Tuesday for reorganization. The class for young matrons bids fair to be quite large and interesting. There is no place in the United States where the young married ladies take the same interest in the culinary art that they do in St. Louis.

Mrs. Gen. Davidson left this week for a short trip to New Orleans. She will return to St. Louis before going back to Washington, where she will spend the winter.

Mrs. Robert D. Filley gathered together all of this season's debutantes for the ball which she gave on Thursday evening in honor of her sister, Miss Marie Hopkins.

Miss Kelly of Stamford, Conn., is expected soon to spend several months with her mother, Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison, who will give an elegant ball in December.

Miss Mamie Eaton, granddaughter of Dr. Moses, made her debut at Miss Marie Hopkins' party on Thursday evening. She is pretty and petite and altogether charming.

Mr. and Mrs. Vaughn, nee Clara Jacobs, who have been making a tour of the West, are expected soon to visit her parents en route for their home in New York.

Mrs. Dr. Washington has returned from the East where she has spent the past two months, chiefly in New York. She made a short visit to Old Point Comfort en route home.

The ladies of Carondelet are arranging to give an entertainment before the holidays for the benefit of their Library Association. Interest and pleasure will be combined.

Miss Carrie Cairnes, the guest of Miss Crane, is visiting Chicago, but will return before the holidays. It is rumored that she will serve as bridemaid for a friend in the early New Year.

Mrs. W. D. Griswold and Mrs. Huntingdon Smith have issued "At Home" cards for Wednesday, November 24, from 8 to 6 o'clock, to meet Mrs. Heber May of Washington, D. C.

Letters have been received from Mrs. Hugh L. McElroy, who is now traveling in Ireland and Scotland. She will spend several months in Europe visiting all of the principal points.

Miss Elize Papin, the pretty debutante of this season, will not go to New Orleans as stated, but will remain in St. Louis. She made her formal debut at Miss Marie Hopkins' ball.

A progressive euchre party was given on Monday evening at the residence of Mrs. Mason by Miss Julia Vion, complimentary to her niece, Mrs. Buerthe of New Orleans, nee Papin.

Mrs. Pendleton Gaines, nee Gussie Evans, has returned from a visit to Kansas City and is making a little stay with her parents on Compton Hill before returning to her home in Texas.

A very delightful surprise party was given to Miss Anna Boyd on Monday night, when a number of her young friends took the house and music and dancing reigned supreme till midnight.

Senator Cockrell and family have gone on to Washington for the winter. They were accompanied by her mother, Mrs. E. B. Ewing, who will spend the winter there with her daughters.

Mrs. Archie Craig of Kirkwood, who has been confined to her room for the past ten months by serious illness, is greatly improved in health and will soon be able to join her circle of friends.

Miss Janet Ewing, the sweet singer who spent last winter with her cousin, Miss Wilkinson, has been visiting Boonville where she rendered assistance at a sacred concert, given by the M. E. Church.

A very interesting class in dancing is the "Rusty Club," a party of young married ladies who meet for a couple of hours each week to polish up in the almost forgotten arts. They keep it a secret, however.

The Thursday German gave their first ball of the season this week at the Germania Club; a very successful and brilliant affair. This club is composed of twenty-five of the junior members of the Germania, who invite their guests.

The wedding and visiting cards executed by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust, excite universal admiration for their elegance. They only charge $1 for 100 visiting cards from plate and cut; $1.50 for 100 cards and finely engraved copper plate.

Among the interesting debutantes of this season is Miss Frances von W. Lingenfelder, a pretty young German, who has just returned from Europe, where she has been spending the past few years pursuing her studies, having paid special attention to music. She will be chaperoned by Mrs. Henry Overstolz.

Among the guests at Mrs. Allen's reception this week were Miss Alberta Gallatin, the talented young actress, who will be pleasantly remembered as one of the West End belles of a couple of years ago. She is very handsome and makes a pleasing impression on the stage. At Mrs. Allen's she wore a handsome reception dress of black Lyons velvet, enriched with jet.

A wedding of interest in St. Louis social circles last week was that of Miss Nina Kearney, daughter of Gen. Phil. Kearney, the gallant soldier who was killed while leading his troops at the battle of Chantilly, to Lieut. Ridgely Hunt of the United States Navy, son of the Secretary of the Navy under Garfield's Administration. The marriage was performed with great ceremony at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Upsher, wife of Admiral Upsher of the navy.

The ball to be given by the Bull's Eye Club at the Fair Grounds Club-house next Wednesday evening promises to be the great social event of the season. There are twelve members belonging to this club, and they have made most elaborate preparations for the coming event. The following ladies have consented to act as chaperones on this occasion: Mrs. R. D. Francis, Mrs. Mary F. Scanlan, Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison, Mrs. A. J. Lindsay, Mrs. Frank Hirschberg, Mrs. John Whitaker, Mrs. Edward Mallinckrodt, Mrs. R. E. Filley, Mrs. Pierre Chouteau, Mrs. A. J. Knapp and Mrs. Dr. McLellaud. Dancing will commence at 9 o'clock.

The Compton Hill German, one of the new organizations springing from the Old Friends' Club of last season, was entertained on Wednesday evening by Miss May Prather of Chouteau avenue. It was a charming inauguration of the gay season for the South Side, and invitations for the remaining four parties will be eagerly sought for. According to the club the favors were furnished by the ladies, each one preparing two dozen favors, all of them particularly beautiful. Mr. James Francisous, one of the most accomplished beaux in society, led the german, in which twenty couples participated. Among the ladies present were Misses Prather, Katharine and Marion Lindsay, Mamie Morrison, Miss Franciscus, Miss Pope, Miss Fletcher, Miss Orr, Miss Sellner, Miss Carton, Miss Nellie Knapp, Miss Norcom, Miss Juliet Wilkerson, Miss Bailey and Miss Annie Allen. Among the gentlemen were Messrs. Orr, Cowen, Beal, Haydel, Lindsay, Benoist, Valle, Von Phul, Haarstick and Thatcher. The club will be entertained two weeks hence by Misses Lindsay.

On Thursday Mrs. Walter S. Bartley gave a luncheon in honor of Mrs. F. K. Walker, who has recently returned from Europe. The table was beautifully decorated with fruits and flowers, a tall pyramid occupying the center of the table formed of pears, oranges, bananas and California grapes, was crowned with a large bunch of chrysanthemums of every hue. Covers were laid for ten persons, and a delicious menu was served in courses. Mrs. Bartley wore a handsome gown of steel gray gros grain, made with long pleated draperies separated by panels of Bordeaux velvet, the frills of duchess lace at her throat caught by an antique pin. Miss Walker wore a parisian dress of black gros grain covered with flounces and draperies of chantilly lace. The high-cut corsage was filled with a soft pouf of lace in front, and the deep points were outlined by broad bands of jet passementerie, with long jet pendants. She wore amethysts as her throat. Mrs. Ezra Linley wore a very handsome gown of deep red satin merveilleux combined with a deeper tone of velvet, of which the panels and garniture of the waist were formed; duchess lace at the throat, caught by a diamond brooch and solitaires in her ears. Mrs. Linley's guest, Mrs. Woodford, wore black satin de Lyon, richly trimmed in jet with lace and diamonds. Mrs. Foster of Chestnut street wore a very handsome toilette of velvet brocade, combined with faille, a corsage bouquet of roses. Mrs. De Montague wore a very distingue toilette of pistache green faille with panels of striped plush of the same shade. Mrs. Geo. C. Thompson wore black satin with par dessus of black Spanish guipuire lace, duchess lace at the throat, confined by an antique brooch, the portrait on ivory of her father.

A DEFEATED candidate may laugh, For Strauss will take his photograph.

Remember the Girls.

The lady managers of the Girls' Industrial Home have issued an appeal to the friends and patrons of the Home for Thanksgiving donations of money, provisions or clothing. A committee will be in attendance at the Home, 718 North Eighteenth street, Wednesday and Thursday to receive such contributions.

DYSPEPTICS call and see the effect of cooking food with an abundant supply of oxygen. No. 411 North Fourth street.

UNDER OATH!

HIS DREAM.

A SUFFERER from NEURALGIA & CATARRHAL COLDS

SWEARS TO THE MERITS OF

"Carbolic Smoke-Ball!"

THE REMEDY THAT NEVER FAILS!

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"Carbolic Smoke-Ball" Co.—Gentlemen: I cheerfully bear witness to the wonderful effects of the Smoke-Ball in the treatment and radical cure of Neuralgia and Catarrhal Colds. Before taking the first treatment I was quite skeptical, but was convinced in ten minutes that the Smoke-Ball would penetrate to the roots of the disease. The Neuralgia, from which I had suffered for many days, was removed, and has not returned, and my cold cured in two or three days.

From personal experience with ordinary medical treatment, as a medical student in hospitals, etc., I can testify that the "Carbolic Smoke-Ball" is not only the most efficient, but the most scientific method of treatment, and will accomplish the desired end in every case, where properly applied. ROB'T R. BRUCE,
4400 McPherson Avenue.

(Seal.) Sworn to and subscribed before me, this seventeenth day of November, A. D. 1886. R. J. DELANO, Notary Public.

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Sold only in Bottles with Buff Wrappers. See that Strip over Cork is Unbroken.

Our Trade-Mark around every bottle. In sickness

EVERY DROP IS WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.

Sprains, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Soreness, Rheumatism, Boils, Ulcers, Old Sores, Toothache, Headache, Sore Throat, Asthma, Hoarseness, Neuralgia, Catarrh, etc., etc., etc.

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The LEARNED and EMINENT SCHOLAR, Andrew D. White, President of Cornell University, Ithica, N. Y., writes under date December 2, 1884:

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ALEXANDER'S Medical Preparations are unrivaled.
ALEXANDER'S BEEF, IRON, WINE and PEPSIN, a Nutritive Tonic. Valuable in cases of Dyspepsia, Nervous Depression and Loss of Appetite.
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ALEXANDER'S BALSAMIC CREAM, an elegant preparation for the face and hands, making them smooth and soft.
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PERFUMERY and FANCY TOILET ARTICLES.

Prescriptions accurately prepared by competent apothecaries, under the supervision of M. W. Alexander, graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

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Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Want of Pleasure in Life, Want of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Safely, privately. Curable cases guaranteed.

Blood Impurities and Blood Poisoning, Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin and Bones, Blotches, Eruptions, Old Sores and Ulcers, Painful Swellings, Bone Pains, Falling Hair, From whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system, by means of safe, time-tested remedies. Stiff and swollen joints and rheumatism, the result of blood poisoning, positively cured.

Unnatural discharges promptly cured without nauseous drugs, privately, safely.

Catarrh, Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases, Constitutional and Acquired Weaknesses of Both Sexes treated successfully; also Piles

It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill. Age and Experience are important. In this oldest office in America every known appliance is resorted to and the PROVED-GOOD REMEDIES of all ages and countries are used. My charges for medicines are as low as can be made. I use only the best. Very cheap medicines are dangerous and useless; avoid them. On account of the great number of cases applying, the charges are kept low, often lower than is demanded by others, and knowing what to do. NO EXPERIMENTS ARE MADE. If you secure the skill and get a speedy and perfect cure, that is the important matter.

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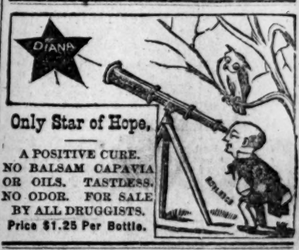

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